

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 39.637, 36.737)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 39.637, 36.737) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(69, 39.623, 36.875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EA917F
RGB	234, 145, 127
RGB Percent	92%, 57%, 50%
CMY	0.0818, 0.4308, 0.5015
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.46, 0.08
HSL	10°, 72%, 71%
HSV	10°, 46%, 92%
XYZ	47.9651, 39.3444, 25.1884
YIQ	169.5590, 58.8220, 13.2700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

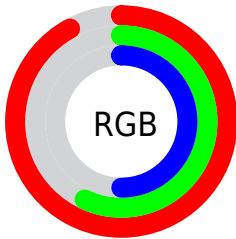
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">234, 149, 127</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15372671</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.00, 31.70, 23.78</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 39.623, 36.875</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.3444, 0.4264, 0.3497</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293562751 (0xFFEA917F)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">169.5590, -20.9816, 56.5148</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.7251, 26.7277, 20.0986</a>

# Details

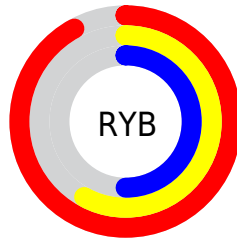
The CIELCh color **69, 39.623, 36.875** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **82, 27.973, 217.875**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 24.239, 46.164**, and **49, 39.569, 36.512** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 50.194, 37.697**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 29.708, 36.323**.

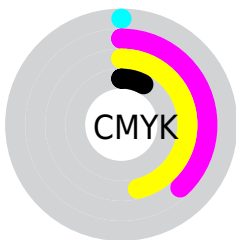
# Distribution



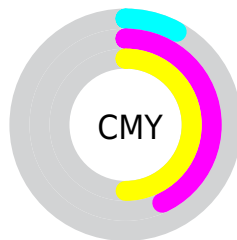
- Red (92%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 39.623, 36.875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 39.623, 36.875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69, 39.623, 36.875

69, 39.623, 36.875

100, 39.623,  
36.875

59, 39.623, 36.875

89, 39.623, 36.875

49, 39.623, 36.875

99, 39.623, 36.875

39, 39.623, 36.875

29, 39.623, 36.875

19, 39.623, 36.875

9, 39.623, 36.875

0, 39.623, 36.875

69, 39.623, 36.875

69, 39.623, 36.875

64, 50.194, 37.697

74, 29.708, 36.323

60, 61.276, 38.799

79, 20.506, 35.983

57, 72.532, 40.134

84, 12.012, 35.806

54, 83.221, 41.456

90, 4.185, 35.687

51, 91.746, 42.116

95, 3.028, 216.118

51, 94.630, 42.292

99, 7.137, 199.047

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 39.623, 36.875



82, 27.973, 217.875

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 39.623, 36.875



69, 39.623, 86.875



69, 39.623, 216.875



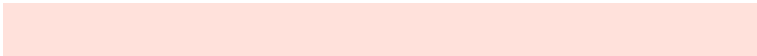
69, 39.623, 266.875

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 39.621, 36.879



92, 11.395, 35.788



68, 59.813, 332.298



48, 7.939, 35.812



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 39.621, 36.879



70, 53.019, 37.654



82, 40.469, 85.066



46, 4.239, 35.742



39, 77.667, 42.636



9, 25.395, 32.279



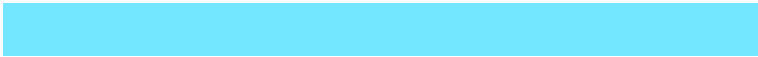


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 27.973, 217.875



86, 34.216, 218.913



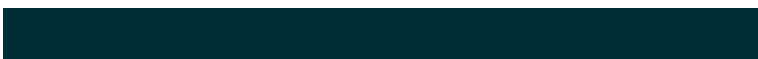
67, 40.229, 279.263



48, 3.990, 216.086



57, 33.672, 228.580



16, 14.453, 223.258



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 39.623, 36.875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 39.623, 36.875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 69, 39.623, 36.875**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 39.623, 36.875.

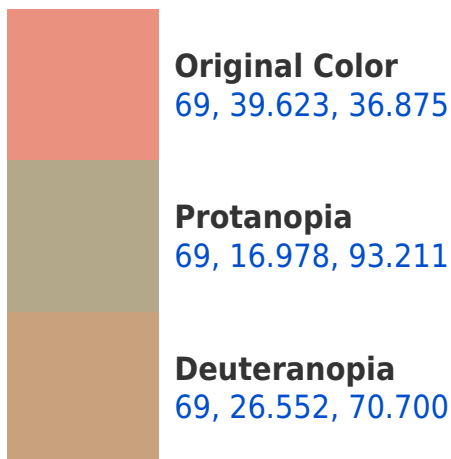


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 39.623, 36.875.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

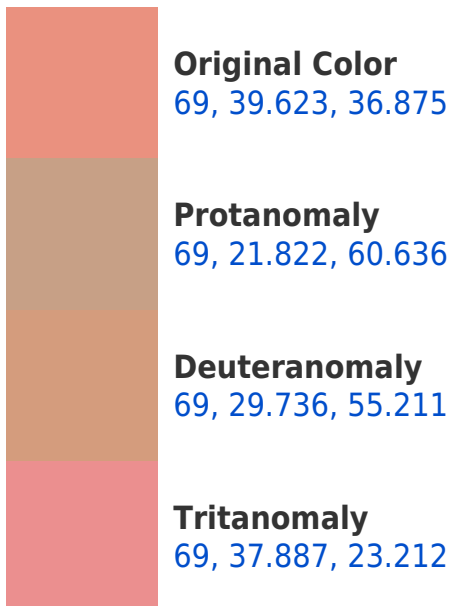




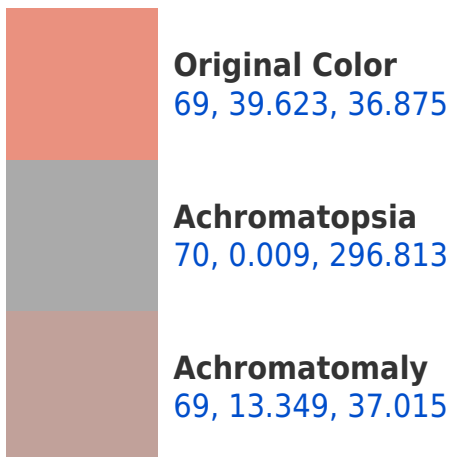
**Tritanopia**  
69, 38.110, 15.341



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 39.623, 36.875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 145, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 145, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 145, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 145, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 39.623, 36.875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 145, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 145, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 145, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 145, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 145, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 145,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 39.623, 36.875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 145, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
145, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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