

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 2.250, 332.359)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 2.250, 332.359) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 2.252, 332.360)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABA7AA
RGB	171, 167, 170
RGB Percent	67%, 65%, 67%
CMY	0.3283, 0.3440, 0.3322
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.33
HSL	315°, 2%, 66%
HSV	315°, 2%, 67%
XYZ	38.0099, 39.3444, 43.7621
YIQ	168.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

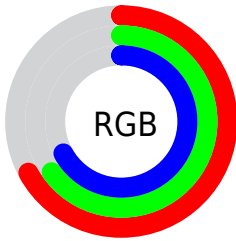
Format	Color
RYB	171, 167, 170
Decimal	11249578
CIELab	69.00, 2.00, -1.04
CIElCh	69, 2.252, 332.360
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3138, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289439658 (0xFFABA7AA)
YUV	168.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -1.6023, 2.5421

Details

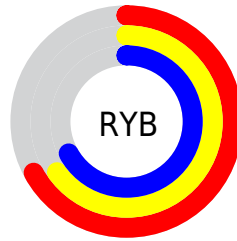
The CIELCh color $69, 2.252, 332.360$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $70, 2.235, 152.327$, and the grayscale version is $69, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89, 2.139, 332.288$, and $49, 2.406, 332.454$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 11.962, 333.117$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 7.280, 151.920$.

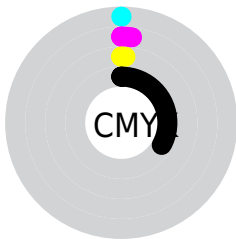
Distribution



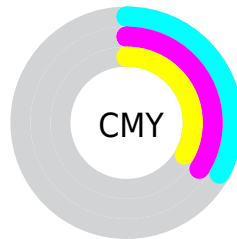
- Red (67%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 2.252, 332.360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 2.252, 332.360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 2.252, 332.360

■ 69, 2.252, 332.360

■ 100, 2.252,
332.360

■ 59, 2.252, 332.360

■ 89, 2.252, 332.360

■ 49, 2.252, 332.360

■ 99, 2.252, 332.360

■ 39, 2.252, 332.360

■ 29, 2.252, 332.360

■ 19, 2.252, 332.360

■ 9, 2.252, 332.360

■ 0, 2.252, 332.360

■ 69, 2.252, 332.360

■ 69, 2.252, 332.360

■ 64, 11.962,

■ 74, 7.280, 151.920

333.117

78, 16.570,
151.314

60, 21.756,
333.807

83, 25.592,
150.756

56, 31.472,
334.525

88, 34.337,
150.232

52, 40.875,
335.279

93, 42.809,
149.738

48, 49.641,
336.080

94, 42.339,
151.349

45, 57.365,
336.942

94, 40.693,
153.384

42, 63.601,
337.890

94, 39.088,
155.578

40, 67.952,
338.964

94, 37.530,
157.947

39, 70.200,
340.213

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 2.252, 332.360



70, 2.235, 152.327

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 2.252, 332.360



69, 2.252, 22.360



69, 2.252, 152.360



69, 2.252, 202.360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 2.250, 332.366



88, 1.193, 332.119



69, 2.240, 300.039



47, 0.684, 332.098



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 2.250, 332.366



87, 3.570, 332.442



69, 1.619, 359.456



36, 2.206, 332.502



33, 64.563, 341.106



2, 10.942, 335.650

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 2.250, 332.366



87, 3.570, 332.442



70, 1.599, 179.586



36, 2.206, 332.502



33, 64.563, 341.106



2, 10.942, 335.650

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 2.252, 332.360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 2.252, 332.360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

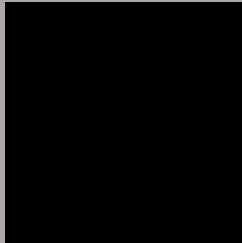
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

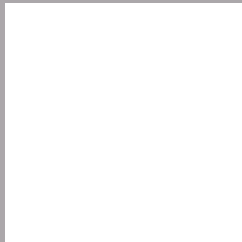
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 2.252, 332.360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 2.252, 332.360.

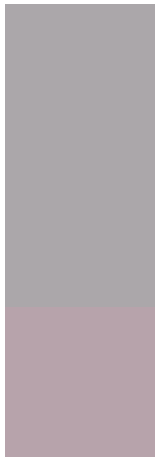


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 2.252, 332.360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


69, 2.252, 332.360

Protanopia

69, 2.252, 332.360

Deuteranopia

69, 8.808, 350.359



Tritanopia
69, 7.637, 310.693

Trichromacy



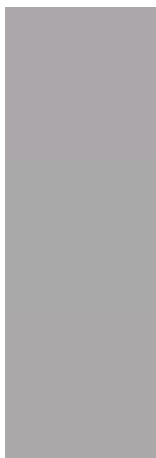
Original Color
69, 2.252, 332.360

Protanomaly
69, 2.252, 332.360

Deuteranomaly
69, 6.272, 348.307

Tritanomaly
69, 5.965, 312.692

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 2.252, 332.360

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
69, 0.944, 343.364

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 2.252, 332.360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 167, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 167, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 167, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 167, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 2.252, 332.360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 167, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 167, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 167, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 167, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 167, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 167,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 2.252, 332.360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 167, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
167, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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