

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 87.561, 328.989)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 87.561, 328.989)
contains.

CIELCh(68, 87.633, 328.682)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(68, 87.633, 328.682)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF67F9
RGB	255, 103, 249
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5946, 0.0221
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	302°, 100%, 70%
HSV	302°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	63.4270, 37.9720, 93.9120
YIQ	165.0920, 43.7260, 77.6300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

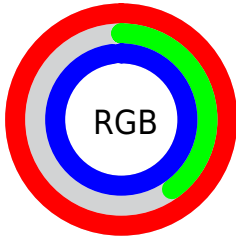
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 103, 249
Decimal	16738297
CIE _{Lab}	68.00, 74.86, -45.55
CIE _{LCh}	68, 87.633, 328.682
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3247, 0.1944
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928377 (0xFFFF67F9)
YUV	165.0920, 41.3666, 78.8493
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 75.8927, -47.2238

Details

The CIELCh color $68, 87.633, 328.682$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FF66FF . A complement of this color would be $90, 88.751, 140.108$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 57.941, 326.417$, and $48, 87.528, 328.681$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 97.956, 328.997$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 75.048, 328.143$.

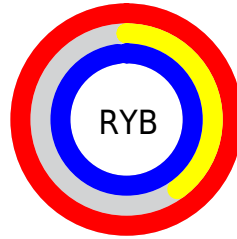
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (40%)

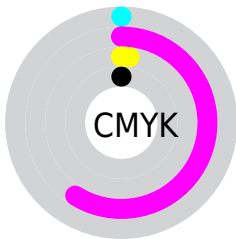
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (98%)

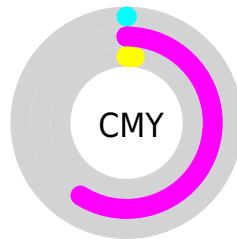


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 87.633, 328.682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 87.633, 328.682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 87.633,
328.682

 68, 87.633,
328.682

 100, 87.633,
328.682

 58, 87.633,
328.682


 88, 87.633,
328.682

 48, 87.633,
328.682

 98, 87.633,
328.682

 38, 87.633,
328.682

 28, 87.633,
328.682

 18, 87.633,
328.682

 8, 87.633, 328.682

 0, 87.633, 328.682

68, 87.633,
328.682

68, 87.633,
328.682

65, 97.956,
328.997

72, 75.048,
328.143

62, 105.583,
329.324

77, 60.945,
327.636

61, 110.201,
329.583

82, 45.881,
327.095

60, 112.116,
329.786

88, 30.341,
326.533

60, 112.189,
329.796

94, 14.689,
325.957

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 87.633, 328.682



90, 88.751, 140.108

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 87.633, 328.682



68, 87.633, 18.682



68, 87.633, 148.682



68, 87.633, 198.682

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 87.596, 328.600



89, 28.061, 326.450



52, 86.921, 300.298



46, 19.509, 326.616



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 87.596, 328.600



64, 99.323, 329.052



65, 64.738, 352.916



50, 8.831, 325.960



45, 90.408, 329.768



12, 41.738, 329.577

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 87.596, 328.600



64, 99.323, 329.052



91, 60.380, 158.623



50, 8.831, 325.960



45, 90.408, 329.768



12, 41.738, 329.577

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 87.633, 328.682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

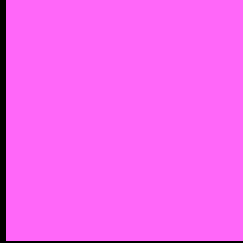
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 87.633, 328.682 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

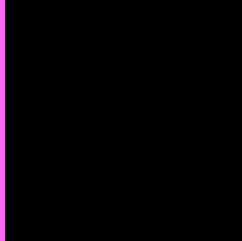
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 87.633, 328.682

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 87.633, 328.682.

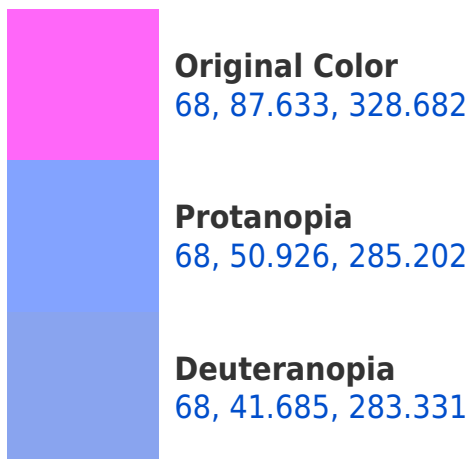


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 87.633, 328.682.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 45.049, 18.244

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 87.633, 328.682



Protanomaly
66, 62.945, 305.496



Deuteranomaly
66, 57.243, 307.251



Tritanomaly
67, 54.875, 350.948

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 87.633, 328.682



Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
66, 35.278, 326.957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 87.633, 328.682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 103, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 103, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 103, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 103, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 87.633, 328.682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 103, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 103, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 103, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 103, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 103, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 103,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 87.633, 328.682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 103, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
103, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor