

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 1.453, 43.768)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 1.453, 43.768) contains.

CIELCh(69, 1.255, 44.943)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(69, 1.255, 44.943)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABA8A7
RGB	171, 168, 167
RGB Percent	67%, 66%, 65%
CMY	0.3302, 0.3420, 0.3459
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.33
HSL	15°, 2%, 66%
HSV	15°, 2%, 67%
XYZ	37.6683, 39.3444, 42.0666
YIQ	168.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

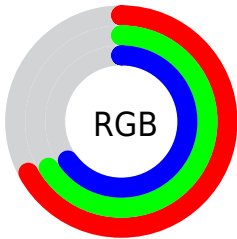
Format	Color
RYB	171, 168, 167
Decimal	11249831
CIELab	69.00, 0.89, 0.89
CIELCh	69, 1.255, 44.943
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3163, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289439911 (0xFFABA8A7)
YUV	168.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -2.5743, 4.1447

Details

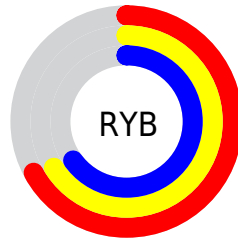
The CIELCh color **69, 1.255, 44.943** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **69, 1.243, 225.991**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 1.188, 44.854**, and **49, 1.346, 45.009** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 6.884, 44.933**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 3.966, 225.989**.

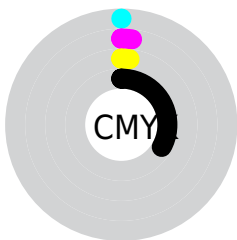
Distribution



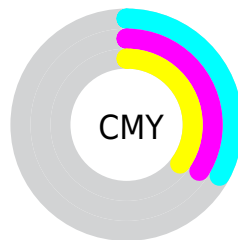
- Red (67%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 1.255, 44.943 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 1.255, 44.943 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 1.255, 44.943

■ 69, 1.255, 44.943

■ 100, 1.255, 44.943

■ 59, 1.255, 44.943

■ 89, 1.255, 44.943

■ 49, 1.255, 44.943

■ 99, 1.255, 44.943

■ 39, 1.255, 44.943

■ 29, 1.255, 44.943

■ 19, 1.255, 44.943

■ 9, 1.255, 44.943

■ 0, 1.255, 44.943

■ 69, 1.255, 44.943

■ 69, 1.255, 44.943

■ 65, 6.884, 44.933

■ 73, 3.966, 225.989

61, 12.966, 44.638

77, 8.824, 226.428

58, 19.540, 44.429

81, 13.361,
226.939

54, 26.632, 44.346

85, 17.615,
227.474

51, 34.241, 44.419

48, 42.316, 44.659

89, 21.623,
228.019

45, 50.708, 45.038

92, 23.635,
211.305

42, 59.063, 45.426

40, 66.597, 45.467

95, 26.540,
197.781

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 1.255, 44.943



69, 1.243, 225.991

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 1.255, 44.943



69, 1.255, 94.943



69, 1.255, 224.943



69, 1.255, 274.943

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 1.255, 45.033



88, 0.658, 44.599



69, 2.252, 332.360



47, 0.377, 44.551



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 1.255, 45.033



87, 1.995, 45.090



70, 1.672, 96.865



35, 1.206, 45.113



33, 64.072, 45.700



2, 5.525, 41.321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 1.243, 225.991



87, 1.967, 225.938



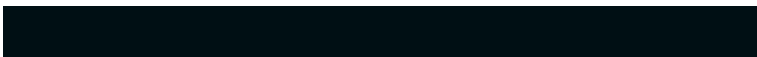
69, 1.690, 277.599



35, 1.184, 225.920



43, 30.362, 245.501



4, 5.382, 234.088

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 1.255, 44.943 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 1.255, 44.943 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

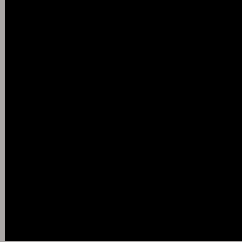
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

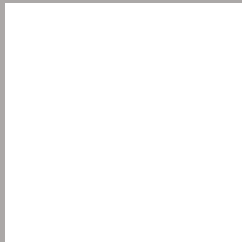
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 1.255, 44.943

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 1.255, 44.943.

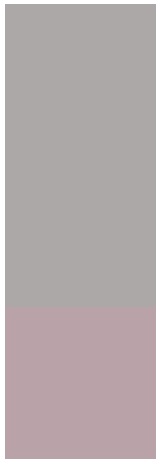


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 1.255, 44.943.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


69, 1.255, 44.943

Protanopia

69, 1.608, 39.117

Deuteranopia

69, 8.887, 2.278



Tritanopia
69, 7.637, 310.693

Trichromacy



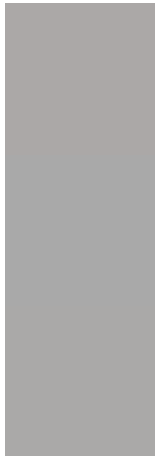
Original Color
69, 1.255, 44.943

Protanomaly
69, 1.608, 39.117

Deuteranomaly
69, 5.975, 3.937

Tritanomaly
69, 4.801, 313.467

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 1.255, 44.943

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
69, 0.655, 74.784

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 1.255, 44.943 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 168, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 168, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 168, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 168, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 1.255, 44.943 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 168, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 168, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 168, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 168, 167); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 168, 167); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 168, 167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 1.255, 44.943 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 168, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
168, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor