

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 30.568, 52.488)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 30.568, 52.488) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(69, 30.548, 51.985)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D79B7E
RGB	215, 155, 126
RGB Percent	84%, 61%, 49%
CMY	0.1573, 0.3925, 0.5063
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.41, 0.16
HSL	20°, 53%, 67%
HSV	20°, 41%, 84%
XYZ	43.4573, 39.3444, 25.0100
YIQ	169.6340, 45.0690, 3.7010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

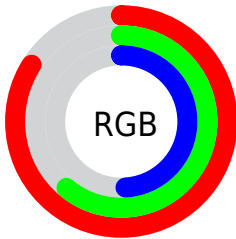
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 169, 126
Decimal	14130046
CIE Lab	69.00, 18.81, 24.07
CIE LCh	69, 30.548, 51.985
Yxy	39.3444, 0.4031, 0.3649
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292320126 (0xFFD79B7E)
YUV	169.6340, -21.5116, 39.7860
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, 13.8998, 20.2672

# Details

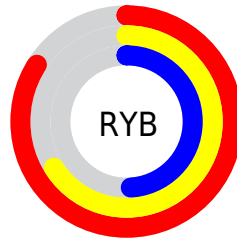
The CIELCh color **69, 30.548, 51.985** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **72, 23.837, 240.086**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 24.186, 61.740**, and **49, 30.356, 52.320** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 39.360, 51.534**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 22.311, 52.542**.

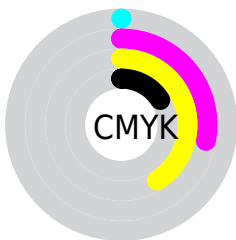
# Distribution



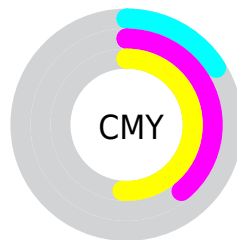
- Red (84%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 30.548, 51.985 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 30.548, 51.985 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69, 30.548, 51.985

69, 30.548, 51.985

100, 30.548,  
51.985

59, 30.548, 51.985

89, 30.548, 51.985

49, 30.548, 51.985

99, 30.548, 51.985

39, 30.548, 51.985

29, 30.548, 51.985

19, 30.548, 51.985

9, 30.548, 51.985

0, 30.548, 51.985

69, 30.548, 51.985

69, 30.548, 51.985

65, 39.360, 51.534

73, 22.311, 52.542

62, 48.693, 51.172

77, 14.648, 53.172

58, 58.364, 50.858

81, 7.524, 53.846

55, 67.929, 50.448

85, 0.893, 54.087

52, 76.436, 49.593

90, 5.296, 235.548

50, 82.237, 48.380

94, 11.094,  
236.294

97, 13.446,  
198.608

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 30.548, 51.985



72, 23.837, 240.086

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 30.548, 51.985



69, 30.548, 101.985



69, 30.548, 231.985



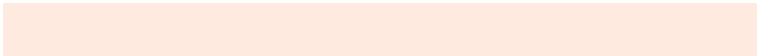
69, 30.548, 281.985

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 30.547, 51.991



94, 9.115, 53.798



64, 46.015, 338.170



50, 6.075, 53.709



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 30.547, 51.991



77, 43.834, 51.572



80, 38.672, 96.562



43, 3.706, 53.978



40, 68.914, 48.936



8, 18.061, 40.080





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 23.837, 240.086



82, 32.044, 242.060



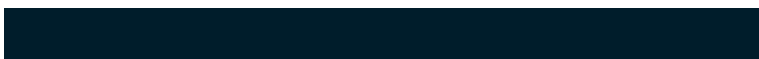
61, 41.055, 287.765



43, 3.534, 235.670



46, 37.755, 260.465



10, 13.529, 249.298



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 30.548, 51.985 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 30.548, 51.985 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

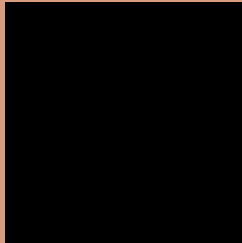
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 69, 30.548, 51.985

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 30.548, 51.985.

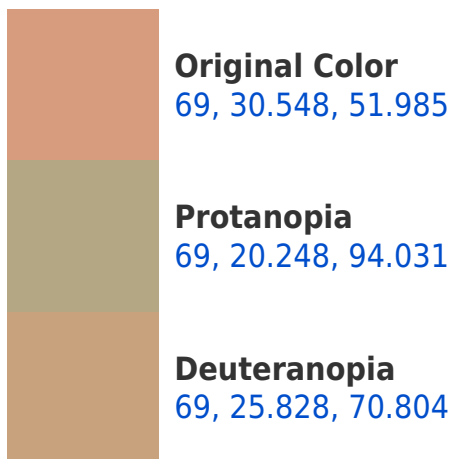


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 30.548, 51.985.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

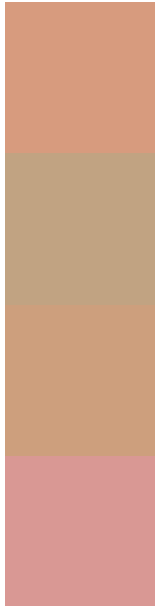




**Tritanopia**  
69, 27.457, 9.676



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 30.548, 51.985

**Protanomaly**  
69, 22.132, 73.819

**Deuteranomaly**  
69, 27.338, 62.711

**Tritanomaly**  
69, 26.660, 26.510

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 30.548, 51.985

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
69, 10.289, 55.558

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 30.548, 51.985 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 155, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 155, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 155, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 155, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 30.548, 51.985 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 155, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 155, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 155, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 155, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 155, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 155,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 30.548, 51.985 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 155, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
155, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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