

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 68.594, 151.358)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 68.594, 151.358)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 68.321, 151.313)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02BE67
RGB	2, 190, 103
RGB Percent	1%, 75%, 40%
CMY	0.9939, 0.2535, 0.5949
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.46, 0.25
HSL	152°, 98%, 38%
HSV	152°, 99%, 75%
XYZ	20.9714, 37.9720, 19.1379
YIQ	123.8700, -84.1210, -66.9130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

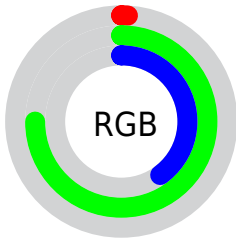
Format	Color
RYB	2, 124, 190
Decimal	179815
CIELab	68.00, -59.93, 32.80
CIElCh	68, 68.321, 151.313
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2686, 0.4863
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278369895 (0xFF02BE67)
YUV	123.8700, -10.2889, -106.8800
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -47.0893, 24.7212

Details

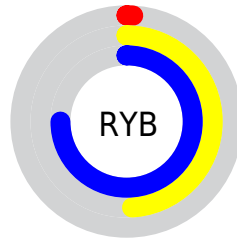
The CIELCh color **68, 68.321, 151.313** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **41, 67.625, 5.503**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 68.546, 151.143**, and **49, 60.261, 145.272** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 68.651, 151.139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 64.166, 153.532**.

Distribution



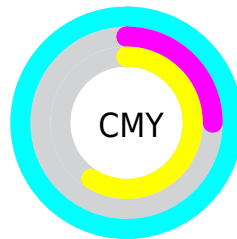
- Red (1%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 68.321, 151.313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 68.321, 151.313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 68.321,
151.313


 68, 68.321,
151.313


 100, 68.321,
151.313


 58, 68.321,
151.313


 88, 68.321,
151.313

 48, 68.321,
151.313

 98, 68.321,
151.313

 38, 68.321,
151.313

 28, 68.321,
151.313

 18, 68.321,
151.313

 8, 68.321, 151.313

 0, 68.321, 151.313

■ 68, 68.321,
151.313

■ 68, 68.321,
151.313

■ 68, 68.651,
151.139

■ 68, 64.166,
153.532

■ 69, 59.336,
155.610

■ 69, 53.713,
157.479

■ 70, 47.325,
159.140

■ 71, 40.256,
160.610

■ 72, 32.630,
161.913

■ 73, 24.589,
163.072

■ 74, 16.272,

164.115

■ 76, 7.806, 165.075

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 68.321, 151.313



41, 67.625, 5.503

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 68.321, 151.313



68, 68.321, 201.313



68, 68.321, 331.313



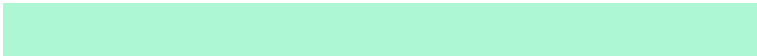
68, 68.321, 21.313

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 68.321, 151.313



92, 31.230, 162.929



69, 88.244, 129.062



49, 21.381, 162.443



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 68.321, 151.313



86, 84.255, 150.736



68, 38.382, 201.754



39, 4.783, 165.060



57, 59.424, 151.490



9, 16.159, 158.725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 67.625, 5.503



53, 82.497, 6.692



40, 82.993, 40.097



37, 4.854, 346.560



33, 59.084, 5.130



3, 13.664, 353.882

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 68.321, 151.313 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

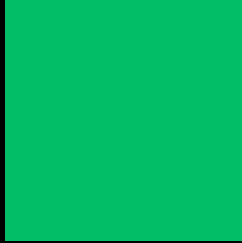
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 68.321, 151.313 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 68.321, 151.313

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 68.321, 151.313.

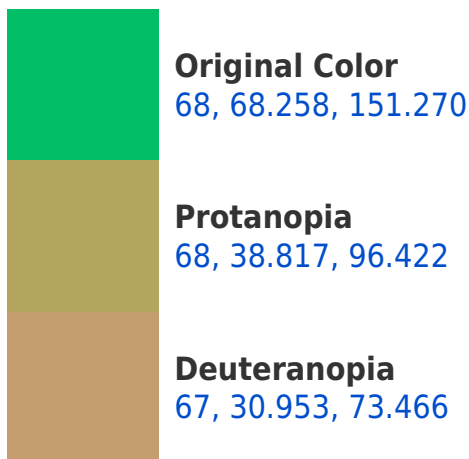


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 68.321, 151.313.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 31.137, 212.723

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 68.258, 151.270



Protanomaly
66, 47.743, 135.420



Deuteranomaly
65, 37.531, 134.142



Tritanomaly
68, 41.021, 178.857

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 68.258, 151.270



Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 31.360, 160.927

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 68.321, 151.313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 190, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 190, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 190, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 190, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 68.321, 151.313 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 190, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 190, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 190, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 190, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 190, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 190,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 68.321, 151.313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 190, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 190,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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