

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 9.358, 324.197)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 9.358, 324.197) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 9.161, 322.880)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFA2B0
RGB	175, 162, 176
RGB Percent	69%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.3146, 0.3656, 0.3107
CMYK	0.01, 0.08, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	296°, 8%, 66%
HSV	296°, 8%, 69%
XYZ	38.3201, 37.9720, 46.2630
YIQ	167.4830, 3.2540, 7.1100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

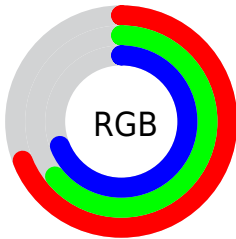
Format	Color
RYB	175, 162, 176
Decimal	11510448
CIELab	68.00, 7.30, -5.53
CIELCh	68, 9.161, 322.880
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3127, 0.3098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289700528 (0xFFAFA2B0)
YUV	167.4830, 4.1989, 6.5924
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 3.1649, -1.3776

Details

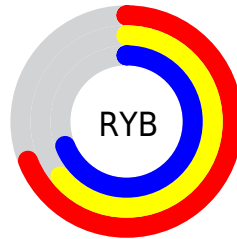
The CIELCh color **68, 9.161, 322.880** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **70, 9.133, 142.119**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 9.326, 322.941**, and **48, 9.785, 323.036** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 20.779, 323.389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 2.314, 142.507**.

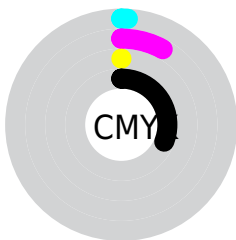
Distribution



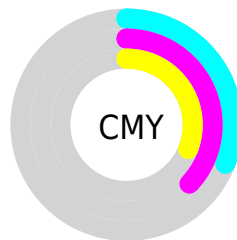
- Red (69%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 9.161, 322.880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 9.161, 322.880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 9.161, 322.880

■ 68, 9.161, 322.880

■ 100, 9.161,
322.880

■ 58, 9.161, 322.880

■ 88, 9.161, 322.880

■ 48, 9.161, 322.880

■ 98, 9.161, 322.880

■ 38, 9.161, 322.880

■ 28, 9.161, 322.880

■ 18, 9.161, 322.880

■ 8, 9.161, 322.880

■ 0, 9.161, 322.880

■ 68, 9.161, 322.880

■ 68, 9.161, 322.880

■ 63, 20.779,

■ 73, 2.314, 142.507

323.389

78, 13.548,
141.950

59, 32.401,
323.882

82, 24.489,
141.484

55, 43.807,
324.350

87, 35.114,
141.046

51, 54.694,
324.774

92, 45.412,
140.636

47, 64.671,
325.133

94, 48.307,
140.242

45, 73.283,
325.402

94, 48.064,
139.843

42, 80.081,
325.557

94, 47.823,
139.439

41, 84.739,
325.581

94, 47.583,
139.028

40, 87.339,
325.478

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 9.161, 322.880



70, 9.133, 142.119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 9.161, 322.880



68, 9.161, 12.880



68, 9.161, 142.880



68, 9.161, 192.880

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 9.159, 322.880



90, 2.851, 322.517



67, 7.093, 287.458



48, 1.619, 322.506



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 9.159, 322.880



85, 14.312, 322.995



68, 6.982, 339.971



34, 6.447, 322.949



33, 78.283, 325.486



2, 13.411, 321.622

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 5.420, 14.003



85, 8.521, 14.210



70, 6.927, 158.862



34, 3.829, 14.128



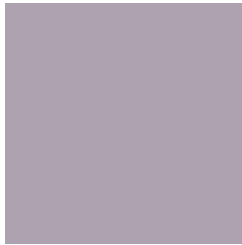
31, 67.429, 36.511



2, 7.838, 14.565

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 9.161, 322.880 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 9.161, 322.880 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

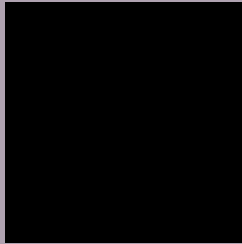
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 9.161, 322.880

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 9.161, 322.880.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 9.161, 322.880.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


68, 9.161, 322.880

Protanopia

68, 7.166, 290.915

Deuteranopia

68, 10.253, 326.644



Tritanopia
68, 8.704, 324.816

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 9.161, 322.880

Protanomaly
68, 7.429, 305.301

Deuteranomaly
68, 10.038, 324.879

Tritanomaly
68, 8.704, 324.816

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 9.161, 322.880

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 3.358, 324.532

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 9.161, 322.880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 162, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 162, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 162, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 162, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 9.161, 322.880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 162, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 162, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 162, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 162, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 162, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 162,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 9.161, 322.880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 162, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
162, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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