

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 50.465, 146.949)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 50.465, 146.949)
contains.

CIELCh(68, 50.432, 146.980)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(68, 50.432, 146.980)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EB872
RGB	94, 184, 114
RGB Percent	37%, 72%, 45%
CMY	0.6306, 0.2776, 0.5522
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.38, 0.28
HSL	133°, 39%, 55%
HSV	133°, 49%, 72%
XYZ	24.8653, 37.9720, 21.9923
YIQ	149.1100, -31.1700, -40.8500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

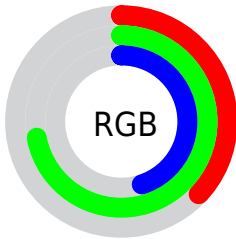
Format	Color
RYB	94, 168, 184
Decimal	6207602
CIELab	68.00, -42.29, 27.48
CIElCh	68, 50.432, 146.980
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2931, 0.4476
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284397682 (0xFF5EB872)
YUV	149.1100, -17.3092, -48.3315
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -35.8098, 21.9748

Details

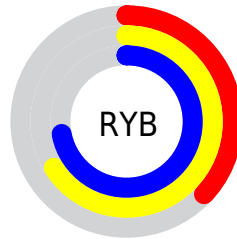
The CIELCh color **68, 50.432, 146.980** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **53, 50.455, 334.636**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 50.930, 146.893**, and **48, 50.364, 147.072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 59.722, 145.663**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 40.540, 148.133**.

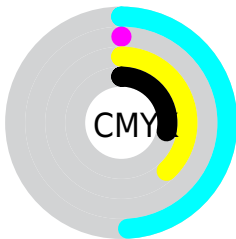
Distribution



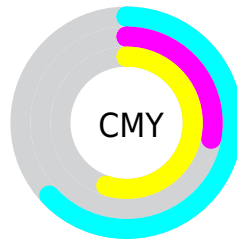
- Red (37%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 50.432, 146.980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 50.432, 146.980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 50.432,
146.980


 68, 50.432,
146.980


 100, 50.432,
146.980


 58, 50.432,
146.980


 88, 50.432,
146.980

 48, 50.432,
146.980

 98, 50.432,
146.980

 38, 50.432,
146.980

 28, 50.432,
146.980

 18, 50.432,
146.980

 8, 50.432, 146.980

 0, 50.432, 146.980

■ 68, 50.432,
146.980

■ 68, 50.432,
146.980

■ 67, 59.722,
145.663

■ 69, 40.540,
148.133

■ 66, 68.185,
144.183

■ 70, 30.256,
149.135

■ 66, 75.610,
142.564

■ 72, 19.773,
150.003

■ 66, 81.814,
140.862

■ 73, 9.250, 150.765

■ 65, 86.716,
139.218

■ 75, 1.189, 331.130

■ 65, 87.209,
139.057

■ 77, 11.449,
331.917

■ 79, 21.468,
332.422

■ 81, 31.203,
332.861

■ 83, 39.585,
331.147

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 50.432, 146.980



53, 50.455, 334.636

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 50.432, 146.980



68, 50.432, 196.980



68, 50.432, 326.980



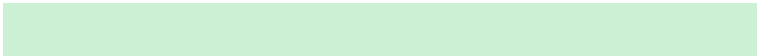
68, 50.432, 16.980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 50.433, 146.980



92, 19.457, 150.288



72, 47.796, 115.493



48, 13.275, 150.124



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 50.433, 146.980



85, 73.972, 145.505



69, 33.514, 171.964



38, 5.900, 150.731



56, 76.541, 139.294



8, 16.875, 149.250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 50.455, 334.636



63, 73.221, 335.506



51, 39.139, 3.590



36, 5.920, 331.866



35, 67.454, 339.345



3, 15.071, 335.070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 50.432, 146.980 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 50.432, 146.980 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 50.432, 146.980

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 50.432, 146.980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 50.432, 146.980.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
68, 50.432, 146.980

Protanopia
68, 32.589, 96.165

Deuteranopia
68, 26.424, 71.330



Tritanopia
68, 21.374, 219.254

Trichromacy



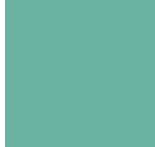
Original Color
68, 50.432, 146.980



Protanomaly
67, 35.414, 122.936



Deuteranomaly
67, 27.495, 115.988



Tritanomaly
68, 26.415, 177.636

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 50.432, 146.980



Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
64, 19.379, 149.549

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 50.432, 146.980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 184, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 184, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 184, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 184, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 50.432, 146.980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 184, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 184, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 184, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 184, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 184, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 184,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 50.432, 146.980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 184, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 184,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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