

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 6.259, 147.485)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 6.259, 147.485) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 6.276, 146.964)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EA89F
RGB	158, 168, 159
RGB Percent	62%, 66%, 62%
CMY	0.3789, 0.3396, 0.3750
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.05, 0.34
HSL	126°, 5%, 64%
HSV	126°, 6%, 66%
XYZ	34.5407, 37.9720, 38.4835
YIQ	163.9840, -3.0710, -4.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

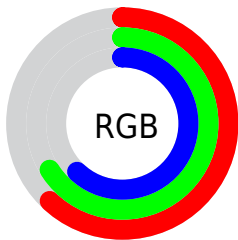
Format	Color
RYB	158, 167, 168
Decimal	10397855
CIELab	68.00, -5.26, 3.42
CIELCh	68, 6.276, 146.964
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3112, 0.3421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288587935 (0xFF9EA89F)
YUV	163.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -7.7830, 6.1075

Details

The CIELCh color $68, 6.276, 146.964$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $66, 6.295, 327.568$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88, 5.945, 147.059$, and $48, 6.002, 147.197$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66, 16.947, 146.276$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70, 4.261, 327.433$.

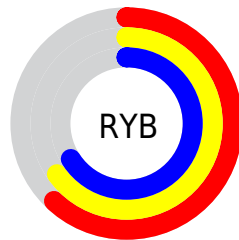
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (66%)

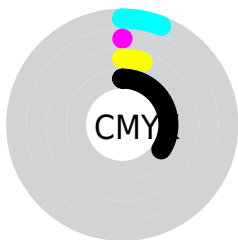
Blue (62%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (66%)

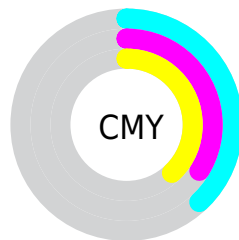


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 6.276, 146.964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 6.276, 146.964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 6.276, 146.964

■ 68, 6.276, 146.964

■ 100, 6.276,
146.964

■ 58, 6.276, 146.964

■ 88, 6.276, 146.964

■ 48, 6.276, 146.964

■ 98, 6.276, 146.964

■ 38, 6.276, 146.964

■ 28, 6.276, 146.964

■ 18, 6.276, 146.964

■ 8, 6.276, 146.964

■ 0, 6.276, 146.964

■ 68, 6.276, 146.964

■ 68, 6.276, 146.964

■ 66, 16.947,

■ 70, 4.261, 327.433

146.276

72, 14.585,
327.960

65, 27.627,
145.497

74, 24.638,
328.385

64, 38.156,
144.595

76, 34.386,
328.749

63, 48.332,
143.559

78, 43.814,
329.064

62, 57.911,
142.389

80, 52.158,
327.845

61, 66.613,
141.106

80, 54.083,
326.288

61, 74.134,
139.764

60, 80.167,
138.453

60, 84.456,
137.308

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 6.276, 146.964



66, 6.295, 327.568

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 6.276, 146.964



68, 6.276, 196.964



68, 6.276, 326.964



68, 6.276, 16.964

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 6.278, 146.964



87, 2.605, 147.272



69, 5.488, 112.966



46, 1.479, 147.286



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 6.278, 146.964



86, 9.177, 146.884



68, 4.433, 167.976



35, 4.786, 146.864



53, 77.717, 137.106



5, 11.001, 146.856

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 6.295, 327.568



84, 9.199, 327.642



66, 4.488, 348.830



34, 4.797, 327.661



34, 71.282, 332.575



2, 10.621, 328.400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 6.276, 146.964 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

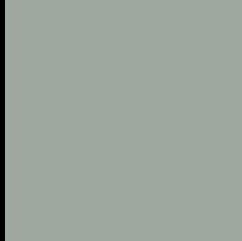
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 6.276, 146.964 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

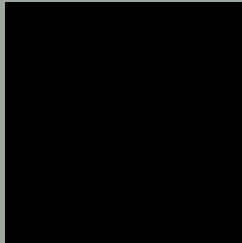
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

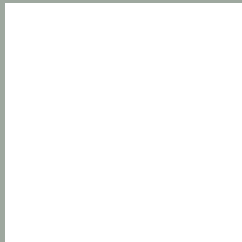
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 6.276, 146.964

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 6.276, 146.964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 6.276, 146.964.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

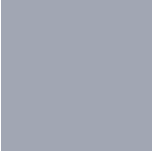
68, 6.276, 146.964

Protanopia

68, 4.785, 85.807

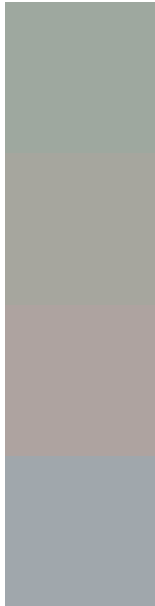
Deuteranopia

68, 8.967, 16.681



Tritanopia
68, 7.353, 276.601

Trichromacy



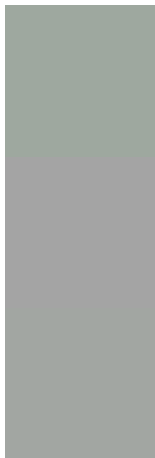
Original Color
68, 6.276, 146.964

Protanomaly
68, 4.387, 109.713

Deuteranomaly
68, 4.553, 40.834

Tritanomaly
68, 3.745, 246.775

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 6.276, 146.964

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 2.684, 144.394

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 6.276, 146.964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 168, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 168, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 168, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 168, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 6.276, 146.964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 168, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 168, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 168, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 168, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 168, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 168,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 6.276, 146.964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 168, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
168, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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