

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 2.992, 355.923)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 2.992, 355.923) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(69, 2.885, 357.173)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEA7A9
RGB	174, 167, 169
RGB Percent	68%, 65%, 66%
CMY	0.3188, 0.3463, 0.3384
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.32
HSL	343°, 4%, 67%
HSV	343°, 4%, 68%
XYZ	38.2849, 39.3444, 42.9643
YIQ	169.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

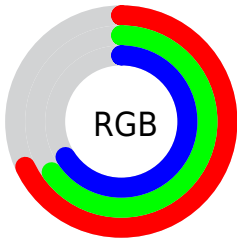
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 167, 169
Decimal	11446185
CIELab	69.00, 2.88, -0.14
CIElCh	69, 2.885, 357.173
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3175, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289636265 (0xFFAEA7A9)
YUV	169.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -0.8195, 3.2962

# Details

The CIELCh color **69, 2.885, 357.173** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **70, 2.842, 176.770**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 2.736, 357.045**, and **49, 3.087, 357.359** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 10.251, 358.297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 4.168, 176.578**.

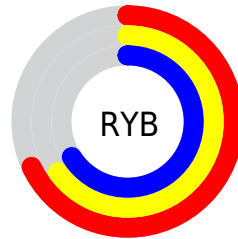
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (65%)

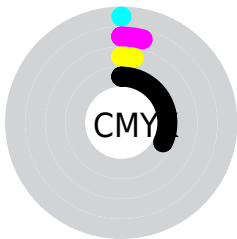
Blue (66%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (66%)

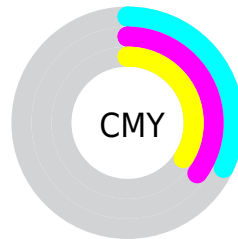


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 2.885, 357.173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 2.885, 357.173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69, 2.885, 357.173

■ 69, 2.885, 357.173

■ 100, 2.885,  
357.173

■ 59, 2.885, 357.173

■ 89, 2.885, 357.173

■ 49, 2.885, 357.173

■ 99, 2.885, 357.173

■ 39, 2.885, 357.173

■ 29, 2.885, 357.173

■ 19, 2.885, 357.173

■ 9, 2.885, 357.173

■ 0, 2.885, 357.173

■ 69, 2.885, 357.173

■ 69, 2.885, 357.173

■ 64, 10.251,

■ 74, 4.168, 176.578

358.297

79, 10.892,  
175.741

59, 17.893,  
359.467

84, 17.299,  
175.034

55, 25.722, 0.834

89, 23.405,  
174.401

51, 33.583, 2.474

47, 41.238, 4.486

94, 29.235,  
173.828

43, 48.377, 7.001

95, 27.213,  
184.719

40, 54.659, 10.176

38, 59.832, 14.170

95, 25.745,  
197.830

37, 63.878, 19.057

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 2.885, 357.173



70, 2.842, 176.770

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 2.885, 357.173



69, 2.885, 47.173



69, 2.885, 177.173



69, 2.885, 227.173

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 2.883, 357.194



90, 0.888, 356.473



69, 4.284, 315.860



48, 0.509, 356.434



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 2.883, 357.194



87, 4.458, 357.325



69, 2.256, 39.179



35, 2.436, 357.382



31, 59.247, 21.405



2, 8.270, 0.779





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 2.883, 357.194



87, 4.458, 357.325



70, 2.206, 219.796



35, 2.436, 357.382



31, 59.247, 21.405



2, 8.270, 0.779



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 2.885, 357.173 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 2.885, 357.173 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

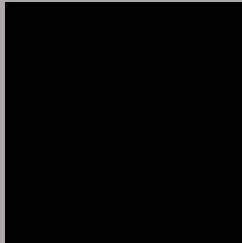
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 69, 2.885, 357.173**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 2.885, 357.173.

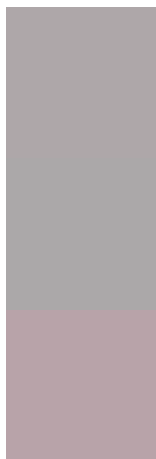


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 2.885, 357.173.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


69, 2.885, 357.173

### Protanopia

69, 1.269, 353.522

### Deuteranopia

69, 8.696, 357.998



**Tritanopia**  
69, 8.099, 318.171



# Trichromacy



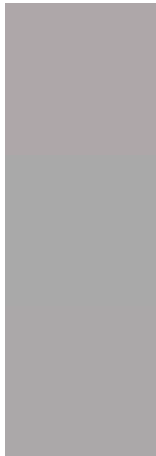
**Original Color**  
69, 2.885, 357.173

**Protanomaly**  
69, 1.618, 359.455

**Deuteranomaly**  
69, 6.707, 355.865

**Tritanomaly**  
69, 6.018, 324.681

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 2.885, 357.173

**Achromatopsia**  
69, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
69, 1.269, 353.522

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 2.885, 357.173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 167, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 167, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 167, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 167, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 2.885, 357.173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 167, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 167, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 167, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 167, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 167, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 167,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 2.885, 357.173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 167, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
167, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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