

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 50.571, 260.583)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 50.571, 260.583)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 50.355, 260.273)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	13AFFF
RGB	19, 175, 255
RGB Percent	7%, 69%, 100%
CMY	0.9269, 0.3141, 0.0004
CMYK	0.93, 0.31, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 100%, 54%
HSV	200°, 93%, 100%
XYZ	33.6064, 37.9720, 100.0811
YIQ	137.4760, -118.6560, -8.1920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

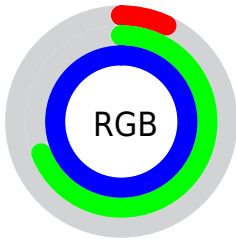
Format	Color
R _Y B	19, 113, 255
Decimal	1290239
CIE Lab	68.00, -8.51, -49.63
CIE LCh	68, 50.355, 260.273
Yxy	37.9720, 0.1958, 0.2212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279480319 (0xFF13AFFF)
YUV	137.4760, 57.9393, -103.9035
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -10.4891, -53.1595

Details

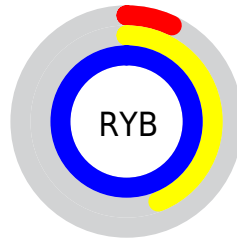
The CIELCh color **68, 50.355, 260.273** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **62, 88.145, 50.050**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 33.841, 220.585**, and **50, 46.847, 269.576** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 52.939, 264.070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 46.779, 255.392**.

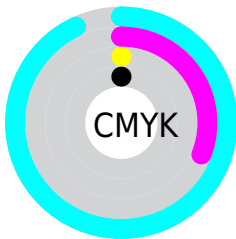
Distribution



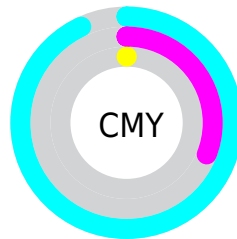
- Red (7%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 50.355, 260.273 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 50.355, 260.273 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 50.355,
260.273

 68, 50.355,
260.273


 100, 50.355,
260.273


 58, 50.355,
260.273


 88, 50.355,
260.273

 48, 50.355,
260.273

 98, 50.355,
260.273

 38, 50.355,
260.273

 28, 50.355,
260.273

 18, 50.355,
260.273

 8, 50.355, 260.273

 0, 50.355, 260.273

■ 68, 50.355,
260.273

■ 68, 50.355,
260.273

■ 66, 52.939,
264.070

■ 71, 46.779,
255.392

■ 74, 42.903,
251.139

■ 77, 38.561,
247.563

■ 80, 33.673,
244.625

■ 84, 28.228,
242.247

■ 87, 22.265,
240.339

■ 91, 15.848,
238.818

■ 95, 9.054, 237.620

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



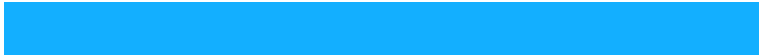
68, 50.355, 260.273



62, 88.145, 50.050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 50.355, 260.273



68, 50.355, 310.273



68, 50.355, 80.273



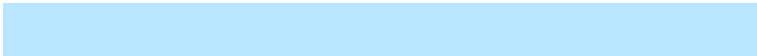
68, 50.355, 130.273

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 50.354, 260.274



89, 19.313, 239.582



88, 100.101, 143.262



46, 13.183, 240.276



0, 0.000, 0.000



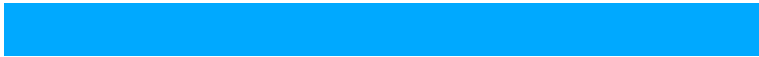
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 50.354, 260.274



66, 52.956, 264.071



39, 115.235, 302.253



51, 4.083, 237.304



50, 42.192, 263.092



16, 18.104, 255.849

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 89.709, 346.616



56, 89.836, 348.357



87, 85.513, 91.388



50, 7.141, 336.534



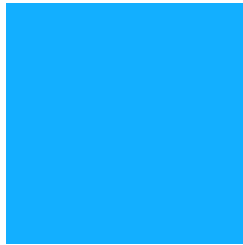
42, 72.599, 347.889



11, 34.236, 344.779

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 50.355, 260.273 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

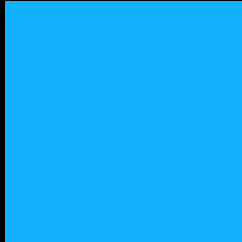
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 50.355, 260.273 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

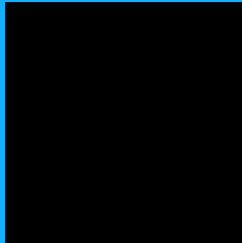
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

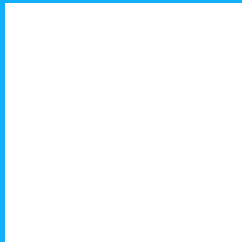
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 50.355, 260.273

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 50.355, 260.273.

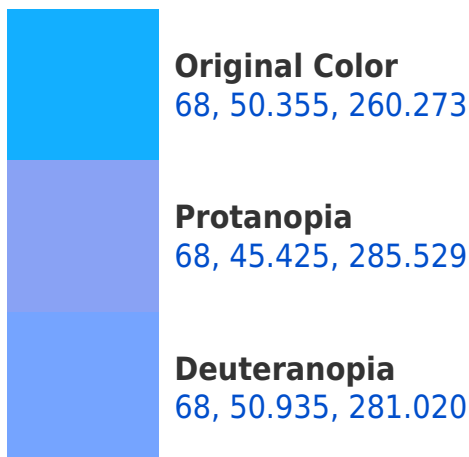


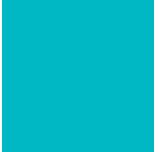
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 50.355, 260.273.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 37.752, 207.712

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 50.355, 260.273



Protanomaly
67, 47.173, 271.678



Deuteranomaly
67, 50.788, 271.159



Tritanomaly
68, 38.399, 229.681

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 50.355, 260.273



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
60, 23.481, 242.957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 50.355, 260.273 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 175, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 175, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 175, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 175, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 50.355, 260.273 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 175, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 175, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 175, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 175, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 175, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 175, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 50.355, 260.273 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 175, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 175,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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