

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 36.759, 325.917)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 36.759, 325.917)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 36.542, 325.912)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CE96CE
RGB	206, 150, 206
RGB Percent	81%, 59%, 81%
CMY	0.1925, 0.4121, 0.1925
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	300°, 36%, 70%
HSV	300°, 27%, 81%
XYZ	47.4489, 39.3444, 63.4266
YIQ	173.1280, 15.4000, 29.2880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

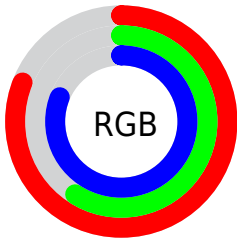
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 150, 206
Decimal	13539022
CIE _{Lab}	69.00, 30.26, -20.48
CIE _{LCh}	69, 36.542, 325.912
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3159, 0.2619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291729102 (0xFFCE96CE)
YUV	173.1280, 16.2059, 28.8287
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, 25.2589, -16.0455

Details

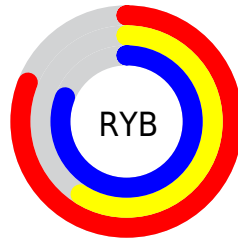
The CIELCh color $69, 36.542, 325.912$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $78, 36.535, 142.591$, and the grayscale version is $71, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88, 31.354, 325.516$, and $49, 36.956, 325.771$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 49.661, 326.430$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 23.099, 325.369$.

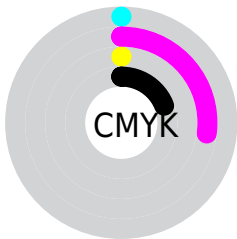
Distribution



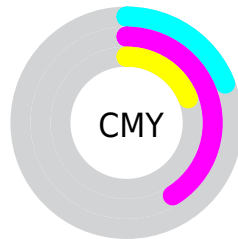
- Red (81%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)





- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 36.542, 325.912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 36.542, 325.912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 69, 36.542,
325.912


 69, 36.542,
325.912


 100, 36.542,
325.912


 59, 36.542,
325.912


 89, 36.542,
325.912

 49, 36.542,
325.912

 99, 36.542,
325.912

 39, 36.542,
325.912

 29, 36.542,
325.912

 19, 36.542,
325.912

 9, 36.542, 325.912

 0, 36.542, 325.912

69, 36.542,
325.912

69, 36.542,
325.912

64, 49.661,
326.430

74, 23.099,
325.369

60, 62.085,
326.910

79, 9.619, 324.807

84, 3.709, 144.362

57, 73.343,
327.333

90, 16.762,
143.776

54, 82.917,
327.684

95, 29.468,
143.257

51, 90.331,
327.950

96, 30.761,
143.205

50, 95.286,
328.125


96, 30.761,
143.205

49, 97.844,
328.214

96, 30.761,
143.204

49, 98.363,

328.232

 96, 30.761,
143.204

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 36.542, 325.912



78, 36.535, 142.591

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 36.542, 325.912



69, 36.542, 15.912



69, 36.542, 145.912



69, 36.542, 195.912

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 36.540, 325.912



95, 12.733, 324.860



64, 30.722, 292.804



50, 9.057, 324.947



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 36.540, 325.912



80, 52.585, 326.238



68, 26.344, 345.196



40, 7.538, 324.934



39, 83.711, 328.232



5, 29.042, 327.496

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 22.619, 21.572



78, 33.410, 22.337



78, 25.542, 160.315



40, 4.369, 19.924



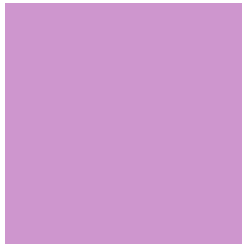
34, 75.553, 39.823



4, 17.910, 19.405

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 36.542, 325.912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

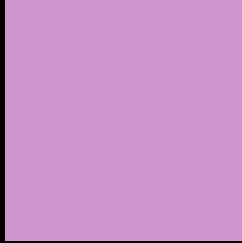
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 36.542, 325.912 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

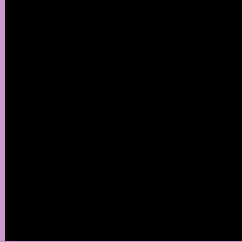
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 36.542, 325.912

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 36.542, 325.912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 36.542, 325.912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
69, 36.542, 325.912

Protanopia
69, 28.151, 285.000

Deuteranopia
69, 20.947, 295.082



Tritanopia
69, 18.205, 0.135

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 36.542, 325.912

Protanomaly
69, 29.594, 301.541

Deuteranomaly
69, 25.518, 310.080

Tritanomaly
69, 23.909, 341.979

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 36.542, 325.912

Achromatopsia
71, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
70, 13.278, 325.010

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 36.542, 325.912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 150, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 150, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 150, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 150, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 36.542, 325.912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 150, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 150, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 150, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 150, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 150, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 150,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 36.542, 325.912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 150, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
150, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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