

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 17.133, 227.359)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 17.133, 227.359)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 17.141, 227.249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 82B0BF |
| RGB | 130, 176, 191 |
| RGB Percent | 51%, 69%, 75% |
| CMY | 0.4918, 0.3114, 0.2526 |
| CMYK | 0.32, 0.08, 0.00, 0.25 |
| HSL | 195°, 32%, 63% |
| HSV | 195°, 32%, 75% |
| XYZ | 33.9448, 39.3444, 54.8525 |
| YIQ | 163.9560, -32.2310, -5.0870 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

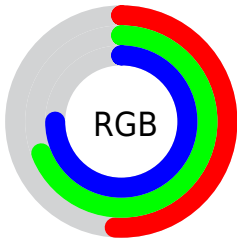
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 130, 156, 191 |
| Decimal | 8564927 |
| CIELab | 69.00, -11.64, -12.59 |
| CIELCh | 69, 17.141, 227.249 |
| Yxy | 39.3444, 0.2649, 0.3070 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286755007 (0xFF82B0BF) |
| YUV | 163.9560, 13.3327, -29.7794 |
| Hunter-Lab | 62.7251, -13.1706, -7.9409 |

Details

The CIELCh color **69, 17.141, 227.249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **64, 21.179, 43.915**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 16.975, 226.079**, and **49, 17.191, 229.152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 21.652, 228.491**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 12.170, 226.301**.

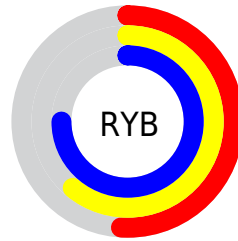
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (69%)

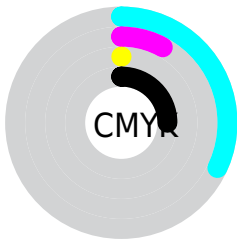
Blue (75%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (75%)

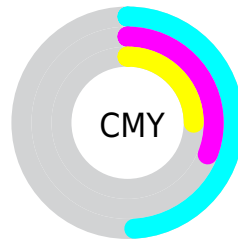


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 17.141, 227.249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 17.141, 227.249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 69, 17.141,
227.249

 69, 17.141,
227.249

 100, 17.141,
227.249


 59, 17.141,
227.249


 89, 17.141,
227.249

 49, 17.141,
227.249

 99, 17.141,
227.249

 39, 17.141,
227.249

 29, 17.141,
227.249

 19, 17.141,
227.249

 9, 17.141, 227.249

 0, 17.141, 227.249

69, 17.141,
227.249

69, 17.141,
227.249

67, 21.652,
228.491

71, 12.170,
226.301

64, 25.627,
230.110

74, 6.820, 225.611

77, 1.165, 225.436

62, 29.005,
232.185

79, 4.728, 44.495

60, 31.756,
234.807

82, 10.799, 44.273

59, 33.897,
238.060

85, 17.001, 44.094

87, 20.402, 47.356

57, 35.516,
241.993

88, 20.120, 55.533

56, 36.608,
245.489

89, 20.264, 63.754

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 17.141, 227.249



64, 21.179, 43.915

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 17.141, 227.249



69, 17.141, 277.249



69, 17.141, 47.249



69, 17.141, 97.249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 17.141, 227.245



94, 7.055, 225.513



72, 34.166, 149.222



50, 4.836, 225.588



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 17.141, 227.245



85, 24.544, 228.030



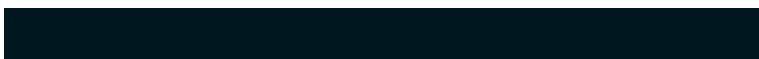
61, 25.572, 280.879



39, 3.215, 225.473



47, 31.766, 244.775



6, 9.481, 236.604

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 34.079, 334.344



75, 49.793, 334.838



72, 25.127, 92.161



37, 5.954, 332.752



35, 67.109, 340.887



3, 16.876, 336.723

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 17.141, 227.249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 17.141, 227.249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

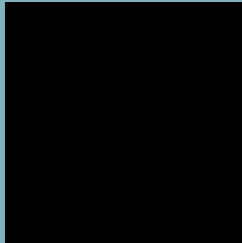
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

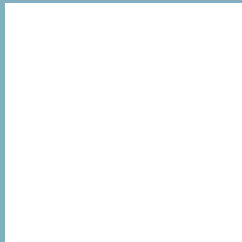
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 17.141, 227.249

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 17.141, 227.249.

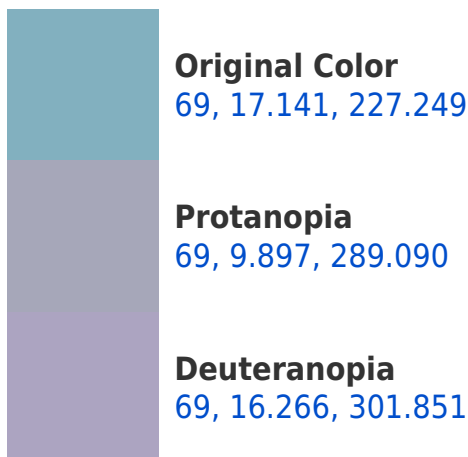


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 17.141, 227.249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
69, 17.212, 225.009

Trichromacy



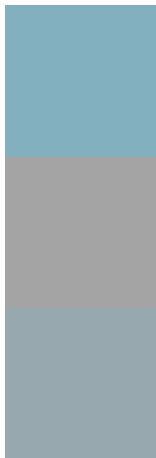
Original Color
69, 17.141, 227.249

Protanomaly
69, 10.950, 257.978

Deuteranomaly
69, 13.644, 275.140

Tritanomaly
69, 17.212, 225.009

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 17.141, 227.249

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 6.928, 227.597

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 17.141, 227.249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 176, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 176, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 176, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 176, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 17.141, 227.249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 176, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 176, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 176, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 176, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 176, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 176,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 17.141, 227.249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 176, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
176, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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