

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 8.562, 179.275)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 8.562, 179.275) contains.

CIELCh(68, 8.298, 179.329)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(68, 8.298, 179.329)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95AAA5
RGB	149, 170, 165
RGB Percent	58%, 67%, 65%
CMY	0.4148, 0.3324, 0.3520
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.03, 0.33
HSL	166°, 11%, 63%
HSV	166°, 12%, 67%
XYZ	33.6664, 37.9720, 41.2619
YIQ	163.1510, -10.9110, -6.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

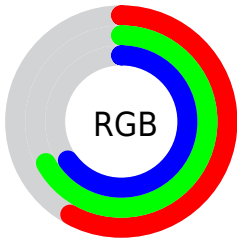
Format	Color
RYB	149, 161, 170
Decimal	9808549
CIELab	68.00, -8.30, 0.10
CIELCh	68, 8.298, 179.329
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2982, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287998629 (0xFF95AAA5)
YUV	163.1510, 0.9116, -12.4104
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -10.3154, 3.4342

Details

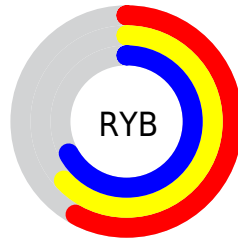
The CIELCh color **68, 8.298, 179.329** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **64, 8.662, 1.512**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 8.227, 180.371**, and **48, 8.459, 178.052** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 14.813, 178.337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 1.586, 180.455**.

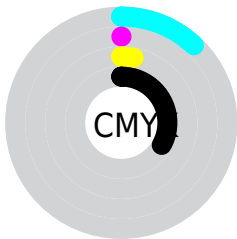
Distribution



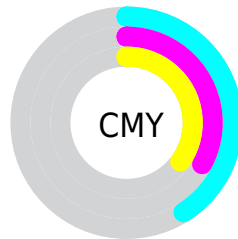
- Red (58%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 8.298, 179.329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 8.298, 179.329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 8.298, 179.329

■ 68, 8.298, 179.329

■ 100, 8.298,
179.329

■ 58, 8.298, 179.329

■ 88, 8.298, 179.329

■ 48, 8.298, 179.329

■ 98, 8.298, 179.329

■ 38, 8.298, 179.329

■ 28, 8.298, 179.329

■ 18, 8.298, 179.329

■ 8, 8.298, 179.329

■ 0, 8.298, 179.329

■ 68, 8.298, 179.329

■ 68, 8.298, 179.329

■ 67, 14.813,

■ 69, 1.586, 180.455

178.337

71, 5.240, 0.953

66, 21.027,
177.302

72, 12.107, 1.825

65, 26.831,
176.190

74, 18.957, 2.628

64, 32.116,
174.981

76, 25.749, 3.394

63, 36.781,
173.653

78, 34.224, 1.528

63, 40.751,
172.183

79, 34.802,
358.128

62, 43.991,
170.547

79, 35.510,
354.861

62, 46.523,
168.733

62, 48.145,
167.283

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 8.298, 179.329



64, 8.662, 1.512

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 8.298, 179.329



68, 8.298, 229.329



68, 8.298, 359.329



68, 8.298, 49.329

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 8.299, 179.322



88, 3.362, 180.182



68, 13.081, 136.760



47, 2.408, 180.092



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 8.299, 179.322



86, 12.469, 179.036



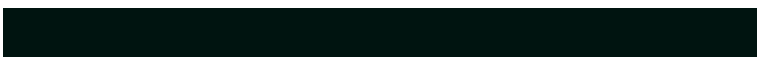
67, 6.385, 226.154



35, 3.783, 179.622



54, 43.267, 167.533



5, 7.228, 175.558

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 8.662, 1.512



79, 13.149, 1.835



65, 6.867, 44.846



33, 3.907, 1.182



30, 59.959, 25.357



1, 6.883, 2.865

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 8.298, 179.329 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

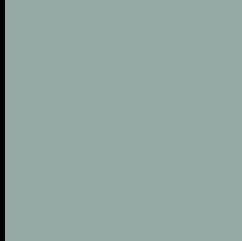
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 8.298, 179.329 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

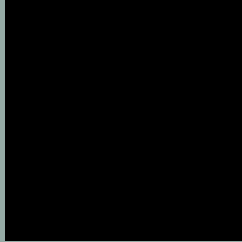
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

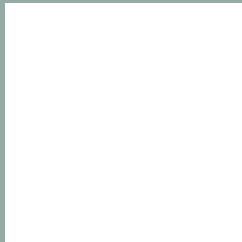
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 8.298, 179.329

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 8.298, 179.329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 8.298, 179.329.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

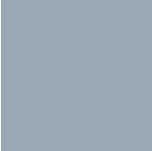
68, 8.298, 179.329

Protanopia

68, 2.235, 66.703

Deuteranopia

68, 8.588, 353.578



Tritanopia
68, 9.038, 251.719

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 8.298, 179.329

Protanomaly
68, 2.916, 150.438

Deuteranomaly
68, 2.209, 349.495

Tritanomaly
68, 7.233, 226.239

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 8.298, 179.329

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 3.217, 179.223

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 8.298, 179.329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 170, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 170, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 170, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 170, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 8.298, 179.329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 170, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 170, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 170, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 170, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 170, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 170,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 8.298, 179.329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 170, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
170, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor