

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 51.653, 325.598)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 51.653, 325.598)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(68, 51.619, 325.709)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D98ADB
RGB	217, 138, 219
RGB Percent	85%, 54%, 86%
CMY	0.1496, 0.4594, 0.1418
CMYK	0.01, 0.37, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	299°, 53%, 70%
HSV	299°, 37%, 86%
XYZ	50.4056, 37.9720, 71.5880
YIQ	170.8550, 21.0830, 41.9390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

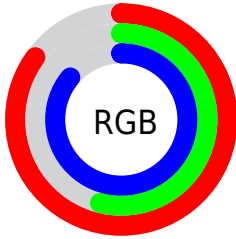
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 138, 219
Decimal	14256859
CIE Lab	68.00, 42.65, -29.08
CIE LCh	68, 51.619, 325.709
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3151, 0.2374
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292446939 (0xFFD98ADB)
YUV	170.8550, 23.7355, 40.4692
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 38.1734, -25.7445

# Details

The CIELCh color **68, 51.619, 325.709** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **81, 51.597, 141.140**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 38.882, 325.774**, and **48, 51.635, 325.743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 64.666, 326.172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 37.875, 325.205**.

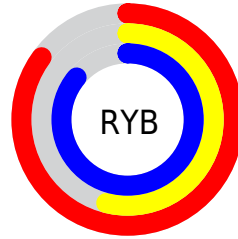
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (54%)

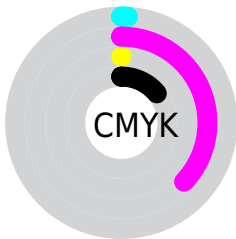
Blue (86%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (86%)

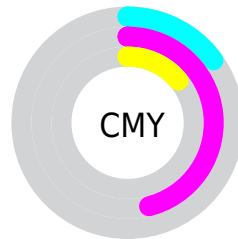


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 51.619, 325.709 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 51.619, 325.709 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 68, 51.619,  
325.709


 68, 51.619,  
325.709


 100, 51.619,  
325.709


 58, 51.619,  
325.709


 88, 51.619,  
325.709

 48, 51.619,  
325.709

 98, 51.619,  
325.709

 38, 51.619,  
325.709

 28, 51.619,  
325.709

 18, 51.619,  
325.709

 8, 51.619, 325.709

 0, 51.619, 325.709

68, 51.619,  
325.709

68, 51.619,  
325.709

64, 64.666,  
326.172

73, 37.875,  
325.205

60, 76.534,  
326.574

78, 23.831,  
324.677

56, 86.667,  
326.896

83, 9.768, 324.128

54, 94.545,  
327.122

89, 4.124, 143.693

95, 17.721,  
143.128

52, 99.825,  
327.240

97, 22.356,  
142.698

51, 102.528,  
327.254

97, 22.247,  
142.309

51, 103.084,  
327.248

97, 22.139,  
141.916

■ 97, 22.032,  
141.518

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 51.619, 325.709



81, 51.597, 141.140

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 51.619, 325.709



68, 51.619, 15.709



68, 51.619, 145.709



68, 51.619, 195.709

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 51.617, 325.709



93, 17.404, 324.356



61, 44.049, 293.777



49, 11.702, 324.431



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 51.617, 325.709



75, 68.836, 326.055



67, 38.082, 345.362



43, 7.940, 324.265



40, 86.645, 327.263



7, 34.475, 327.329



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 33.361, 21.019



71, 45.939, 22.265



81, 36.699, 158.369



43, 4.638, 17.931



36, 77.171, 38.916



5, 23.801, 19.205



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 51.619, 325.709 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

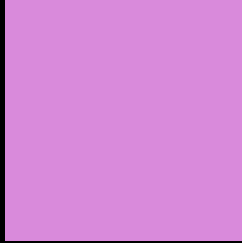
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 51.619, 325.709 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

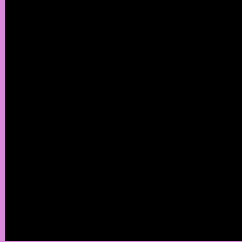
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 68, 51.619, 325.709**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 51.619, 325.709.

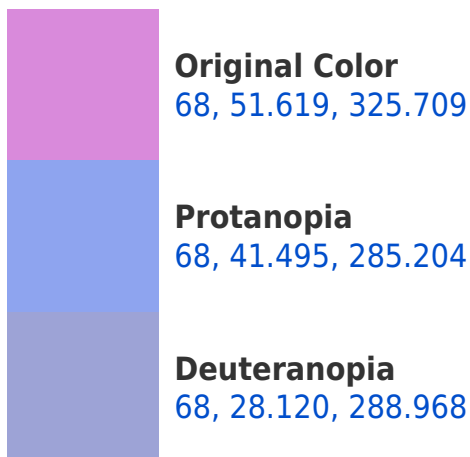


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 51.619, 325.709.


# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
68, 23.940, 7.359

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 51.619, 325.709



**Protanomaly**  
68, 43.458, 300.628



**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 35.398, 307.225



**Tritanomaly**  
68, 31.475, 344.041

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 51.619, 325.709



**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
69, 19.235, 325.267

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 51.619, 325.709 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 138, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 138, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 138, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 138, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 51.619, 325.709 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 138, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 138, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 138, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 138, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 138, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 138,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 51.619, 325.709 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 138, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
138, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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