

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 74.689, 55.876)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 74.689, 55.876) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 74.477, 55.948)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | FF8433 |
| RGB | 255, 132, 51 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 52%, 20% |
| CMY | 0.0003, 0.4825, 0.8002 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.48, 0.80, 0.00 |
| HSL | 24°, 100%, 60% |
| HSV | 24°, 80%, 100% |
| XYZ | 50.0538, 37.9720, 7.8164 |
| YIQ | 159.5430, 99.3090, 0.8850 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

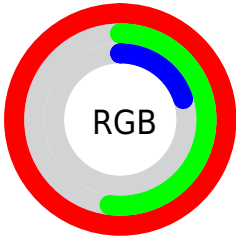
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 185, 51 |
| Decimal | 16745523 |
| CIE Lab | 68.00, 41.70, 61.71 |
| CIE LCh | 68, 74.477, 55.948 |
| Yxy | 37.9720, 0.5223, 0.3962 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294935603 (0xFFFF8433) |
| YUV | 159.5430, -53.5117, 83.7158 |
| Hunter-Lab | 61.6215, 37.1542, 35.6144 |

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 74.477, 55.948** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **68, 49.755, 263.165**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 53.899, 72.825**, and **48, 71.346, 54.323** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 83.548, 54.451**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 64.142, 56.979**.

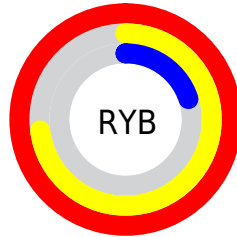
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (52%)

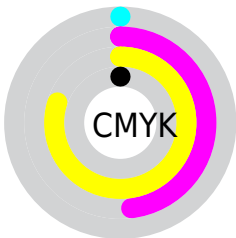
Blue (20%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (20%)

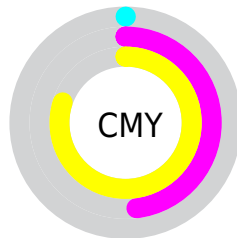


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 74.477, 55.948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 74.477, 55.948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 74.477, 55.948

 68, 74.477, 55.948

 100, 74.477,
55.948

 58, 74.477, 55.948

 88, 74.477, 55.948

 48, 74.477, 55.948

 98, 74.477, 55.948

 38, 74.477, 55.948

 28, 74.477, 55.948

 18, 74.477, 55.948

 8, 74.477, 55.948

 0, 74.477, 55.948

 68, 74.477, 55.948

 68, 74.477, 55.948

 65, 83.548, 54.451

 71, 64.142, 56.979

62, 90.209, 52.177

75, 53.585, 57.850

79, 43.312, 58.705

83, 33.539, 59.593

87, 24.336, 60.525

91, 15.704, 61.491

96, 7.609, 62.459

100, 0.011, 2.575

100, 0.026,
225.758

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 74.477, 55.948



68, 49.755, 263.165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 74.477, 55.948



68, 74.477, 105.948



68, 74.477, 235.948



68, 74.477, 285.948

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 74.475, 55.951



90, 19.080, 61.104



59, 84.340, 347.029



46, 13.263, 60.760



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 74.475, 55.951



63, 87.759, 53.117



91, 82.792, 96.387



51, 4.313, 62.507



47, 72.258, 52.853



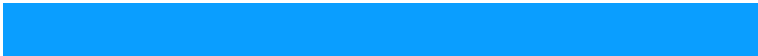
14, 27.486, 51.940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 49.755, 263.165



63, 57.522, 271.012



43, 105.372, 300.696



51, 4.150, 244.685



47, 47.273, 272.080



14, 19.804, 264.879

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 74.477, 55.948 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 74.477, 55.948 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 74.477, 55.948

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 74.477, 55.948.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 74.477, 55.948.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68, 74.477, 55.948

Protanopia

68, 55.536, 95.080

Deuteranopia

68, 63.666, 82.204



Tritanopia
68, 53.202, 20.890

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 74.477, 55.948

Protanomaly
67, 58.106, 77.809

Deuteranomaly
68, 65.933, 71.512

Tritanomaly
68, 58.300, 37.395

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 74.477, 55.948

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 25.397, 59.258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 74.477, 55.948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 132, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 132, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 132, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 132, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 74.477, 55.948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 132, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 132, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 132, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 132, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 132, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 132,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 74.477, 55.948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 132, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
132, 51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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