

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 40.840, 336.292)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 40.840, 336.292)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(68, 40.756, 336.275)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(68, 40.756, 336.275)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA8DC4
RGB	218, 141, 196
RGB Percent	85%, 55%, 77%
CMY	0.1448, 0.4468, 0.2311
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.10, 0.14
HSL	317°, 51%, 70%
HSV	317°, 35%, 86%
XYZ	48.4383, 37.9720, 57.0391
YIQ	170.2930, 28.2370, 33.4290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

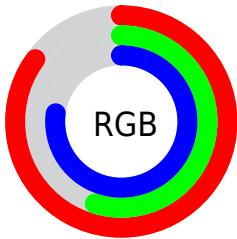
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 141, 196
Decimal	14323140
CIE Lab	68.00, 37.31, -16.40
CIE LCh	68, 40.756, 336.275
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3377, 0.2647
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292513220 (0xFFDA8DC4)
YUV	170.2930, 12.6736, 41.8390
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 32.4747, -11.7460

# Details

The CIELCh color  $68, 40.756, 336.275$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $81, 40.350, 150.759$ , and the grayscale version is  $70, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86, 36.169, 326.650$ , and  $48, 40.778, 336.498$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63, 51.724, 337.119$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $73, 29.288, 335.488$ .

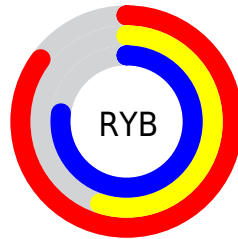
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (55%)

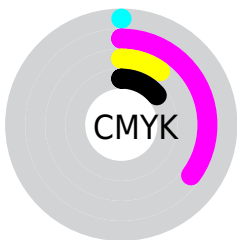
Blue (77%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (77%)

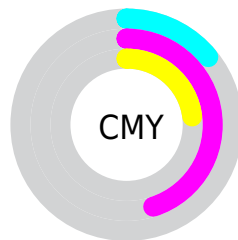


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (45%)


Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 40.756, 336.275 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 40.756, 336.275 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 68, 40.756,  
336.275


 68, 40.756,  
336.275


 100, 40.756,  
336.275


 58, 40.756,  
336.275


 88, 40.756,  
336.275

 48, 40.756,  
336.275

 98, 40.756,  
336.275

 38, 40.756,  
336.275

 28, 40.756,  
336.275

 18, 40.756,  
336.275

 8, 40.756, 336.275

 0, 40.756, 336.275

68, 40.756,  
336.275

68, 40.756,  
336.275

63, 51.724,  
337.119

73, 29.288,  
335.488

59, 61.760,  
338.036

78, 17.656,  
334.745

55, 70.326,  
339.054

84, 6.081, 334.013

52, 76.867,  
340.215

90, 5.296, 153.484

50, 80.954,  
341.581

96, 16.392,  
152.821

49, 82.466,  
343.222

97, 17.083,  
158.266

49, 82.615,  
344.071

97, 15.092,  
167.225

97, 13.544,  
178.497

■ 97, 12.609,  
191.989

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 40.756, 336.275



81, 40.350, 150.759

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 40.756, 336.275



68, 40.756, 26.275



68, 40.756, 156.275



68, 40.756, 206.275

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 40.753, 336.276



93, 14.363, 334.440



63, 43.791, 303.745



49, 9.660, 334.538



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 40.753, 336.276



75, 54.666, 336.864



67, 31.626, 6.167



43, 6.551, 334.320



39, 69.832, 343.752



6, 28.294, 340.452



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 40.753, 336.276



75, 54.666, 336.864



82, 27.448, 178.583



43, 6.551, 334.320



39, 69.832, 343.752

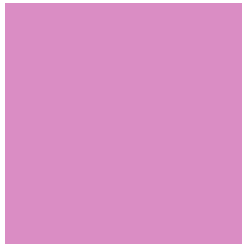


6, 28.294, 340.452



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 40.756, 336.275 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

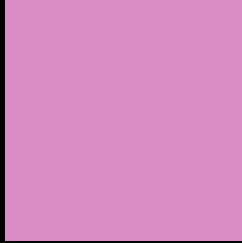
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 40.756, 336.275 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

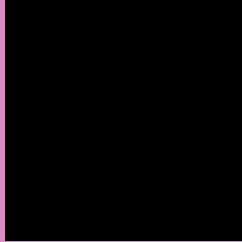
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 68, 40.756, 336.275

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 40.756, 336.275.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 40.756, 336.275.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
68, 26.736, 9.244

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 40.756, 336.275



**Protanomaly**  
68, 28.679, 307.513



**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 24.682, 321.090



**Tritanomaly**  
68, 30.463, 353.783

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 40.756, 336.275



**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
68, 15.235, 334.708

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 40.756, 336.275 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 141, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 141, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 141, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 141, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 40.756, 336.275 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

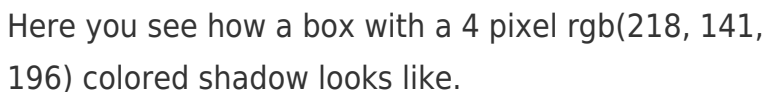
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 141, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 141, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 141, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 141, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 141, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 141,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 40.756, 336.275 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 141, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
141, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor