

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 9.859, 17.481)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 9.859, 17.481) contains.

CIELCh(68, 9.760, 17.047)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(68, 9.760, 17.047)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9A0A1
RGB	185, 160, 161
RGB Percent	73%, 63%, 63%
CMY	0.2750, 0.3730, 0.3691
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.13, 0.27
HSL	358°, 15%, 68%
HSV	358°, 14%, 73%
XYZ	38.9542, 37.9720, 38.9428
YIQ	167.5890, 14.5790, 5.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

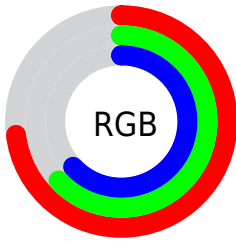
Format	Color
RYB	185, 160, 161
Decimal	12165281
CIELab	68.00, 9.33, 2.86
CIELCh	68, 9.760, 17.047
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3362, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290355361 (0xFFB9A0A1)
YUV	167.5890, -3.2484, 15.2694
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 5.0019, 5.6657

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 9.760, 17.047** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **73, 9.014, 195.285**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 9.570, 16.943**, and **48, 9.673, 17.091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 17.599, 18.056**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 2.449, 16.121**.

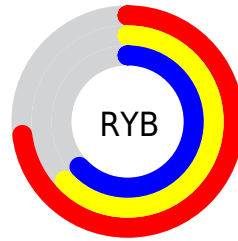
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (63%)

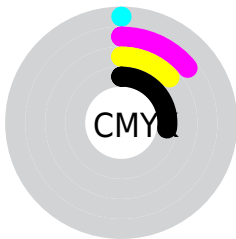
Blue (63%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (63%)

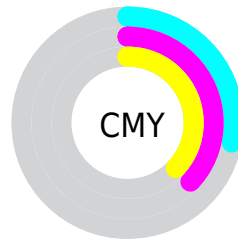


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 9.760, 17.047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 9.760, 17.047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 9.760, 17.047  68, 9.760, 17.047

 100, 9.760, 17.047  58, 9.760, 17.047

 88, 9.760, 17.047  48, 9.760, 17.047


 98, 9.760, 17.047  38, 9.760, 17.047

 28, 9.760, 17.047

 18, 9.760, 17.047

 8, 9.760, 17.047

 0, 9.760, 17.047

 68, 9.760, 17.047  68, 9.760, 17.047

 63, 17.599, 18.056  73, 2.449, 16.121

58, 25.951, 19.305

79, 4.346, 195.821

53, 34.735, 20.899

84, 10.662,
195.234

49, 43.798, 22.949

89, 16.544,
194.787

45, 52.903, 25.571

42, 61.747, 28.835

95, 22.041,
194.417

40, 69.961, 32.650

96, 22.592,
198.025

39, 76.920, 36.516

38, 80.394, 38.410

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 9.760, 17.047



73, 9.014, 195.285

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 9.760, 17.047



68, 9.760, 67.047



68, 9.760, 197.047



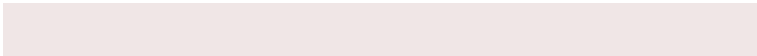
68, 9.760, 247.047

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 9.758, 17.057



92, 3.445, 16.188



69, 16.366, 323.774



49, 2.454, 16.270



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 9.758, 17.057



84, 14.407, 17.312



71, 8.140, 68.244



36, 4.005, 16.686



32, 70.366, 37.982



2, 10.654, 16.979

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 9.758, 17.057



84, 14.407, 17.312



70, 7.787, 251.570



36, 4.005, 16.686



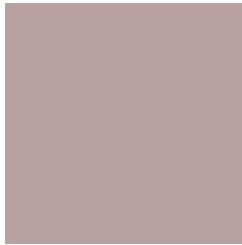
32, 70.366, 37.982



2, 10.654, 16.979

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 9.760, 17.047 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 9.760, 17.047 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

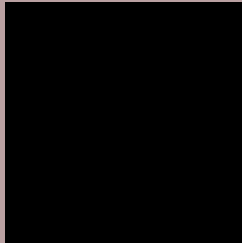
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 9.760, 17.047

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 9.760, 17.047.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 9.760, 17.047.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68, 9.760, 17.047

Protanopia

68, 1.613, 39.121

Deuteranopia

68, 9.364, 16.870



Tritanopia
68, 12.861, 346.917

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 9.760, 17.047

Protanomaly
68, 4.615, 19.716

Deuteranomaly
68, 9.364, 16.870

Tritanomaly
68, 11.285, 357.595

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 9.760, 17.047

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 3.869, 11.484

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 9.760, 17.047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 160, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 160, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 160, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 160, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 9.760, 17.047 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 160, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 160, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 160, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 160, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 160, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 160,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 9.760, 17.047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 160, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
160, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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