

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 14.118, 282.470)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 14.118, 282.470)
contains.

CIELCh(69, 13.894, 281.376)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(69, 13.894, 281.376)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1A8C1
RGB	161, 168, 193
RGB Percent	63%, 66%, 76%
CMY	0.3693, 0.3418, 0.2438
CMYK	0.17, 0.13, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	227°, 20%, 69%
HSV	227°, 17%, 76%
XYZ	38.2411, 39.3444, 55.9289
YIQ	168.7570, -12.1970, 6.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

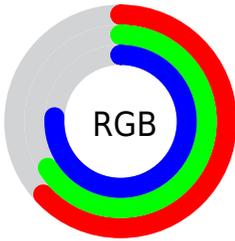
Format	Color
RYB	161, 167, 193
Decimal	10594497
CIELab	69.00, 2.74, -13.62
CIElCh	69, 13.894, 281.376
Yxy	39.3444, 0.2864, 0.2947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288784577 (0xFFA1A8C1)
YUV	168.7570, 11.9518, -6.8029
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -0.9442, -8.9584

Details

The CIELCh color $69, 13.894, 281.376$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $75, 13.677, 97.320$, and the grayscale version is $69, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89, 13.704, 281.342$, and $49, 13.686, 281.141$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 22.577, 282.928$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 5.450, 280.053$.

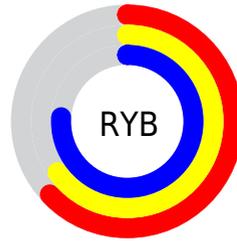
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (66%)

Blue (76%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (76%)

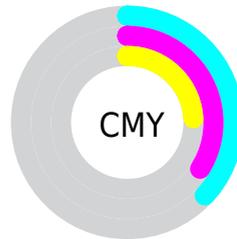


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 13.894, 281.376 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 13.894, 281.376 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 13.894,
281.376

■ 69, 13.894,
281.376

■ 100, 13.894,
281.376

■ 59, 13.894,
281.376

■ 89, 13.894,
281.376

■ 49, 13.894,
281.376

■ 99, 13.894,
281.376

■ 39, 13.894,
281.376

■ 29, 13.894,
281.376

■ 19, 13.894,
281.376

■ 9, 13.894, 281.376

■ 0, 13.894, 281.376

69, 13.894,
281.376

69, 13.894,
281.376

64, 22.577,
282.928

74, 5.450, 280.053

58, 31.526,
284.749

80, 2.766, 98.815

53, 40.766,
286.867

85, 10.769, 97.866

47, 50.324,
289.307

96, 26.005, 98.123

42, 60.206,
292.055

99, 31.307,
107.796

37, 70.342,
295.043

33, 80.484,
298.115

29, 90.084,

301.022

■ 28, 93.111,
301.878

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 13.894, 281.376



75, 13.677, 97.320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 13.894, 281.376



69, 13.894, 331.376



69, 13.894, 101.376



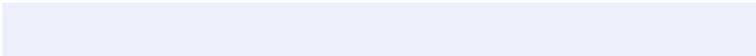
69, 13.894, 151.376

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 13.893, 281.372



95, 5.094, 279.877



76, 12.250, 179.257



50, 3.477, 279.958



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 13.893, 281.372



85, 20.775, 281.923



68, 17.981, 301.633



38, 4.721, 280.396



23, 80.336, 301.499



2, 16.521, 284.431

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 12.933, 3.434



85, 19.411, 3.874



77, 17.399, 119.544



38, 4.359, 2.636



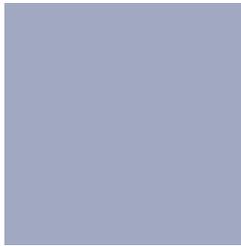
33, 64.654, 27.354



3, 14.340, 7.634

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 13.894, 281.376 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

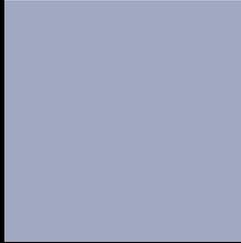
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 13.894, 281.376 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

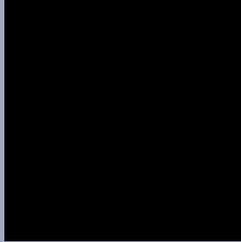
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

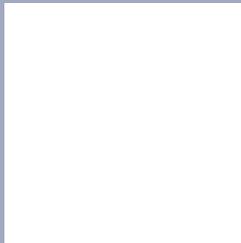
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 13.894, 281.376

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 13.894, 281.376.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 13.894, 281.376.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69, 13.894, 281.376

Protanopia

69, 13.761, 287.143

Deuteranopia

69, 16.873, 302.750



Tritanopia
69, 8.413, 265.692

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 13.894, 281.376

Protanomaly
69, 13.785, 285.687

Deuteranomaly
69, 16.048, 296.831

Tritanomaly
69, 10.319, 273.089

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 13.894, 281.376

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
69, 5.045, 278.073

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 13.894, 281.376 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 168, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 168, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 168, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 168, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 13.894, 281.376 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 168, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 168, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 168, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 168, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 168, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 168,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 13.894, 281.376 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 168, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
168, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor