

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 19.296, 246.460)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 19.296, 246.460)
contains.

CIELCh(69, 19.381, 246.448)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(69, 19.381, 246.448)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84AEC8
RGB	132, 174, 200
RGB Percent	52%, 68%, 78%
CMY	0.4824, 0.3177, 0.2157
CMYK	0.34, 0.13, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	203°, 38%, 65%
HSV	203°, 34%, 78%
XYZ	35.0741, 39.3444, 60.3848
YIQ	164.4060, -33.3780, -0.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

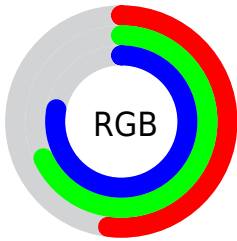
Format	Color
RYB	132, 158, 200
Decimal	8695496
CIELab	69.00, -7.74, -17.77
CIElCh	69, 19.381, 246.448
Yxy	39.3444, 0.2602, 0.2919
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286885576 (0xFF84AEC8)
YUV	164.4060, 17.5478, -28.4201
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -9.9568, -13.1703

Details

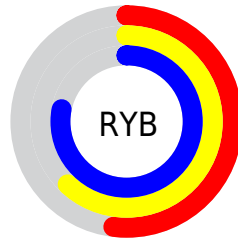
The CIELCh color **69, 19.381, 246.448** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **68, 22.884, 58.574**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 18.785, 245.220**, and **49, 19.216, 245.986** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 24.494, 248.550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72, 13.961, 244.733**.

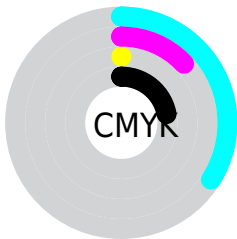
Distribution



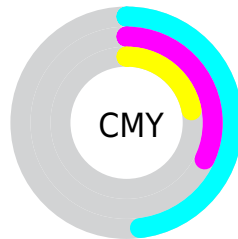
- Red (52%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 19.381, 246.448 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 19.381, 246.448 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 19.381,
246.448

■ 69, 19.381,
246.448

■ 100, 19.381,
246.448

■ 59, 19.381,
246.448

■ 89, 19.381,
246.448

■ 49, 19.381,
246.448

■ 99, 19.381,
246.448

■ 39, 19.381,
246.448

■ 29, 19.381,
246.448

■ 19, 19.381,
246.448

■ 9, 19.381, 246.448

■ 0, 19.381, 246.448

69, 19.381,
246.448

69, 19.381,
246.448

66, 24.494,
248.550

72, 13.961,
244.733

63, 29.266,
251.125

76, 8.286, 243.350

79, 2.405, 242.334

60, 33.680,
254.246

83, 3.636, 61.072

57, 37.761,
257.970

86, 9.794, 60.368

54, 41.587,
262.303

90, 16.034, 59.733

92, 17.676, 72.762

52, 45.289,
267.163

94, 19.562, 86.083

50, 47.557,
270.135

96, 22.300, 96.511

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 19.381, 246.448



68, 22.884, 58.574

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 19.381, 246.448



69, 19.381, 296.448



69, 19.381, 66.448



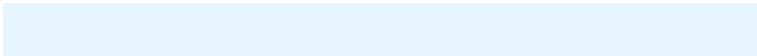
69, 19.381, 116.448

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 19.380, 246.445



96, 7.253, 242.900



75, 34.039, 154.158



50, 4.938, 243.060



0, 0.000, 0.000



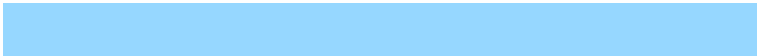
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 19.380, 246.445



83, 27.968, 248.002



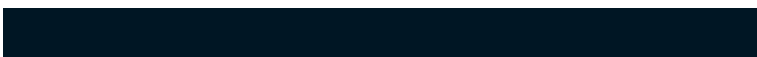
60, 33.329, 288.847



40, 3.366, 242.817



41, 40.445, 269.313



6, 12.244, 257.475

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 34.321, 340.591



75, 50.167, 341.345



77, 31.441, 100.404



39, 5.642, 338.472



35, 63.206, 351.096



4, 19.263, 345.688

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 19.381, 246.448 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

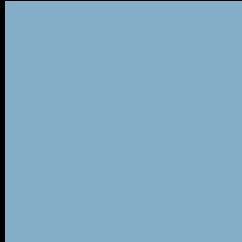
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 19.381, 246.448 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

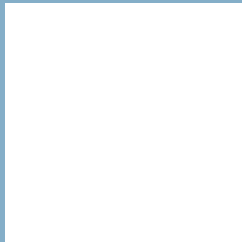
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 19.381, 246.448

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 19.381, 246.448.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 19.381, 246.448.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69, 19.381, 246.448

Protanopia

69, 15.422, 286.514

Deuteranopia

69, 20.970, 295.092



Tritanopia
69, 16.945, 225.481

Trichromacy



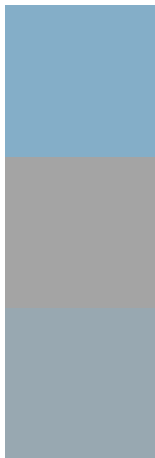
Original Color
69, 19.381, 246.448

Protanomaly
69, 15.874, 268.821

Deuteranomaly
69, 18.610, 277.199

Tritanomaly
69, 17.596, 235.080

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 19.381, 246.448

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 7.513, 240.503

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 19.381, 246.448 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 174, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 174, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 174, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 174, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 19.381, 246.448 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 174, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 174, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 174, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 174, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 174, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 174,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 19.381, 246.448 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 174, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
174, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor