

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 90.426, 147.467)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 90.426, 147.467)
contains.

CIELCh(69, 83.045, 143.016)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(69, 83.045, 143.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C346
RGB	0, 195, 70
RGB Percent	0%, 76%, 27%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2363, 0.7264
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.64, 0.24
HSL	141°, 100%, 38%
HSV	141°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	20.5389, 39.3444, 12.2659
YIQ	122.4450, -76.0950, -80.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

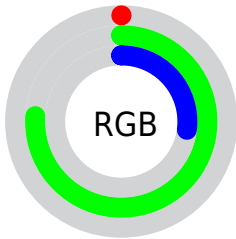
Format	Color
RYB	0, 143, 195
Decimal	49990
CIELab	69.00, -66.34, 49.96
CIELCh	69, 83.045, 143.016
Yxy	39.3444, 0.2847, 0.5453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240070 (0xFF00C346)
YUV	122.4450, -25.8554, -107.3843
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -51.3203, 32.3134

Details

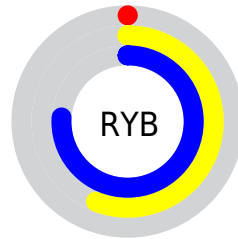
The CIELCh color **69, 83.045, 143.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **43, 72.771, 349.504**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 83.082, 143.037**, and **50, 75.337, 136.737** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 83.009, 142.991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 77.908, 145.026**.

Distribution



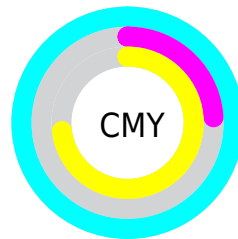
- Red (0%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 83.045, 143.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 83.045, 143.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 69, 83.045,
143.016


 69, 83.045,
143.016


 100, 83.045,
143.016


 59, 83.045,
143.016


 89, 83.045,
143.016

 49, 83.045,
143.016

 99, 83.045,
143.016

 39, 83.045,
143.016

 29, 83.045,
143.016

 19, 83.045,
143.016

 9, 83.045, 143.016

 0, 83.045, 143.016

■ 69, 83.045,
143.016

■ 69, 83.045,
143.016

■ 69, 83.009,
142.991

■ 69, 77.908,
145.026

■ 70, 71.908,
147.013

■ 70, 64.937,
148.831

■ 71, 57.075,
150.455

■ 72, 48.460,
151.885

■ 73, 39.260,
153.136

■ 74, 29.654,
154.227

■ 75, 19.813,

155.185

■ 77, 9.885, 156.037

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 83.045, 143.016



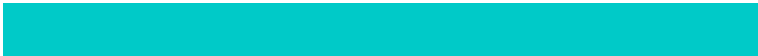
43, 72.771, 349.504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 83.045, 143.016



69, 83.045, 193.016



69, 83.045, 323.016



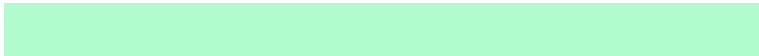
69, 83.045, 13.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 83.009, 142.991



93, 36.602, 154.180



72, 84.802, 122.262



49, 25.113, 153.725



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 83.009, 142.991



87, 101.715, 142.638



71, 47.702, 176.163



40, 5.580, 156.089



58, 71.449, 143.317



10, 20.280, 151.624

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 72.771, 349.504



55, 88.201, 349.962



41, 78.585, 33.145



38, 5.618, 337.376



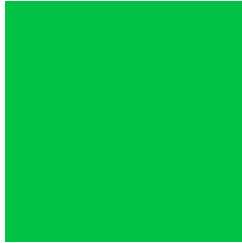
35, 63.270, 349.094



3, 17.404, 343.723

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 83.045, 143.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 83.045, 143.016 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 83.045, 143.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 83.045, 143.016.

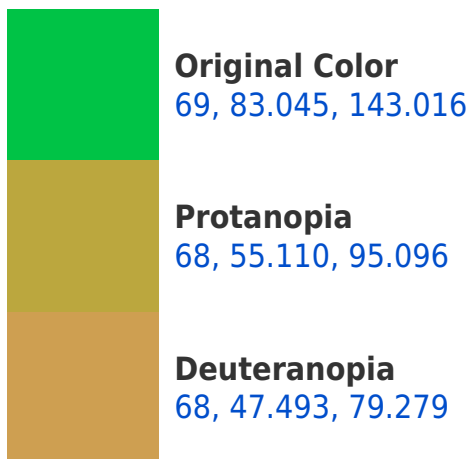


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 83.045, 143.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
69, 30.351, 213.170

Trichromacy



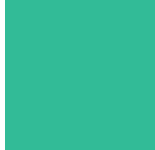
Original Color
69, 83.045, 143.016



Protanomaly
66, 62.453, 127.001



Deuteranomaly
66, 52.883, 124.084



Tritanomaly
68, 45.337, 169.948

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 83.045, 143.016



Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 36.877, 152.321

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 83.045, 143.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 195, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 195, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 195, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 195, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 83.045, 143.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 195, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 195, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 195, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 195, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 83.045, 143.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 195, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 195,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor