

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 18.585, 234.953)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 18.585, 234.953)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 18.577, 234.928)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80AFC3
RGB	128, 175, 195
RGB Percent	50%, 69%, 76%
CMY	0.4969, 0.3125, 0.2341
CMYK	0.34, 0.10, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	198°, 36%, 63%
HSV	198°, 34%, 77%
XYZ	34.2214, 39.3444, 57.6035
YIQ	163.2270, -34.4320, -3.7440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

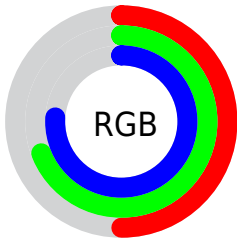
Format	Color
RYB	128, 156, 195
Decimal	8433603
CIELab	69.00, -10.67, -15.20
CIElCh	69, 18.577, 234.928
Yxy	39.3444, 0.2609, 0.3000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286623683 (0xFF80AFC3)
YUV	163.2270, 15.6641, -30.8941
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -12.3834, -10.5413

Details

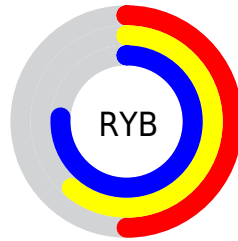
The CIELCh color **69, 18.577, 234.928** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **65, 22.928, 49.433**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 18.605, 234.819**, and **49, 18.365, 233.540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 23.178, 236.617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72, 13.553, 233.594**.

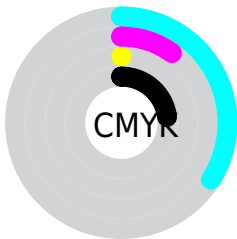
Distribution



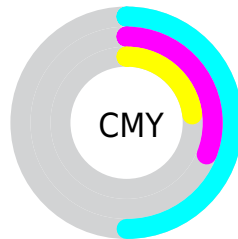
- Red (50%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 18.577, 234.928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 18.577, 234.928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 18.577,
234.928

■ 69, 18.577,
234.928

■ 100, 18.577,
234.928

■ 59, 18.577,
234.928

■ 89, 18.577,
234.928

■ 49, 18.577,
234.928

■ 99, 18.577,
234.928

■ 39, 18.577,
234.928

■ 29, 18.577,
234.928

■ 19, 18.577,
234.928

■ 9, 18.577, 234.928

■ 0, 18.577, 234.928

69, 18.577,
234.928

69, 18.577,
234.928

66, 23.178,
236.617

72, 13.553,
233.594

64, 27.295,
238.751

75, 8.177, 232.563

78, 2.515, 231.870

61, 30.889,
241.419

81, 3.370, 50.874

59, 33.957,
244.704

84, 9.425, 50.457

57, 36.551,
248.667

87, 15.604, 50.077

89, 18.518, 55.626

55, 38.797,
253.294

91, 18.808, 66.685

54, 40.043,
256.056

92, 19.774, 76.993

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 18.577, 234.928



65, 22.928, 49.433

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 18.577, 234.928



69, 18.577, 284.928



69, 18.577, 54.928



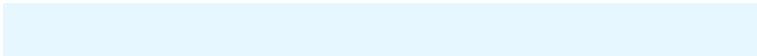
69, 18.577, 104.928

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 18.576, 234.925



96, 7.161, 232.219



73, 35.939, 150.800



51, 4.871, 232.331



0, 0.000, 0.000



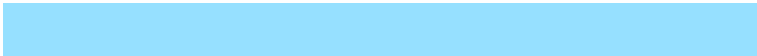
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 18.576, 234.925



85, 26.891, 236.128



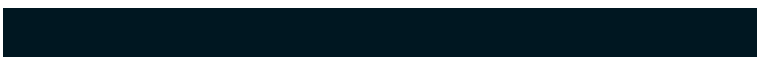
60, 29.847, 284.441



39, 3.254, 232.159



45, 34.415, 255.254



7, 10.563, 244.957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 35.918, 336.727



75, 52.978, 337.346



74, 28.787, 95.316



38, 5.862, 334.827



35, 65.535, 344.547



4, 18.283, 340.142

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 18.577, 234.928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

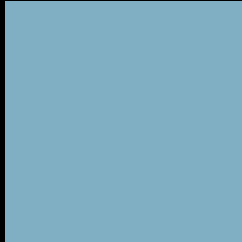
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 18.577, 234.928 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 18.577, 234.928

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 18.577, 234.928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 18.577, 234.928.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
69, 18.577, 234.928

Protanopia
69, 12.667, 286.628

Deuteranopia
69, 18.876, 298.435



Tritanopia
69, 17.745, 224.113

Trichromacy



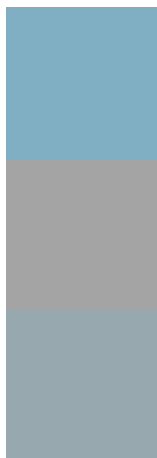
Original Color
69, 18.577, 234.928

Protanomaly
69, 13.582, 262.412

Deuteranomaly
69, 16.431, 275.997

Tritanomaly
69, 18.121, 227.499

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 18.577, 234.928

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 7.181, 231.610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 18.577, 234.928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 175, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 175, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 175, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 175, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 18.577, 234.928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 175, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 175, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 175, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 175, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 175, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 175,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 18.577, 234.928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 175, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
175, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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