

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 53.729, 26.608)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 53.729, 26.608) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 53.738, 26.866)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF807D
RGB	255, 128, 125
RGB Percent	100%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.0019, 0.4996, 0.5113
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.51, 0.00
HSL	1°, 99%, 74%
HSV	1°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	52.4085, 37.9720, 23.8395
YIQ	165.6310, 76.6550, 25.9910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

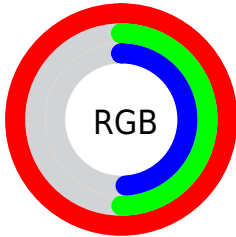
Format	Color
RYB	255, 128, 125
Decimal	16744573
CIELab	68.00, 47.94, 24.28
CIElCh	68, 53.738, 26.866
Yxy	37.9720, 0.4588, 0.3324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294934653 (0xFFFF807D)
YUV	165.6310, -20.0311, 78.3766
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 43.9751, 20.1975

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 53.738, 26.866** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **92, 36.541, 199.617**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 28.535, 26.944**, and **48, 53.991, 26.772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 65.943, 29.157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 41.836, 25.102**.

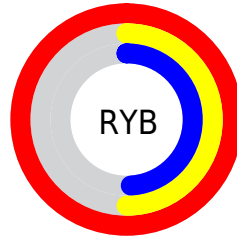
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (50%)

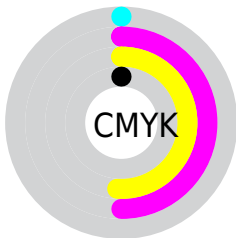
Blue (49%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (49%)

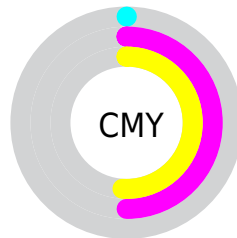


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 53.738, 26.866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 53.738, 26.866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 53.738, 26.866

 68, 53.738, 26.866

 100, 53.738,
26.866

 58, 53.738, 26.866

 88, 53.738, 26.866

 48, 53.738, 26.866

 98, 53.738, 26.866

 38, 53.738, 26.866

 28, 53.738, 26.866

 18, 53.738, 26.866

 8, 53.738, 26.866

 0, 53.738, 26.866

 68, 53.738, 26.866

 68, 53.738, 26.866

 63, 65.943, 29.157

 74, 41.836, 25.102

■ 59, 78.065, 32.011

■ 80, 30.504, 23.758

■ 56, 89.483, 35.282

■ 86, 19.882, 22.735

■ 54, 98.926, 38.344

■ 92, 10.021, 21.936

■ 53, 104.153,
40.161

■ 99, 0.909, 20.690

100, 0.164,
203.437

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 53.738, 26.866



92, 36.541, 199.617

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



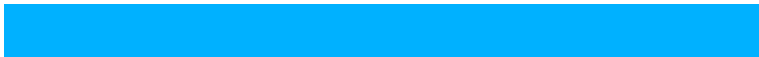
68, 53.738, 26.866



68, 53.738, 76.866



68, 53.738, 206.866



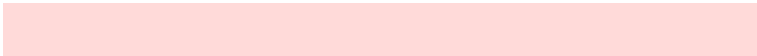
68, 53.738, 256.866

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 53.735, 26.869



90, 13.854, 22.233



71, 78.095, 327.598



47, 9.533, 22.400



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 53.735, 26.869



63, 65.993, 29.148



82, 44.955, 70.591



50, 5.136, 21.825



40, 83.913, 40.231



10, 32.895, 28.295

Inverse Universe

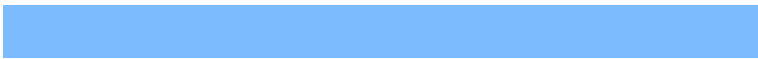
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 36.541, 199.617



91, 41.094, 199.514



74, 39.339, 267.196



52, 4.831, 200.996



69, 39.086, 200.048



23, 18.049, 199.594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 53.738, 26.866 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

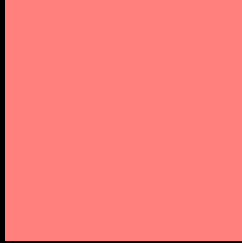
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 53.738, 26.866 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

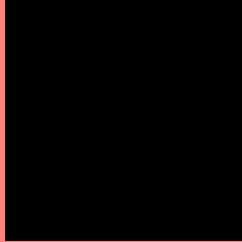
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 53.738, 26.866

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 53.738, 26.866.

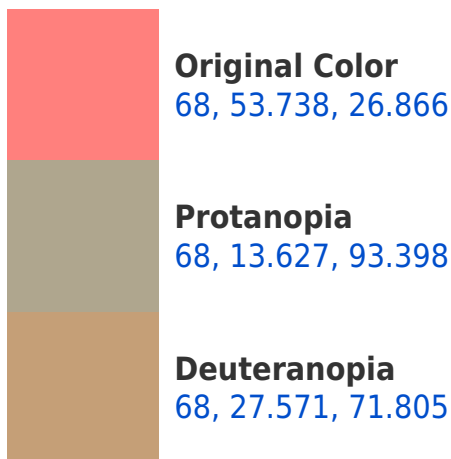


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 53.738, 26.866.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 53.100, 20.317

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 53.738, 26.866

Protanomaly
67, 23.577, 42.815

Deuteranomaly
68, 34.119, 47.046

Tritanomaly
68, 53.196, 23.051

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 53.738, 26.866

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 18.933, 22.833

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 53.738, 26.866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 128, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 128, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 128, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 128, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 53.738, 26.866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 128, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 128, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 128, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 128, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 128, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 128,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 53.738, 26.866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 128, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
128, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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