

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 29.793, 148.184)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 29.793, 148.184)
contains.

CIELCh(69, 29.718, 148.301)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(69, 29.718, 148.301)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81B48B
RGB	129, 180, 139
RGB Percent	51%, 71%, 55%
CMY	0.4928, 0.2928, 0.4536
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.23, 0.29
HSL	132°, 25%, 61%
HSV	132°, 28%, 71%
XYZ	30.1754, 39.3444, 30.5527
YIQ	160.0770, -17.2350, -23.5630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

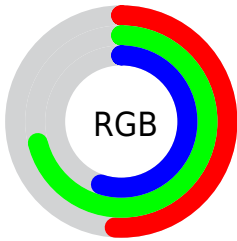
Format	Color
RYB	129, 172, 180
Decimal	8500363
CIELab	69.00, -25.28, 15.62
CIElCh	69, 29.718, 148.301
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3015, 0.3932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286690443 (0xFF81B48B)
YUV	160.0770, -10.3910, -27.2545
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -23.8973, 15.0281

Details

The CIELCh color **69, 29.718, 148.301** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **60, 29.844, 332.168**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 29.526, 148.533**, and **49, 29.683, 148.374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 40.046, 147.322**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 19.205, 149.149**.

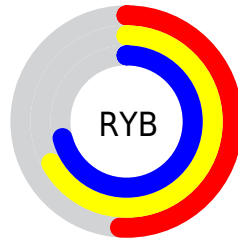
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (71%)

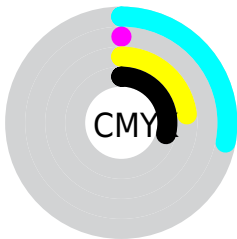
Blue (55%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (71%)

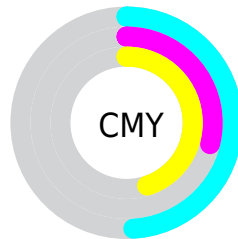


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (49%)


Magenta (29%)


Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 29.718, 148.301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 29.718, 148.301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 69, 29.718,
148.301


 69, 29.718,
148.301


 100, 29.718,
148.301


 59, 29.718,
148.301


 89, 29.718,
148.301

 49, 29.718,
148.301

 99, 29.718,
148.301

 39, 29.718,
148.301

 29, 29.718,
148.301

 19, 29.718,
148.301

 9, 29.718, 148.301

 0, 29.718, 148.301

■ 69, 29.718,
148.301

■ 69, 29.718,
148.301

■ 68, 40.046,
147.322

■ 70, 19.205,
149.149

■ 67, 49.991,
146.194

■ 72, 8.662, 149.893

■ 66, 59.337,
144.908

■ 74, 1.785, 330.329

■ 65, 67.849,
143.468

■ 76, 12.046,
331.009

■ 65, 75.299,
141.904

■ 78, 22.059,
331.495

■ 64, 81.479,
140.278

■ 80, 31.784,
331.917

■ 64, 86.267,
138.730

■ 82, 41.082,
332.054

■ 64, 86.973,

■ 83, 46.757,
326.042

138.508

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 29.718, 148.301



60, 29.844, 332.168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 29.718, 148.301



69, 29.718, 198.301



69, 29.718, 328.301



69, 29.718, 18.301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 29.719, 148.301



91, 10.353, 149.904



72, 27.656, 115.378



48, 7.359, 149.797



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 29.719, 148.301



87, 44.138, 147.702



70, 20.492, 172.077



37, 5.874, 149.820



55, 76.641, 138.726



7, 14.638, 148.888

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 29.844, 332.168



74, 44.304, 332.591



60, 22.143, 357.831



35, 5.892, 330.928



34, 67.933, 337.740



2, 13.375, 333.371

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 29.718, 148.301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 29.718, 148.301 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 29.718, 148.301

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 29.718, 148.301.

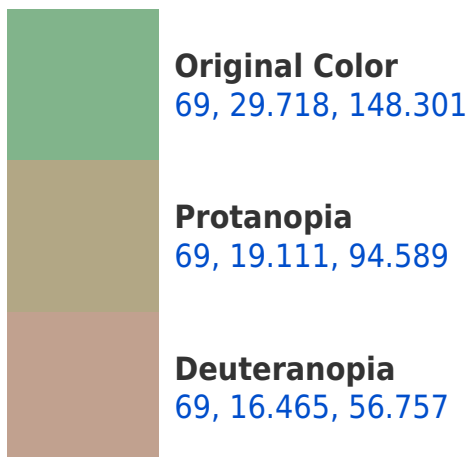


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 29.718, 148.301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
69, 14.284, 231.334

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 29.718, 148.301

Protanomaly
69, 20.720, 121.534

Deuteranomaly
68, 14.228, 105.484

Tritanomaly
69, 15.087, 185.491

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 29.718, 148.301

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 10.824, 148.735

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 29.718, 148.301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 180, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 180, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 180, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 180, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 29.718, 148.301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 180, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 180, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 180, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 180, 139); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 180, 139); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 180, 139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 29.718, 148.301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 180, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
180, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor