

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 46.468, 280.607)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 46.468, 280.607)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 46.468, 280.607)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CA5F8
RGB	124, 165, 248
RGB Percent	49%, 65%, 97%
CMY	0.5137, 0.3529, 0.0275
CMYK	0.50, 0.33, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	220°, 90%, 73%
HSV	220°, 50%, 97%
XYZ	38.7100, 37.9720, 94.0948
YIQ	162.2030, -51.0790, 17.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

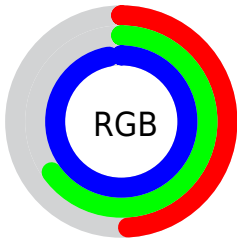
Format	Color
RYB	124, 155, 248
Decimal	8168952
CIELab	68.00, 8.55, -45.67
CIELCh	68, 46.468, 280.607
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2267, 0.2223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286359032 (0xFF7CA5F8)
YUV	162.2030, 42.2979, -33.5040
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 4.2945, -47.3997

Details

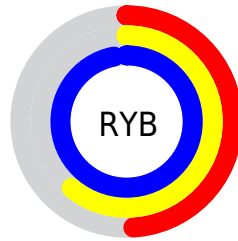
The CIELCh color **68, 46.468, 280.607** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **85, 46.569, 84.654**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 21.598, 257.596**, and **48, 46.157, 280.331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 56.327, 283.458**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 36.834, 278.138**.

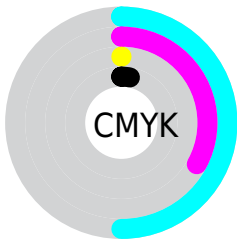
Distribution



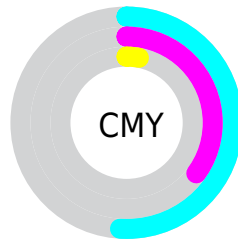
- Red (49%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 46.468, 280.607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 46.468, 280.607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 46.468,
280.607


 68, 46.468,
280.607

 100, 46.468,
280.607


 58, 46.468,
280.607


 88, 46.468,
280.607

 48, 46.468,
280.607

 98, 46.468,
280.607

 38, 46.468,
280.607

 28, 46.468,
280.607

 18, 46.468,
280.607

 8, 46.468, 280.607

 0, 46.468, 280.607

■ 68, 46.468,
280.607

■ 68, 46.468,
280.607

■ 62, 56.327,
283.458

■ 74, 36.834,
278.138

■ 57, 66.458,
286.682

■ 80, 27.390,
276.023

■ 52, 76.875,
290.207

■ 86, 18.112,
274.221

■ 47, 87.492,
293.878

■ 92, 8.986, 272.693

■ 98, 0.010, 301.614

■ 42, 98.039,
297.413

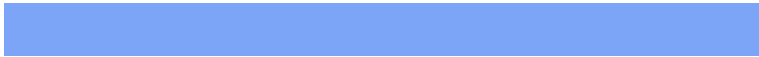
■ 100, 3.539,
109.892

■ 42, 98.042,
297.414

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 46.468, 280.607



85, 46.569, 84.654

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 46.468, 280.607



68, 46.468, 330.607



68, 46.468, 100.607



68, 46.468, 150.607

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 46.467, 280.607



91, 13.841, 273.428



90, 45.261, 168.171



47, 9.459, 273.756



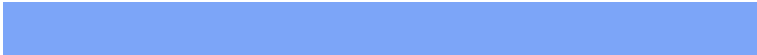
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 46.467, 280.607



64, 57.620, 283.486



59, 70.231, 301.885



49, 5.139, 272.624



32, 78.459, 296.805



8, 30.721, 291.373

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 51.555, 0.536



64, 62.555, 2.849



94, 61.654, 113.149



49, 5.661, 354.719



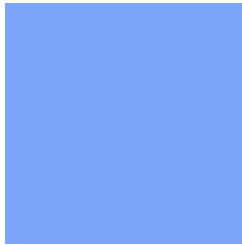
40, 69.020, 18.389



9, 30.494, 9.897

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 46.468, 280.607 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

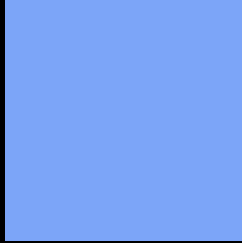
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 46.468, 280.607 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

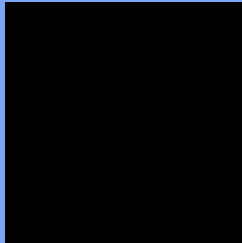
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

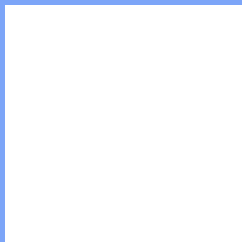
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 46.468, 280.607

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 46.468, 280.607.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 46.468, 280.607.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68, 46.468, 280.607

Protanopia

68, 46.493, 285.891

Deuteranopia

68, 46.853, 282.079



Tritanopia
68, 23.193, 218.855

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 46.468, 280.607

Protanomaly
68, 46.656, 283.948

Deuteranomaly
68, 46.897, 281.783

Tritanomaly
68, 27.549, 252.194

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 46.468, 280.607

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 17.213, 274.515

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 46.468, 280.607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 165, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 165, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 165, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 165, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 46.468, 280.607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 165, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 165, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 165, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 165, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 165, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 165,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 46.468, 280.607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 165, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
165, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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