

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 1.063, 95.262)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 1.063, 95.262) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 1.149, 90.727)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A8A6
RGB	169, 168, 166
RGB Percent	66%, 66%, 65%
CMY	0.3361, 0.3400, 0.3479
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.34
HSL	40°, 2%, 66%
HSV	40°, 2%, 66%
XYZ	37.3912, 39.3444, 41.8397
YIQ	168.0710, 1.2380, -0.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

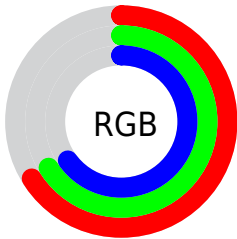
Format	Color
RYB	168, 169, 166
Decimal	11118758
CIELab	69.00, -0.01, 1.15
CIElCh	69, 1.149, 90.727
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3153, 0.3318
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289308838 (0xFFA9A8A6)
YUV	168.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -3.3629, 4.3592

Details

The CIELCh color **69, 1.149, 90.727** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **69, 1.165, 271.601**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 1.087, 90.720**, and **49, 1.231, 90.695** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 7.761, 89.738**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 5.324, 272.214**.

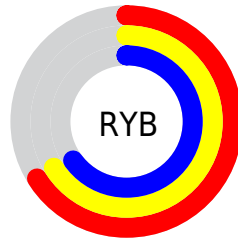
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (66%)

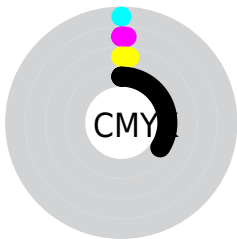
Blue (65%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (65%)

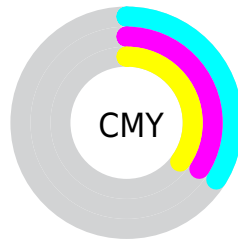


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 1.149, 90.727 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 1.149, 90.727 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 1.149, 90.727 ■ 69, 1.149, 90.727

100, 1.149, 90.727 ■ 59, 1.149, 90.727

■ 89, 1.149, 90.727 ■ 49, 1.149, 90.727

■ 99, 1.149, 90.727 ■ 39, 1.149, 90.727

■ 29, 1.149, 90.727

■ 19, 1.149, 90.727

■ 9, 1.149, 90.727

■ 0, 1.149, 90.727

■ 69, 1.149, 90.727 ■ 69, 1.149, 90.727

■ 67, 7.761, 89.738 ■ 71, 5.324, 272.214

65, 14.508, 88.479

73, 11.666,
273.325

63, 21.380, 87.173

75, 17.886,
274.400

62, 28.343, 85.827

60, 35.323, 84.439

77, 23.992,
275.426

58, 42.174, 82.996

79, 29.993,
276.402

56, 48.630, 81.465

55, 54.241, 79.771

81, 29.528,
272.564

53, 58.365, 77.776

82, 27.294,
266.458

84, 25.413,
259.429

85, 23.958,
251.491

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 1.149, 90.727



69, 1.165, 271.601

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 1.149, 90.727



69, 1.149, 140.727



69, 1.149, 270.727



69, 1.149, 320.727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 1.150, 90.808



87, 0.796, 90.760



68, 1.272, 353.527



46, 0.452, 90.747



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 1.150, 90.808



87, 1.603, 90.801



69, 1.649, 116.581



36, 0.731, 90.807



46, 55.012, 76.280



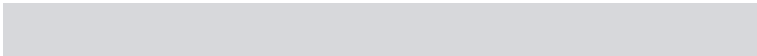
4, 6.221, 84.562

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 1.165, 271.601



86, 1.621, 271.610



68, 1.672, 296.831



35, 0.740, 271.603



25, 64.076, 296.002



2, 7.055, 274.727

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 1.149, 90.727 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 1.149, 90.727 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

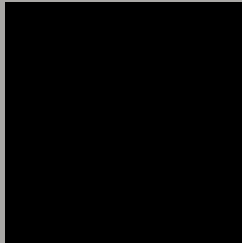
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

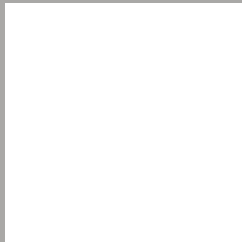
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 1.149, 90.727

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 1.149, 90.727.

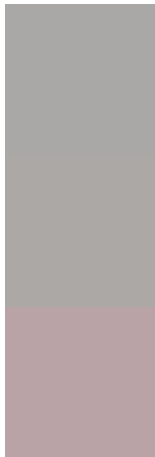


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 1.149, 90.727.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69, 1.149, 90.727

Protanopia

69, 1.863, 55.192

Deuteranopia

69, 8.749, 5.703



Tritanopia
69, 7.412, 305.297

Trichromacy



Original Color

69, 1.149, 90.727

Protanomaly

69, 1.569, 63.353

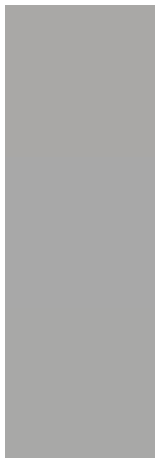
Deuteranomaly

69, 5.476, 8.295

Tritanomaly

69, 4.026, 306.701

Monochromacy



Original Color

69, 1.149, 90.727

Achromatopsia

69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly

69, 0.540, 110.018

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 1.149, 90.727 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 168, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 168, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 168, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 168, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 1.149, 90.727 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 168, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 168, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 168, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 168, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 168, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 168,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 1.149, 90.727 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 168, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
168, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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