

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 56.406, 299.687)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 56.406, 299.687)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 55.855, 299.395)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A699FE
RGB	166, 153, 254
RGB Percent	65%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.3496, 0.4005, 0.0045
CMYK	0.35, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	248°, 98%, 80%
HSV	248°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	44.9260, 37.9720, 98.5954
YIQ	168.4010, -24.6730, 34.1670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

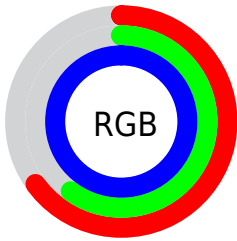
Format	Color
R _Y B	166, 153, 254
Decimal	10918398
CIE Lab	68.00, 27.42, -48.66
CIE LCh	68, 55.855, 299.395
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2475, 0.2092
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289108478 (0xFFA699FE)
YUV	168.4010, 42.2003, -2.1057
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 22.3004, -51.7300

Details

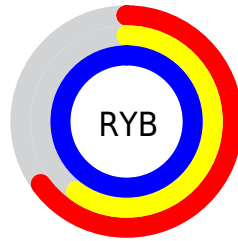
The CIELCh color $68, 55.855, 299.395$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999FF$. A complement of this color would be $97, 50.530, 112.131$, and the grayscale version is $69, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 25.987, 304.913$, and $48, 55.920, 299.284$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 71.226, 300.836$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76, 40.980, 298.113$.

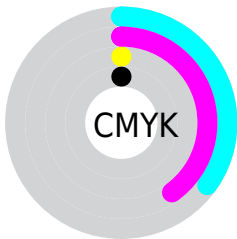
Distribution



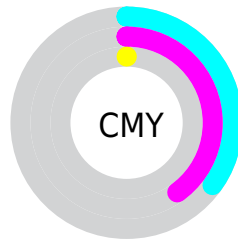
- Red (65%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 55.855, 299.395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 55.855, 299.395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 55.855,
299.395


 68, 55.855,
299.395


 100, 55.855,
299.395


 58, 55.855,
299.395


 88, 55.855,
299.395

 48, 55.855,
299.395

 98, 55.855,
299.395

 38, 55.855,
299.395

 28, 55.855,
299.395

 18, 55.855,
299.395

 8, 55.855, 299.395

 0, 55.855, 299.395

■ 68, 55.855,
299.395

■ 68, 55.855,
299.395

■ 60, 71.226,
300.836

■ 76, 40.980,
298.113

■ 53, 86.864,
302.395

■ 84, 26.672,
296.997

■ 46, 102.193,
303.967

■ 92, 12.931,
296.036

■ 40, 116.042,
305.362

■ 100, 0.271,
115.142

■ 35, 126.569,
306.309

■ 100, 0.575,
110.000

■ 33, 132.427,
306.664

■ 33, 132.531,
306.671

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 55.855, 299.395



97, 50.530, 112.131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 55.855, 299.395



68, 55.855, 349.395



68, 55.855, 119.395



68, 55.855, 169.395

Sweetspot

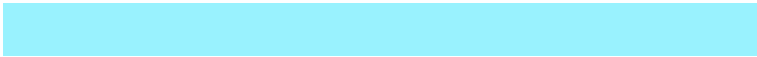
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 55.854, 299.395



90, 15.990, 296.236



91, 27.666, 210.642



47, 10.633, 296.358



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 55.854, 299.395



62, 68.712, 300.571



72, 58.284, 314.809



49, 7.539, 296.011



24, 106.984, 306.749



4, 44.419, 304.242

Inverse Universe

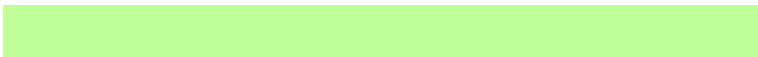
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 57.532, 330.573



72, 68.724, 331.080



94, 55.930, 131.150



50, 8.290, 328.697



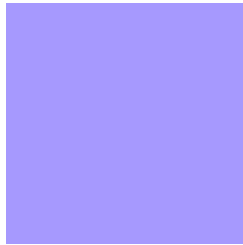
44, 84.140, 334.134



12, 39.178, 333.334

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 55.855, 299.395 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

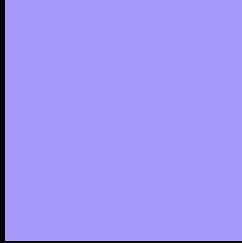
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 55.855, 299.395 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

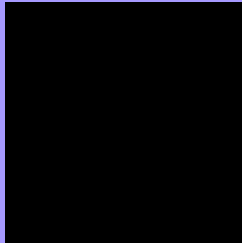
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 55.855, 299.395

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 55.855, 299.395.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 55.855, 299.395.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 9.874, 250.659

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 55.855, 299.395

Protanomaly
68, 52.851, 290.723

Deuteranomaly
68, 50.178, 288.279

Tritanomaly
68, 25.416, 288.230

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 55.855, 299.395

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 20.522, 297.081

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 55.855, 299.395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 153, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 153, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 153, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 153, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 55.855, 299.395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 153, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 153, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 153, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 153, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 153, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 153,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 55.855, 299.395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 153, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
153, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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