

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 19.768, 55.876)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 19.768, 55.876) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(69, 19.942, 57.163)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7A18B
RGB	199, 161, 139
RGB Percent	78%, 63%, 55%
CMY	0.2208, 0.3697, 0.4560
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.30, 0.22
HSL	22°, 35%, 66%
HSV	22°, 30%, 78%
XYZ	40.8055, 39.3444, 29.7615
YIQ	169.8540, 29.7100, 1.2140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

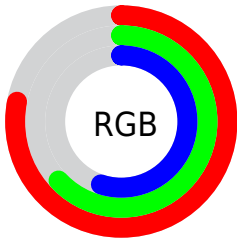
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	199, 174, 139
Decimal	13083019
CIE Lab	69.00, 10.81, 16.76
CIE LCh	69, 19.942, 57.163
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3713, 0.3580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291273099 (0xFFC7A18B)
YUV	169.8540, -15.2110, 25.5610
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, 6.3534, 15.7759

# Details

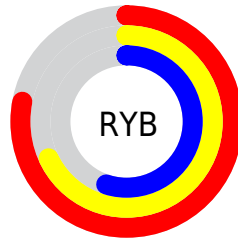
The CIELCh color  $69, 19.942, 57.163$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $70, 17.118, 243.674$ , and the grayscale version is  $69, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89, 19.299, 58.101$ , and  $49, 19.898, 56.277$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65, 27.494, 56.393$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $73, 12.881, 57.998$ .

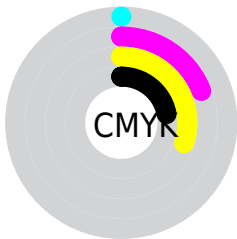
# Distribution



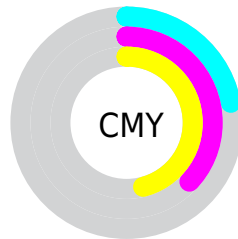
- Red (78%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 19.942, 57.163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 19.942, 57.163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69, 19.942, 57.163

69, 19.942, 57.163

100, 19.942,  
57.163

59, 19.942, 57.163

89, 19.942, 57.163

49, 19.942, 57.163

99, 19.942, 57.163

39, 19.942, 57.163

29, 19.942, 57.163

19, 19.942, 57.163

9, 19.942, 57.163

0, 19.942, 57.163

69, 19.942, 57.163

69, 19.942, 57.163

65, 27.494, 56.393

73, 12.881, 57.998

62, 35.544, 55.678

76, 6.283, 58.841

59, 44.045, 55.021

80, 0.105, 55.405

56, 52.845, 54.382

84, 5.696, 240.821

53, 61.574, 53.637

88, 11.162,  
241.699

50, 69.452, 52.493

91, 15.432,  
238.097

48, 75.669, 50.849

95, 16.659,  
209.543

96, 18.499,  
198.282

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 19.942, 57.163



70, 17.118, 243.674

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 19.942, 57.163



69, 19.942, 107.163



69, 19.942, 237.163



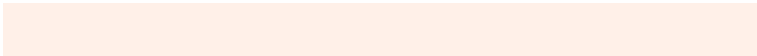
69, 19.942, 287.163

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 19.942, 57.171



96, 6.774, 58.927



65, 30.647, 339.480



51, 4.731, 58.806



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 19.942, 57.171



84, 29.778, 56.670



77, 27.794, 100.833



40, 3.492, 58.906



40, 65.063, 51.393



6, 13.246, 43.427



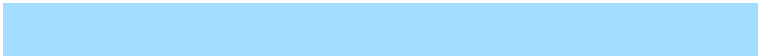


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 17.118, 243.674



85, 24.627, 244.824



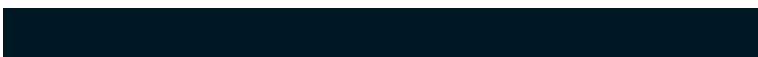
62, 29.229, 288.183



40, 3.349, 240.860



42, 39.245, 266.969



7, 12.045, 255.320



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 19.942, 57.163 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 19.942, 57.163 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

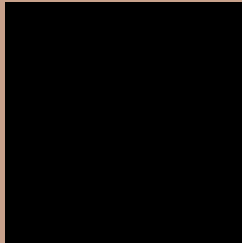
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 69, 19.942, 57.163

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 19.942, 57.163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 19.942, 57.163.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69, 19.942, 57.163

### Protanopia

69, 14.761, 92.860

### Deuteranopia

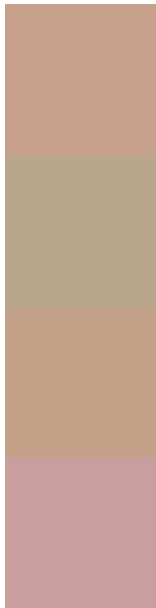
69, 19.061, 63.302



**Tritanopia**  
69, 19.120, 359.541



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 19.942, 57.163

**Protanomaly**  
69, 15.720, 75.879

**Deuteranomaly**  
69, 19.372, 62.461

**Tritanomaly**  
69, 17.065, 20.959

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 19.942, 57.163

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
69, 6.687, 60.414

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 19.942, 57.163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 161, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 161, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 161, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 161, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 19.942, 57.163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 161, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 161, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 161, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 161, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 161, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 161,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 19.942, 57.163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 161, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
161, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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