

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 49.202, 271.500)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 49.202, 271.500)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 48.928, 271.122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 5AAAFE |
| RGB | 90, 170, 254 |
| RGB Percent | 35%, 67%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.6481, 0.3342, 0.0048 |
| CMYK | 0.65, 0.33, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 211°, 99%, 67% |
| HSV | 211°, 65%, 100% |
| XYZ | 36.3785, 37.9720, 98.9851 |
| YIQ | 155.6560, -74.6440, 9.1640 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

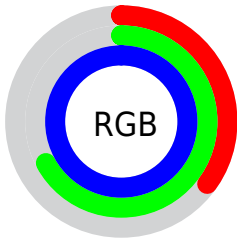
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 90, 144, 254 |
| Decimal | 5942014 |
| CIE Lab | 68.00, 0.96, -48.92 |
| CIE LCh | 68, 48.928, 271.122 |
| Yxy | 37.9720, 0.2099, 0.2191 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284132094 (0xFF5AAAFE) |
| YUV | 155.6560, 48.4836, -57.5803 |
| Hunter-Lab | 61.6215, -2.4591, -52.1049 |

Details

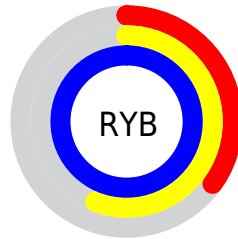
The CIELCh color **68, 48.928, 271.122** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **77, 58.045, 68.261**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 26.306, 235.309**, and **48, 48.791, 272.729** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 56.181, 274.966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 41.645, 267.771**.

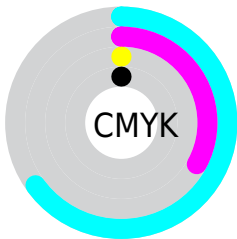
Distribution



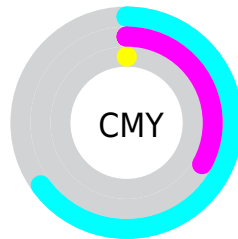
- Red (35%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 48.928, 271.122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 48.928, 271.122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 48.928,
271.122

 68, 48.928,
271.122

 100, 48.928,
271.122

 58, 48.928,
271.122


 88, 48.928,
271.122

 48, 48.928,
271.122

 98, 48.928,
271.122

 38, 48.928,
271.122

 28, 48.928,
271.122

 18, 48.928,
271.122

 8, 48.928, 271.122

 0, 48.928, 271.122

68, 48.928,
271.122

68, 48.928,
271.122

64, 56.181,
274.966

73, 41.645,
267.771

59, 63.510,
279.233

77, 34.269,
264.909

55, 71.024,
283.763

82, 26.771,
262.493

54, 75.171,
286.156

87, 19.153,
260.466

92, 11.433,
258.772

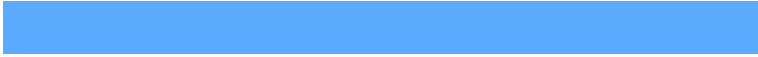
97, 3.639, 257.412

100, 0.612,
110.006

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



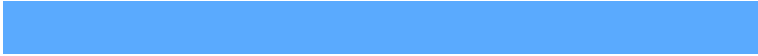
68, 48.928, 271.122



77, 58.045, 68.261

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 48.928, 271.122



68, 48.928, 321.122



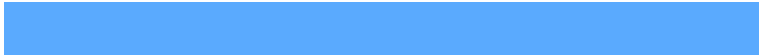
68, 48.928, 91.122



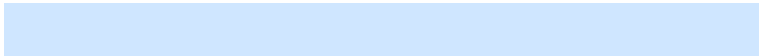
68, 48.928, 141.122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 48.927, 271.123



90, 14.871, 259.474



90, 66.425, 156.005



47, 10.220, 259.965



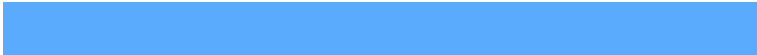
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 48.927, 271.123



62, 58.862, 276.368



48, 94.923, 300.797



51, 4.469, 258.023



41, 59.723, 285.341



12, 24.252, 278.882

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 69.548, 352.522



58, 78.776, 355.850



97, 77.523, 104.240



50, 6.332, 345.067



41, 68.136, 3.260



10, 31.761, 357.474

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 48.928, 271.122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

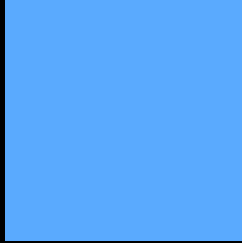
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 48.928, 271.122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

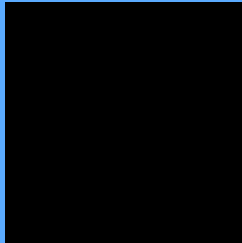
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

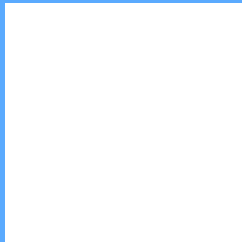
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 48.928, 271.122

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 48.928, 271.122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 48.928, 271.122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
68, 48.928, 271.122

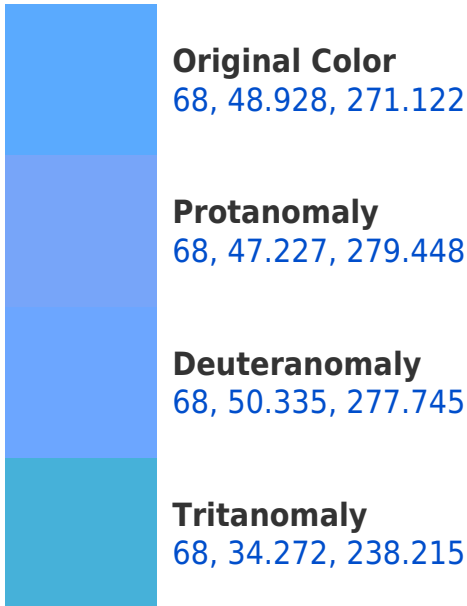
Protanopia
68, 47.092, 285.434

Deuteranopia
68, 50.892, 281.268

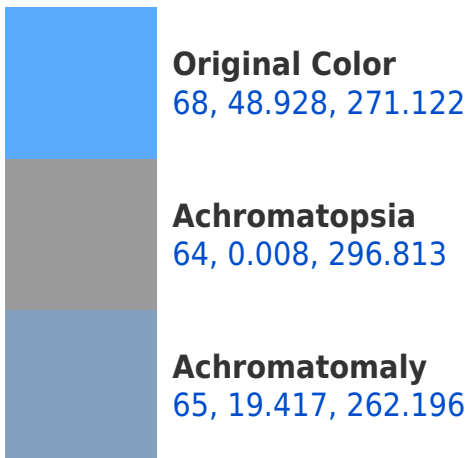


Tritanopia
68, 33.251, 211.559

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 48.928, 271.122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 170, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 170, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 170, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 170, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 48.928, 271.122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 170, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 170, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 170, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 170, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 170, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 170,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 48.928, 271.122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 170, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 170,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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