

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 84.987, 141.364)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 84.987, 141.364)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 84.931, 141.411)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02C03C
RGB	2, 192, 60
RGB Percent	1%, 75%, 24%
CMY	0.9910, 0.2476, 0.7653
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.69, 0.25
HSL	138°, 98%, 38%
HSV	138°, 99%, 75%
XYZ	19.6567, 37.9720, 10.5477
YIQ	120.1420, -70.8680, -81.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

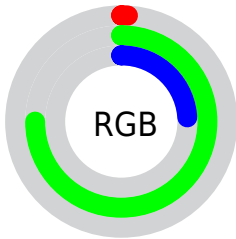
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 148, 192
Decimal	180284
CIE _{Lab}	68.00, -66.39, 52.97
CIE _{LCh}	68, 84.931, 141.411
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2883, 0.5570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278370364 (0xFF02C03C)
YUV	120.1420, -29.6500, -103.6105
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -50.8978, 32.9864

Details

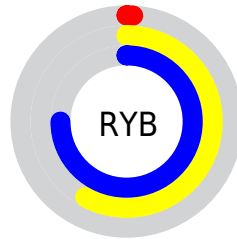
The CIELCh color **68, 84.931, 141.411** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **43, 74.242, 344.987**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 84.937, 141.502**, and **49, 75.472, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 85.505, 141.201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 79.729, 143.333**.

Distribution



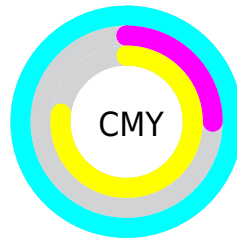
- Red (1%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 84.931, 141.411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 84.931, 141.411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 84.931,
141.411

 68, 84.931,
141.411


 100, 84.931,
141.411


 58, 84.931,
141.411


 88, 84.931,
141.411

 48, 84.931,
141.411

 98, 84.931,
141.411

 38, 84.931,
141.411

 28, 84.931,
141.411

 18, 84.931,
141.411

 8, 84.931, 141.411

 0, 84.931, 141.411

■ 68, 84.931,
141.411

■ 68, 84.931,
141.411

■ 68, 85.505,
141.201

■ 68, 79.729,
143.333

■ 69, 73.467,
145.217

■ 69, 66.154,
146.956

■ 70, 57.910,
148.516

■ 71, 48.901,
149.892

■ 72, 39.317,
151.092

■ 73, 29.350,
152.137

■ 74, 19.176,

153.048

■ 76, 8.947, 153.857

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 84.931, 141.411



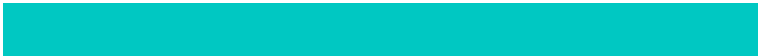
43, 74.242, 344.987

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 84.931, 141.411



68, 84.931, 191.411



68, 84.931, 321.411



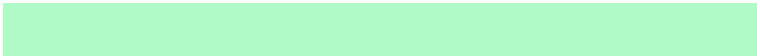
68, 84.931, 11.411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 84.931, 141.411



92, 37.865, 151.972



71, 82.213, 119.809



48, 25.774, 151.535



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 84.931, 141.411



86, 105.118, 140.864



69, 49.998, 171.003



40, 5.810, 153.813



58, 74.484, 141.484



10, 20.888, 150.236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 74.242, 344.987



55, 90.373, 345.580



40, 74.495, 29.031



38, 5.840, 335.038



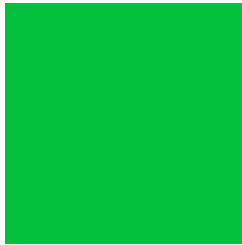
35, 65.323, 344.920



4, 18.202, 340.446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 84.931, 141.411 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 84.931, 141.411 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 84.931, 141.411

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 84.931, 141.411.

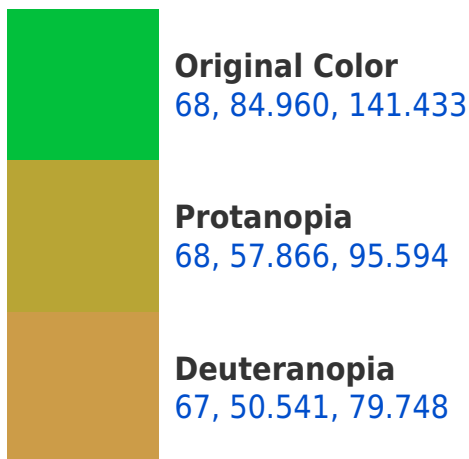


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 84.931, 141.411.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 29.735, 213.581

Trichromacy



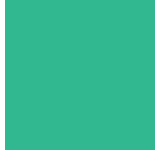
Original Color
68, 84.960, 141.433



Protanomaly
66, 65.341, 125.422



Deuteranomaly
65, 55.160, 121.794



Tritanomaly
67, 45.878, 167.836

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 84.960, 141.433



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
55, 38.007, 150.238

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 84.931, 141.411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 192, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 192, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 192, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 192, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 84.931, 141.411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 192, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 192, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 192, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 192, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 192, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 192, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 84.931, 141.411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 192, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 192,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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