

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 43.339, 249.331)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 43.339, 249.331)
contains.

CIELCh(68, 43.325, 249.429)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(68, 43.325, 249.429)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1DB1EE
RGB	29, 177, 238
RGB Percent	11%, 69%, 93%
CMY	0.8875, 0.3050, 0.0658
CMYK	0.88, 0.26, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	197°, 86%, 52%
HSV	197°, 88%, 93%
XYZ	31.7277, 37.9720, 86.7221
YIQ	139.7020, -107.7890, -12.4050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

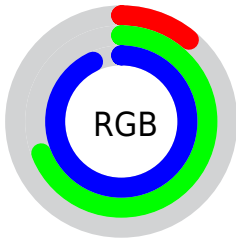
Format	Color
R _Y B	29, 116, 238
Decimal	1946094
CIE Lab	68.00, -15.22, -40.56
CIE LCh	68, 43.325, 249.429
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2028, 0.2428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280136174 (0xFF1DB1EE)
YUV	139.7020, 48.4609, -97.0857
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -15.9314, -40.3059

Details

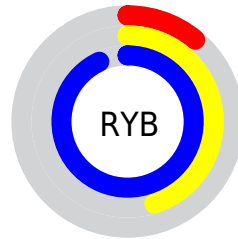
The CIELCh color **68, 43.325, 249.429** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **58, 81.547, 47.777**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 34.365, 217.248**, and **49, 39.178, 259.459** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 45.714, 254.328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 40.603, 245.156**.

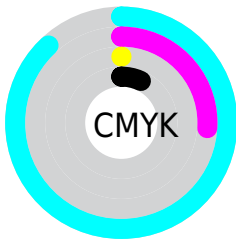
Distribution



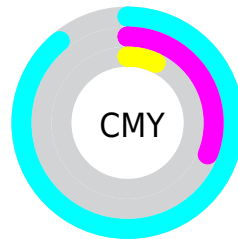
- Red (11%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)





- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 43.325, 249.429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 43.325, 249.429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 43.325,
249.429


 68, 43.325,
249.429


 100, 43.325,
249.429


 58, 43.325,
249.429


 88, 43.325,
249.429

 48, 43.325,
249.429

 98, 43.325,
249.429

 38, 43.325,
249.429

 28, 43.325,
249.429

 18, 43.325,
249.429

 8, 43.325, 249.429

 0, 43.325, 249.429

■ 68, 43.325,
249.429

■ 68, 43.325,
249.429

■ 66, 45.714,
254.328

■ 70, 40.603,
245.156

■ 65, 46.208,
255.335

■ 73, 37.352,
241.586

■ 76, 33.473,
238.679

■ 79, 28.945,
236.353

■ 82, 23.801,
234.514

■ 85, 18.110,
233.072

■ 88, 11.956,
231.954

■ 91, 5.424, 231.128

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 43.325, 249.429



58, 81.547, 47.777

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 43.325, 249.429



68, 43.325, 299.429



68, 43.325, 69.429



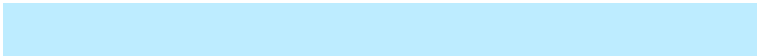
68, 43.325, 119.429

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 43.324, 249.430



91, 17.891, 232.841



83, 95.464, 142.598



47, 12.003, 233.281



0, 0.000, 0.000



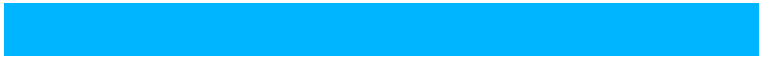
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 43.324, 249.430



70, 48.732, 255.539



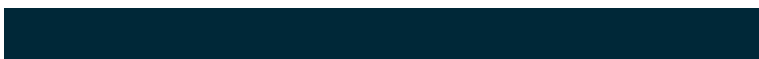
40, 97.541, 298.970



48, 3.877, 231.231



51, 37.733, 254.422



14, 15.616, 246.370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 87.021, 342.400



57, 92.491, 344.658



80, 77.669, 88.095



47, 7.021, 334.544



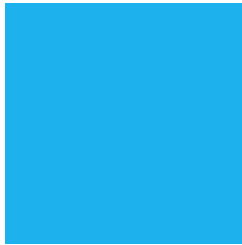
41, 72.542, 344.227



9, 32.544, 341.399

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 43.325, 249.429 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

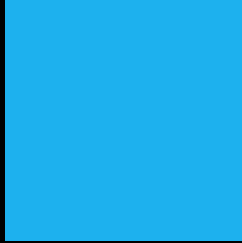
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 43.325, 249.429 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

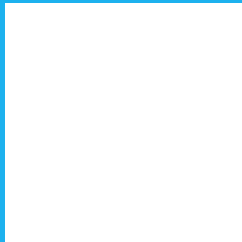
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 43.325, 249.429

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 43.325, 249.429.



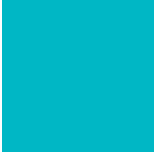
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 43.325, 249.429.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 37.707, 208.609

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 43.290, 249.490



Protanomaly
67, 37.645, 265.206



Deuteranomaly
67, 42.964, 267.648



Tritanomaly
68, 37.678, 224.352

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 43.290, 249.490



Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
61, 20.824, 235.021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 43.325, 249.429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 177, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 177, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 177, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 177, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 43.325, 249.429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 177, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 177, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 177, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 177, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 177, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 177,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 43.325, 249.429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 177, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 177,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor