

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 0.421, 18.954)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 0.421, 18.954) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(69, 0.379, 18.159)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A9A8A8
RGB	169, 168, 168
RGB Percent	66%, 66%, 66%
CMY	0.3367, 0.3406, 0.3406
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.34
HSL	0°, 1%, 66%
HSV	0°, 1%, 66%
XYZ	37.5060, 39.3444, 42.7359
YIQ	168.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

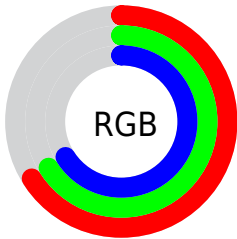
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	169, 168, 168
Decimal	11118760
CIELab	69.00, 0.36, 0.12
CIELCh	69, 0.379, 18.159
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3136, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289308840 (0xFFA9A8A8)
YUV	168.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -3.0361, 3.5121

# Details

The CIELCh color  $69, 0.379, 18.159$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $69, 0.374, 200.920$ , and the grayscale version is  $69, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89, 0.360, 17.766$ , and  $49, 0.405, 18.537$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64, 7.013, 20.243$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $74, 5.764, 199.283$ .

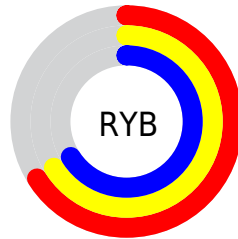
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (66%)

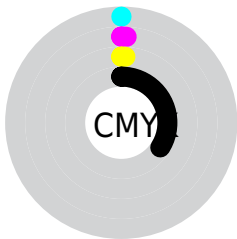
Blue (66%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (66%)

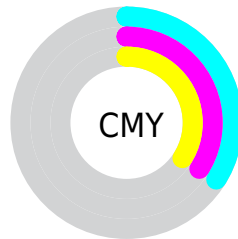


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 0.379, 18.159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 0.379, 18.159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 69, 0.379, 18.159       69, 0.379, 18.159

100, 0.379, 18.159       59, 0.379, 18.159

 89, 0.379, 18.159       49, 0.379, 18.159

 99, 0.379, 18.159       39, 0.379, 18.159

 29, 0.379, 18.159

 19, 0.379, 18.159

 9, 0.379, 18.159

 0, 0.379, 18.159

 69, 0.379, 18.159       69, 0.379, 18.159

 64, 7.013, 20.243       74, 5.764, 199.283

59, 14.175, 21.081

79, 11.455,  
198.852

55, 21.866, 22.135

84, 16.744,  
198.528

50, 30.048, 23.500

46, 38.617, 25.276

89, 21.677,  
198.270

43, 47.390, 27.568

94, 26.299,  
198.061

40, 56.100, 30.441

37, 64.368, 33.815

95, 26.983,  
197.754

36, 71.500, 37.222

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 0.379, 18.159



69, 0.374, 200.920

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 0.379, 18.159



69, 0.379, 68.159



69, 0.379, 198.159



69, 0.379, 248.159

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 0.378, 18.398



88, 0.010, 296.813



69, 0.677, 324.138



46, 0.006, 296.813



94, 0.011, 296.813

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 0.378, 18.398



87, 0.789, 18.962



69, 0.325, 74.350



36, 0.360, 18.885



30, 68.986, 39.405



1, 6.555, 19.615





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 0.374, 200.920



87, 0.782, 200.352



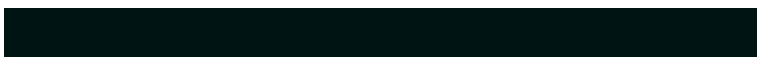
69, 0.337, 256.451



36, 0.357, 200.429



55, 33.250, 196.829

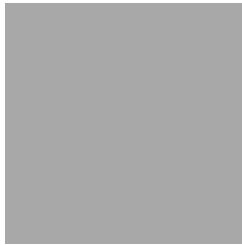


5, 6.544, 199.769



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 0.379, 18.159 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 0.379, 18.159 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

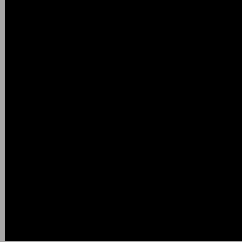
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

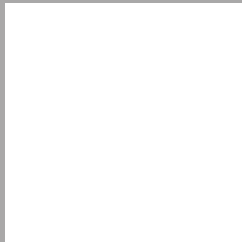
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 69, 0.379, 18.159**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 0.379, 18.159.

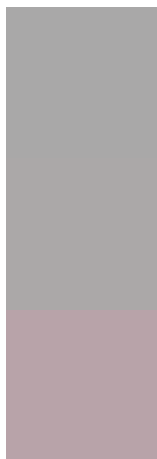


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 0.379, 18.159.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69, 0.379, 18.159

### Protanopia

69, 1.137, 19.078

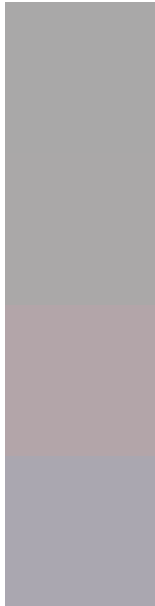
### Deuteranopia

69, 8.696, 357.998



**Tritanopia**  
69, 7.945, 304.333

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69, 0.379, 18.159

## Protanomaly

69, 0.757, 18.831

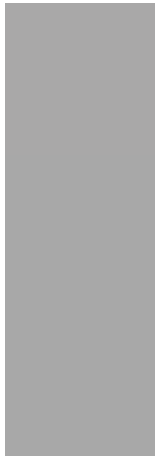
## Deuteranomaly

69, 5.783, 357.610

## Tritanomaly

69, 5.090, 303.313

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69, 0.379, 18.159

## Achromatopsia

69, 0.009, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

69, 0.009, 296.813



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 0.379, 18.159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 168, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 168, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 168, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 168, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 0.379, 18.159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 168, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 168, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 168, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 168, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 168, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 168,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 0.379, 18.159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 168, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
168, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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