

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 9.398, 101.962)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 9.398, 101.962) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 9.388, 101.969)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A695
RGB	169, 166, 149
RGB Percent	66%, 65%, 58%
CMY	0.3365, 0.3483, 0.4150
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.12, 0.34
HSL	51°, 10%, 62%
HSV	51°, 12%, 66%
XYZ	35.5122, 37.9720, 33.9679
YIQ	164.9590, 7.2450, -4.6510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

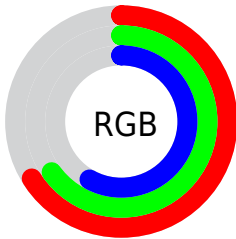
Format	Color
RYB	153, 169, 149
Decimal	11118229
CIELab	68.00, -1.95, 9.18
CIELCh	68, 9.388, 101.969
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3305, 0.3534
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289308309 (0xFFA9A695)
YUV	164.9590, -7.8678, 3.5440
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -4.9687, 10.4523

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 9.388, 101.969** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **63, 9.555, 284.630**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 9.416, 102.603**, and **48, 9.466, 101.107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 17.358, 100.881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 1.438, 102.985**.

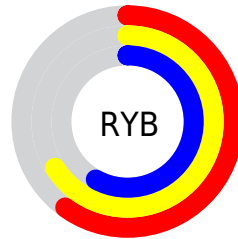
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (65%)

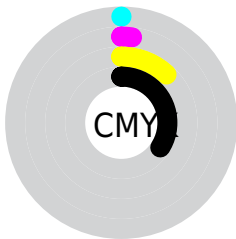
Blue (58%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (58%)

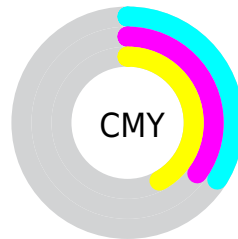


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 9.388, 101.969 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 9.388, 101.969 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 9.388, 101.969

■ 68, 9.388, 101.969

■ 100, 9.388,
101.969

■ 58, 9.388, 101.969

■ 88, 9.388, 101.969

■ 48, 9.388, 101.969

■ 98, 9.388, 101.969

■ 38, 9.388, 101.969

■ 28, 9.388, 101.969

■ 18, 9.388, 101.969

■ 8, 9.388, 101.969

■ 0, 9.388, 101.969

■ 68, 9.388, 101.969

■ 68, 9.388, 101.969

■ 67, 17.358,

■ 69, 1.438, 102.985

100.881

70, 6.471, 284.122

66, 25.300, 99.760

71, 14.323,
285.112

65, 33.138, 98.626

73, 22.110,
286.066

64, 40.745, 97.492

63, 47.909, 96.367

74, 29.829,
286.976

62, 54.300, 95.259

75, 37.477,
287.841

62, 59.451, 94.168

61, 62.838, 93.075

76, 38.384,
286.915

60, 64.489, 92.173

77, 37.032,
285.297

77, 35.710,
283.566

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 9.388, 101.969



63, 9.555, 284.630

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 9.388, 101.969



68, 9.388, 151.969



68, 9.388, 281.969



68, 9.388, 331.969

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 9.389, 101.979



87, 3.909, 102.791



64, 8.014, 8.145



46, 2.776, 102.718



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 9.389, 101.979



86, 13.738, 101.716



68, 11.304, 123.057



35, 4.471, 102.251



53, 58.475, 92.305



5, 7.740, 100.398

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 9.555, 284.630



79, 14.025, 284.939



63, 11.546, 304.306



33, 4.536, 284.320



19, 80.802, 303.501



1, 8.358, 284.358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 9.388, 101.969 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 9.388, 101.969 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

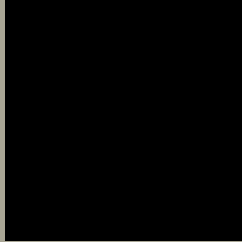
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

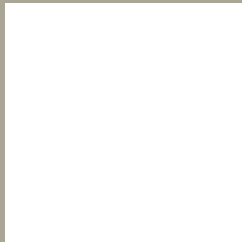
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 9.388, 101.969

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 9.388, 101.969.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 9.388, 101.969.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


68, 9.388, 101.969

Protanopia

68, 9.321, 89.394

Deuteranopia

68, 12.157, 46.901



Tritanopia
68, 8.305, 320.485

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 9.388, 101.969

Protanomaly
68, 9.194, 91.733

Deuteranomaly
68, 10.048, 60.642

Tritanomaly
68, 3.251, 359.806

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 9.388, 101.969

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 3.373, 96.634

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 9.388, 101.969 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 166, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 166, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 166, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 166, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 9.388, 101.969 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 166, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 166, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 166, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 166, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 166, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 166,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 9.388, 101.969 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 166, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
166, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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