

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 2.750, 290.454)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 2.750, 290.454) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 2.752, 290.476)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8A8AD
RGB	168, 168, 173
RGB Percent	66%, 66%, 68%
CMY	0.3412, 0.3412, 0.3216
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	240°, 3%, 67%
HSV	240°, 3%, 68%
XYZ	37.6912, 39.3444, 45.1402
YIQ	168.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

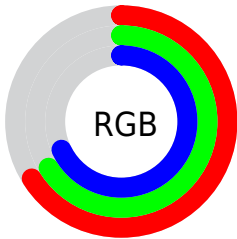
Format	Color
R _{YB}	168, 168, 173
Decimal	11053229
CIE Lab	69.00, 0.96, -2.58
CIE LCh	69, 2.752, 290.476
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3085, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289243309 (0xFFA8A8AD)
YUV	168.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -2.5091, 1.2394

Details

The CIELCh color $69, 2.752, 290.476$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $71, 2.717, 109.863$, and the grayscale version is $69, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89, 2.613, 290.418$, and $49, 2.941, 290.581$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 12.481, 291.506$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75, 6.607, 109.517$.

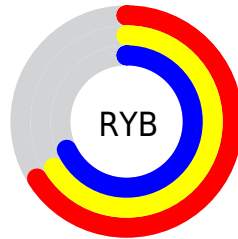
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (66%)

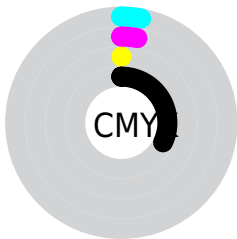
Blue (68%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (68%)

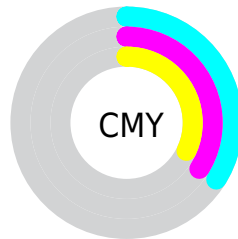


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 2.752, 290.476 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 2.752, 290.476 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 2.752, 290.476

■ 69, 2.752, 290.476

100, 2.752,
290.476

■ 59, 2.752, 290.476

■ 89, 2.752, 290.476

■ 49, 2.752, 290.476

■ 99, 2.752, 290.476

■ 39, 2.752, 290.476

■ 29, 2.752, 290.476

■ 19, 2.752, 290.476

■ 9, 2.752, 290.476

■ 0, 2.752, 290.476

■ 69, 2.752, 290.476

■ 69, 2.752, 290.476

■ 63, 12.481,

■ 75, 6.607, 109.517

291.506

81, 15.619,
108.749

57, 22.615,
292.761

87, 24.311,
108.089

51, 33.183,
294.237

92, 32.705,
107.521

45, 44.200,
295.953

98, 40.820,
107.031

39, 55.632,
297.908

98, 41.075,
107.042

34, 67.313,
300.048

29, 78.766,
302.229

24, 88.974,
304.191

21, 96.377,
305.599

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 2.752, 290.476



71, 2.717, 109.863

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 2.752, 290.476



69, 2.752, 340.476



69, 2.752, 110.476



69, 2.752, 160.476

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 2.750, 290.454



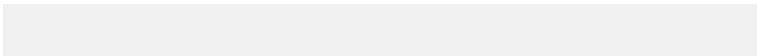
89, 1.178, 290.311



70, 1.865, 198.112



47, 0.669, 290.309



95, 0.011, 296.813



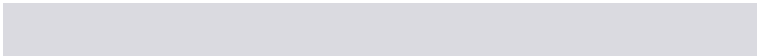
47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 2.750, 290.454



87, 3.528, 290.469



69, 2.908, 308.575



36, 2.161, 290.532



17, 90.243, 306.278



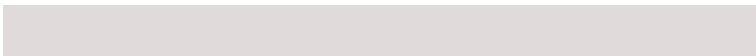
1, 11.342, 290.159

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 1.898, 19.269



87, 2.436, 19.293



70, 2.880, 128.394



36, 1.495, 19.378



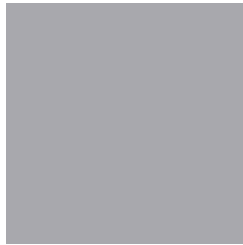
31, 69.961, 39.424



2, 7.802, 19.366

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 2.752, 290.476 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 2.752, 290.476 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

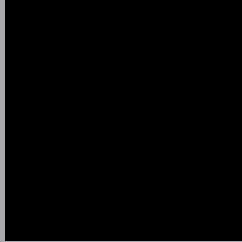
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

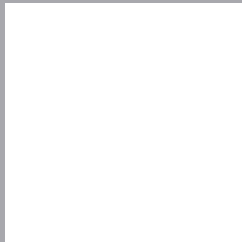
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 2.752, 290.476

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 2.752, 290.476.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 2.752, 290.476.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69, 2.752, 290.476

Protanopia

69, 3.503, 309.187

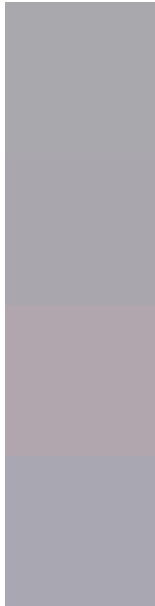
Deuteranopia

69, 9.413, 340.394



Tritanopia
69, 7.197, 296.754

Trichromacy



Original Color

69, 2.752, 290.476

Protanomaly

69, 3.397, 303.217

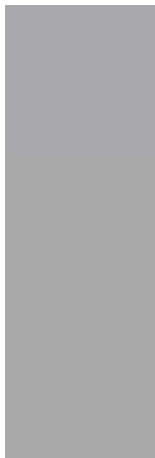
Deuteranomaly

69, 6.729, 332.728

Tritanomaly

69, 5.561, 298.378

Monochromacy



Original Color

69, 2.752, 290.476

Achromatopsia

69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly

69, 0.556, 290.335

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 2.752, 290.476 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 168, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 168, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 168, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 168, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 2.752, 290.476 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 168, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 168, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 168, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 168, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 168, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 168,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 2.752, 290.476 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 168, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
168, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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