

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 57.929, 141.761)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 57.929, 141.761)
contains.

CIELCh(68, 57.917, 141.833)	3
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Color

CIELCh(68, 57.917, 141.833)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5DB962
RGB	93, 185, 98
RGB Percent	36%, 73%, 38%
CMY	0.6348, 0.2740, 0.6152
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.47, 0.27
HSL	123°, 40%, 55%
HSV	123°, 50%, 73%
XYZ	24.1151, 37.9720, 17.6440
YIQ	147.5740, -26.9050, -46.5610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

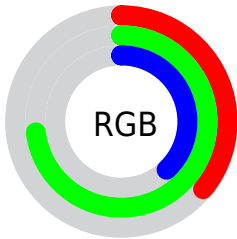
Format	Color
RYB	93, 180, 185
Decimal	6142306
CIELab	68.00, -45.54, 35.79
CIELCh	68, 57.917, 141.833
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3025, 0.4763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284332386 (0xFF5DB962)
YUV	147.5740, -24.4400, -47.8614
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -37.9829, 26.1586

Details

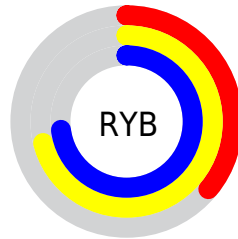
The CIELCh color **68, 57.917, 141.833** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **53, 57.576, 328.638**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 58.085, 141.808**, and **48, 57.857, 141.946** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 68.140, 140.652**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 46.847, 142.905**.

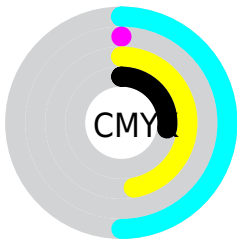
Distribution



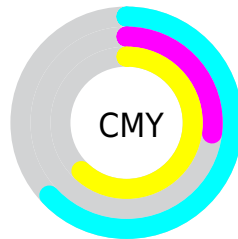
- Red (36%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (27%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 57.917, 141.833 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 57.917, 141.833 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 57.917,
141.833


 68, 57.917,
141.833


 100, 57.917,
141.833


 58, 57.917,
141.833


 88, 57.917,
141.833

 48, 57.917,
141.833


 98, 57.917,
141.833

 38, 57.917,
141.833

 28, 57.917,
141.833

 18, 57.917,
141.833

 8, 57.917, 141.833

 0, 57.917, 141.833

■ 68, 57.917,
141.833

■ 68, 57.917,
141.833

■ 67, 68.140,
140.652

■ 69, 46.847,
142.905

■ 66, 77.143,
139.412

■ 70, 35.246,
143.849

■ 66, 84.523,
138.205

■ 72, 23.379,
144.666

■ 66, 89.896,
137.160

■ 73, 11.455,
145.374

■ 66, 93.105,
136.463

■ 75, 0.367, 325.249

■ 66, 93.174,
136.453

■ 77, 11.977,
326.428

■ 79, 23.297,
326.869

■ 82, 34.283,
327.240

■ 84, 43.784,
325.941

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 57.917, 141.833



53, 57.576, 328.638

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 57.917, 141.833



68, 57.917, 191.833



68, 57.917, 321.833



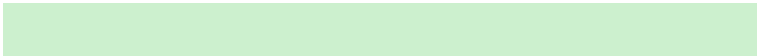
68, 57.917, 11.833

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 57.918, 141.833



91, 21.932, 144.993



73, 47.994, 107.857



48, 14.966, 144.842



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 57.918, 141.833



85, 84.200, 140.495



69, 39.355, 161.162



38, 6.648, 145.398



56, 81.723, 136.554



8, 18.388, 145.519

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 57.576, 328.638



64, 83.012, 329.172



52, 42.298, 352.074



36, 6.659, 326.424



36, 76.606, 330.482



3, 17.815, 326.872

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 57.917, 141.833 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 57.917, 141.833 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 57.917, 141.833

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 57.917, 141.833.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 57.917, 141.833.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
68, 57.917, 141.833

Protanopia
68, 40.406, 95.977

Deuteranopia
67, 34.022, 75.357



Tritanopia
68, 21.123, 219.537

Trichromacy



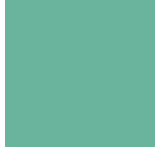
Original Color
68, 57.917, 141.833



Protanomaly
67, 42.725, 119.034



Deuteranomaly
67, 34.675, 111.463



Tritanomaly
68, 28.641, 170.744

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 57.917, 141.833



Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
63, 22.280, 144.712

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 57.917, 141.833 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 185, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 185, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 185, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 185, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 57.917, 141.833 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 185, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 185, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 185, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 185, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 185, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 185,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 57.917, 141.833 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 185, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 185,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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