

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 93.025, 133.230)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 93.025, 133.230)
contains.

CIELCh(68, 93.017, 133.303)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(68, 93.017, 133.303)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38BF00
RGB	56, 191, 0
RGB Percent	22%, 75%, 0%
CMY	0.7819, 0.2520, 1.0000
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 1.00, 0.25
HSL	103°, 100%, 37%
HSV	103°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	20.1776, 37.9720, 6.2465
YIQ	128.8610, -19.1490, -88.0210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

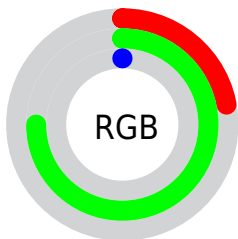
Format	Color
RYB	0, 191, 135
Decimal	3718912
CIELab	68.00, -63.80, 67.69
CIELCh	68, 93.017, 133.303
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3133, 0.5897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281908992 (0xFF38BF00)
YUV	128.8610, -63.5285, -63.8991
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -49.3888, 37.1249

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 93.017, 133.303** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**. A complement of this color would be **36, 96.118, 317.611**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 93.210, 133.401**, and **49, 75.072, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 92.952, 133.330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 89.317, 132.736**.

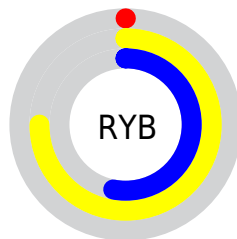
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (75%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (53%)

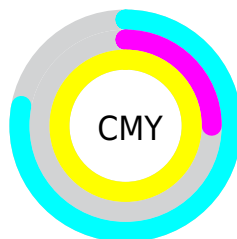


Cyan (71%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (78%)


Magenta (25%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 93.017, 133.303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 93.017, 133.303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 93.017,
133.303


 68, 93.017,
133.303


 100, 93.017,
133.303


 58, 93.017,
133.303


 88, 93.017,
133.303

 48, 93.017,
133.303

 98, 93.017,
133.303

 38, 93.017,
133.303

 28, 93.017,
133.303

 18, 93.017,
133.303

 8, 93.017, 133.303

 0, 93.017, 133.303

■ 68, 93.017,
133.303

■ 68, 93.017,
133.303

■ 68, 92.952,
133.330

■ 68, 89.317,
132.736

■ 69, 83.723,
132.466

■ 69, 76.118,
132.576

■ 70, 66.967,
132.943

■ 71, 56.745,
133.450

■ 72, 45.837,
134.009

■ 73, 34.528,
134.568

■ 74, 23.025,

135.098

■ 76, 11.477,
135.586

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 93.017, 133.303



36, 96.118, 317.611

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 93.017, 133.303



68, 93.017, 183.303



68, 93.017, 313.303



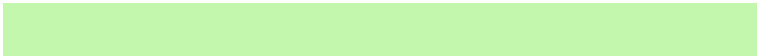
68, 93.017, 3.303

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 92.952, 133.330



92, 42.639, 134.542



60, 66.580, 78.720



49, 29.287, 134.306



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 92.952, 133.330



86, 113.274, 133.525



67, 90.634, 138.526



39, 6.446, 135.617



57, 80.722, 133.152



9, 20.201, 138.519

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 96.118, 317.611



47, 116.948, 317.463



43, 79.521, 338.183



37, 6.496, 316.372



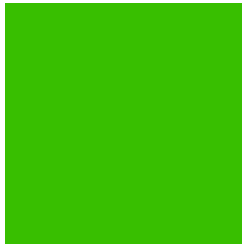
29, 83.592, 317.741



2, 18.971, 312.891

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 93.017, 133.303 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

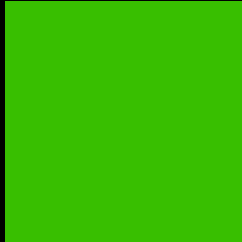
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 93.017, 133.303 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

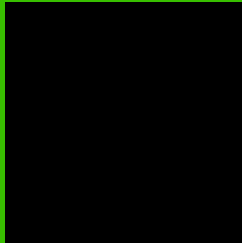
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 93.017, 133.303

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 93.017, 133.303.

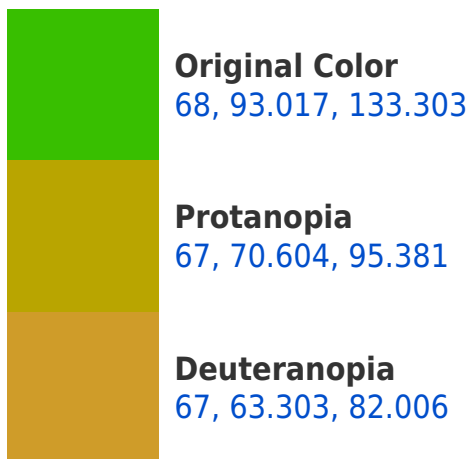


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 93.017, 133.303.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 25.926, 216.344

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 93.017, 133.303



Protanomaly
66, 74.779, 115.033



Deuteranomaly
66, 67.646, 109.694



Tritanomaly
67, 48.486, 153.186

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 93.017, 133.303



Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
58, 43.134, 133.783

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 93.017, 133.303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 191, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 191, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 191, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 191, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 93.017, 133.303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 191, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 191, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 191, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 191, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 191, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 191, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 93.017, 133.303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 191, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 191,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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