

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 20.441, 334.573)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 20.441, 334.573)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 20.890, 334.130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C39DB9
RGB	195, 157, 185
RGB Percent	76%, 62%, 73%
CMY	0.2343, 0.3834, 0.2735
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.05, 0.23
HSL	316°, 24%, 69%
HSV	316°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	43.4516, 39.3444, 51.3401
YIQ	171.5540, 13.6600, 16.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

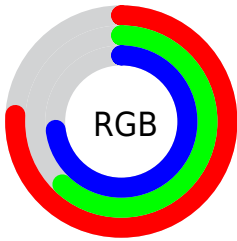
Format	Color
RYB	195, 157, 185
Decimal	12819897
CIELab	69.00, 18.80, -9.11
CIElCh	69, 20.890, 334.130
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3239, 0.2933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291009977 (0xFFC39DB9)
YUV	171.5540, 6.6289, 20.5621
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, 13.8834, -4.6209

Details

The CIELCh color **69, 20.890, 334.130** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **76, 20.758, 151.438**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 20.749, 334.361**, and **49, 21.228, 333.997** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 31.648, 334.861**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 10.100, 333.428**.

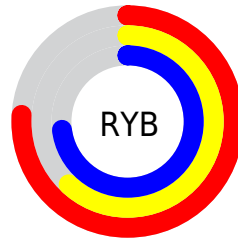
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (62%)

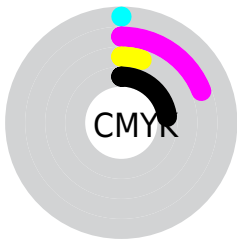
Blue (73%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (73%)

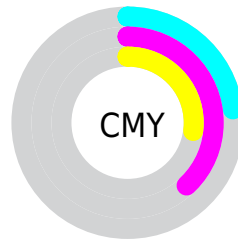


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (27%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 20.890, 334.130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 20.890, 334.130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 69, 20.890,
334.130


 69, 20.890,
334.130


 100, 20.890,
334.130


 59, 20.890,
334.130


 89, 20.890,
334.130

 49, 20.890,
334.130

 99, 20.890,
334.130

 39, 20.890,
334.130

 29, 20.890,
334.130

 19, 20.890,
334.130

 9, 20.890, 334.130

 0, 20.890, 334.130

69, 20.890,
334.130

69, 20.890,
334.130

64, 31.648,
334.861

74, 10.100,
333.428

60, 42.141,
335.630

79, 0.557, 153.386

55, 52.026,
336.450

84, 10.985,
152.220

52, 60.868,
337.336

90, 21.133,
151.622

49, 68.165,
338.315

95, 30.977,
151.066

46, 73.441,
339.426

95, 29.094,
154.431


45, 76.392,
340.726

95, 27.231,
158.274

44, 77.281,

95, 25.488,
162.640

342.245

 96, 23.895,
167.593

 44, 77.314,
342.328

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 20.890, 334.130



76, 20.758, 151.438

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 20.890, 334.130



69, 20.890, 24.130



69, 20.890, 154.130



69, 20.890, 204.130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 20.888, 334.131



96, 7.932, 333.187



67, 21.384, 301.259



51, 5.264, 333.235



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 20.888, 334.131



86, 30.685, 334.411



68, 15.598, 1.477



38, 6.012, 333.421



36, 67.079, 342.069



4, 18.869, 338.068

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 20.888, 334.131



86, 30.685, 334.411



76, 14.595, 177.729



38, 6.012, 333.421



36, 67.079, 342.069



4, 18.869, 338.068

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 20.890, 334.130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

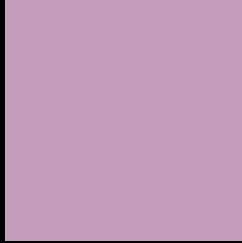
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 20.890, 334.130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

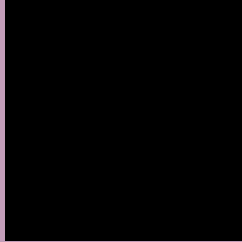
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 20.890, 334.130

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 20.890, 334.130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 20.890, 334.130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69, 20.890, 334.130

Protanopia

69, 13.745, 288.607

Deuteranopia

69, 12.199, 316.170



Tritanopia
69, 14.233, 353.330

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 20.890, 334.130

Protanomaly
69, 15.653, 309.070

Deuteranomaly
69, 14.629, 325.074

Tritanomaly
69, 16.522, 344.408

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 20.890, 334.130

Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
70, 7.370, 332.041

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 20.890, 334.130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 157, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 157, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 157, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 157, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 20.890, 334.130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

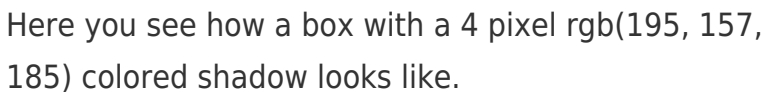
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 157, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 157, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 157, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 157, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 157, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 157,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 20.890, 334.130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 157, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
157, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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