

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 12.412, 209.427)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 12.412, 209.427)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 12.443, 208.676)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CAF ^B 3
RGB	140, 175, 179
RGB Percent	55%, 69%, 70%
CMY	0.4521, 0.3148, 0.2991
CMYK	0.22, 0.02, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	186°, 20%, 62%
HSV	186°, 22%, 70%
XYZ	34.1515, 39.3444, 48.2917
YIQ	164.9910, -22.1440, -6.1760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

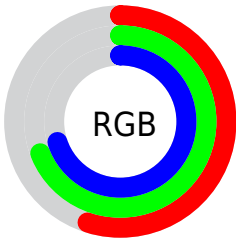
Format	Color
RYB	140, 158, 179
Decimal	9220019
CIELab	69.00, -10.92, -5.97
CIElCh	69, 12.443, 208.676
Yxy	39.3444, 0.2804, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287410099 (0xFF8CAF3)
YUV	164.9910, 6.9064, -21.9171
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -12.5823, -1.7395

Details

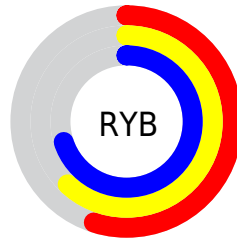
The CIELCh color $69, 12.443, 208.676$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $63, 14.424, 29.552$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89, 12.647, 208.150$, and $49, 12.521, 206.276$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $67, 17.491, 208.720$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 6.948, 208.754$.

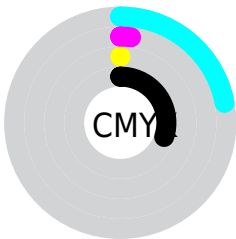
Distribution



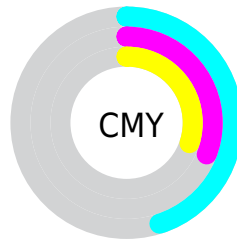
- Red (55%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 12.443, 208.676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 12.443, 208.676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 69, 12.443,
208.676


 69, 12.443,
208.676


 100, 12.443,
208.676


 59, 12.443,
208.676


 89, 12.443,
208.676

 49, 12.443,
208.676

 99, 12.443,
208.676

 39, 12.443,
208.676

 29, 12.443,
208.676

 19, 12.443,
208.676

 9, 12.443, 208.676

 0, 12.443, 208.676

69, 12.443,
208.676

69, 12.443,
208.676

67, 17.491,
208.720

71, 6.948, 208.754

66, 21.995,
208.917

72, 1.096, 209.290

74, 5.030, 28.934

65, 25.861,
209.291

76, 11.356, 29.257

64, 29.009,
209.875

79, 17.825, 29.579

81, 24.386, 29.921

63, 31.385,
210.707

82, 27.072, 31.242

62, 32.975,
211.828

82, 26.579, 33.417

83, 26.127, 35.673

61, 33.819,
213.272

60, 34.125,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 12.443, 208.676



63, 14.424, 29.552

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 12.443, 208.676



69, 12.443, 258.676



69, 12.443, 28.676



69, 12.443, 78.676

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 12.443, 208.670



90, 5.151, 208.858



69, 24.384, 145.825



48, 3.369, 208.841



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 12.443, 208.670



86, 18.042, 208.676



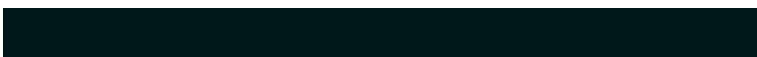
64, 14.001, 268.617



37, 3.348, 208.801



52, 30.459, 214.400



6, 7.979, 213.796

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 24.381, 328.595



77, 35.922, 328.867



68, 14.336, 82.622



35, 6.292, 327.855



35, 72.914, 332.712



2, 14.639, 328.887

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 12.443, 208.676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

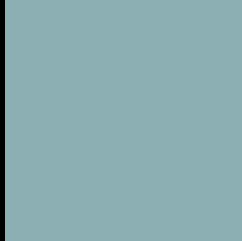
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 12.443, 208.676 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

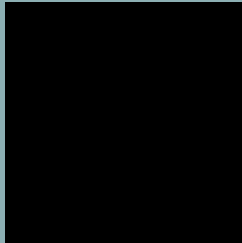
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 12.443, 208.676

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 12.443, 208.676.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 12.443, 208.676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

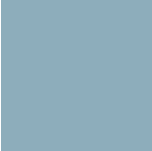
Dichromacy



Original Color
69, 12.443, 208.676

Protanopia
69, 3.935, 301.486

Deuteranopia
69, 11.409, 320.227



Tritanopia
69, 13.236, 234.406

Trichromacy



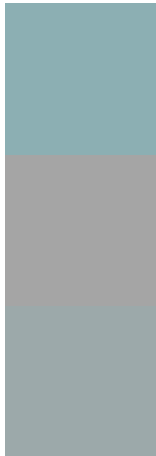
Original Color
69, 12.443, 208.676

Protanomaly
69, 5.425, 236.681

Deuteranomaly
69, 7.215, 282.197

Tritanomaly
69, 12.560, 224.655

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 12.443, 208.676

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 4.823, 205.663

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 12.443, 208.676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 175, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 175, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 175, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 175, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 12.443, 208.676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 175, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 175, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 175, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 175, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 175, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 175,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 12.443, 208.676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 175, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
175, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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