

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 61.968, 143.433)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 61.968, 143.433)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 61.968, 143.433)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	51BB60
RGB	81, 187, 96
RGB Percent	32%, 73%, 38%
CMY	0.6837, 0.2680, 0.6247
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.49, 0.27
HSL	129°, 44%, 52%
HSV	129°, 57%, 73%
XYZ	23.1600, 37.9720, 17.1020
YIQ	144.9320, -33.9650, -50.7730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

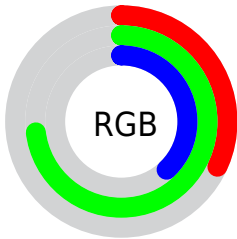
Format	Color
RYB	81, 174, 187
Decimal	5356384
CIELab	68.00, -49.77, 36.92
CIElCh	68, 61.968, 143.433
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2960, 0.4854
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283546464 (0xFF51BB60)
YUV	144.9320, -24.1235, -56.0684
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -40.7495, 26.6800

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 61.968, 143.433** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **51, 61.311, 332.046**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 61.945, 143.355**, and **48, 61.956, 143.527** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 71.114, 142.072**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 51.908, 144.662**.

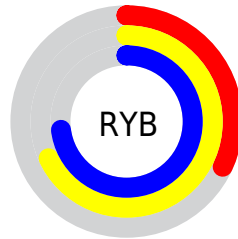
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (73%)

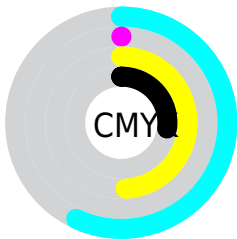
Blue (38%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (73%)

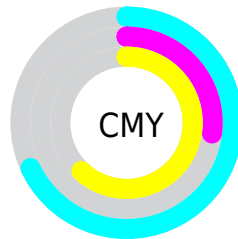


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (27%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 61.968, 143.433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 61.968, 143.433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 61.968,
143.433


 68, 61.968,
143.433


 100, 61.968,
143.433


 58, 61.968,
143.433


 88, 61.968,
143.433

 48, 61.968,
143.433

 98, 61.968,
143.433

 38, 61.968,
143.433

 28, 61.968,
143.433

 18, 61.968,
143.433

 8, 61.968, 143.433

 0, 61.968, 143.433

■ 68, 61.968,
143.433

■ 68, 61.968,
143.433

■ 67, 71.114,
142.072

■ 69, 51.908,
144.662

■ 67, 79.055,
140.620

■ 70, 41.208,
145.743

■ 66, 85.509,
139.158

■ 71, 30.120,
146.682

■ 66, 90.252,
137.817

■ 73, 18.857,
147.493

■ 66, 91.446,
137.482

■ 75, 7.588, 148.207

■ 76, 3.556, 328.685

■ 78, 14.481,
329.256

■ 81, 25.125,
329.706

■ 83, 35.450,
330.093

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 61.968, 143.433



51, 61.311, 332.046

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 61.968, 143.433



68, 61.968, 193.433



68, 61.968, 323.433



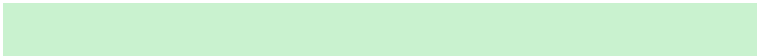
68, 61.968, 13.433

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 61.969, 143.433



92, 23.587, 147.457



73, 54.768, 111.273



49, 15.914, 147.302



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 61.969, 143.433



85, 88.848, 141.742



69, 41.322, 165.123



39, 6.394, 148.030



57, 80.537, 137.656



9, 20.232, 147.168

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 61.311, 332.046



61, 86.408, 332.807



49, 46.694, 359.160



37, 6.409, 329.107



36, 72.441, 334.738



3, 18.671, 331.205

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 61.968, 143.433 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 61.968, 143.433 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 61.968, 143.433

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 61.968, 143.433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 61.968, 143.433.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

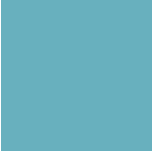
Dichromacy



Original Color
68, 61.968, 143.433

Protanopia
68, 41.897, 96.143

Deuteranopia
67, 35.214, 75.497



Tritanopia
68, 23.569, 217.017

Trichromacy



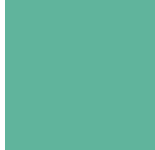
Original Color
68, 61.968, 143.433



Protanomaly
67, 45.168, 120.848



Deuteranomaly
67, 36.953, 114.263



Tritanomaly
68, 31.685, 172.083

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 61.968, 143.433



Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
62, 23.720, 146.641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 61.968, 143.433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 187, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 187, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 187, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 187, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 61.968, 143.433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 187, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 187, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 187, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 187, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 187, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 187,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 61.968, 143.433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 187, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 187,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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