

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 49.598, 257.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 49.598, 257.584)
contains.

CIELCh(69, 49.226, 256.947)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(69, 49.226, 256.947)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02B3FF
RGB	2, 179, 255
RGB Percent	1%, 70%, 100%
CMY	0.9914, 0.2991, 0.0012
CMYK	0.99, 0.30, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	198°, 100%, 50%
HSV	198°, 99%, 100%
XYZ	34.0936, 39.3444, 100.1539
YIQ	134.7410, -129.8880, -13.8880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

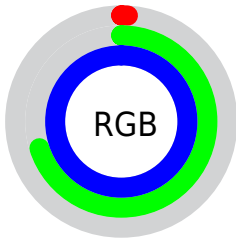
Format	Color
R _Y B	2, 106, 255
Decimal	177151
CIE Lab	69.00, -11.12, -47.95
CIE LCh	69, 49.226, 256.947
Yxy	39.3444, 0.1964, 0.2266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278367231 (0xFF02B3FF)
YUV	134.7410, 59.2877, -116.4139
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -12.7471, -50.7614

Details

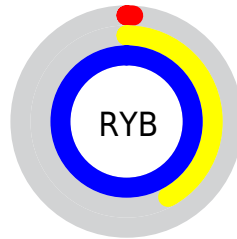
The CIELCh color **69, 49.226, 256.947** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **59, 94.500, 46.922**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 35.014, 214.950**, and **51, 45.029, 266.486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 49.465, 257.382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 46.523, 251.912**.

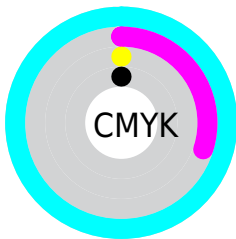
Distribution



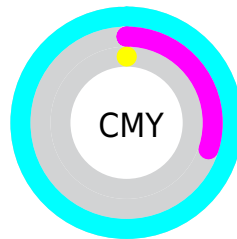
- Red (1%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 49.226, 256.947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 49.226, 256.947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 69, 49.226,
256.947

 69, 49.226,
256.947

 100, 49.226,
256.947

 59, 49.226,
256.947

 89, 49.226,
256.947

 49, 49.226,
256.947

 99, 49.226,
256.947

 39, 49.226,
256.947

 29, 49.226,
256.947

 19, 49.226,
256.947

 9, 49.226, 256.947

 0, 49.226, 256.947

■ 69, 49.226,
256.947

■ 69, 49.226,
256.947

■ 69, 49.465,
257.382

■ 71, 46.523,
251.912

■ 74, 43.555,
247.444

■ 77, 40.083,
243.678

■ 80, 35.986,
240.592

■ 83, 31.225,
238.109

■ 86, 25.828,
236.137

■ 89, 19.860,
234.583

■ 93, 13.404,

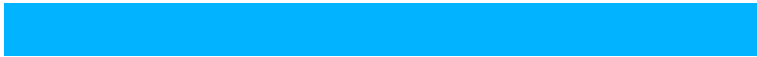
233.370

 96, 6.548, 232.455

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



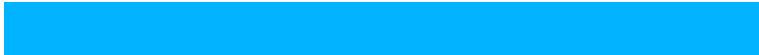
69, 49.226, 256.947



59, 94.500, 46.922

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 49.226, 256.947



69, 49.226, 306.947



69, 49.226, 76.947



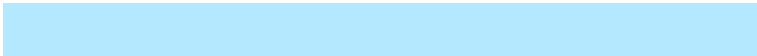
69, 49.226, 126.947

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 49.225, 256.948



89, 20.415, 234.703



88, 106.478, 140.890



46, 13.746, 235.326



0, 0.000, 0.000



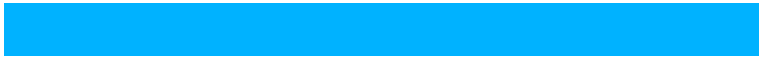
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 49.225, 256.948



69, 49.510, 257.385



37, 118.006, 302.743



51, 4.075, 232.483



53, 39.542, 256.418



17, 17.266, 249.384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 91.831, 345.216



57, 91.910, 345.394



84, 85.096, 87.665



50, 7.336, 334.945



42, 74.273, 345.004



11, 34.996, 342.407

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 49.226, 256.947 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

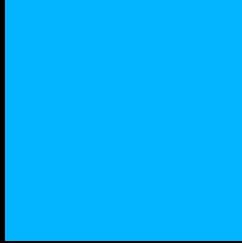
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 49.226, 256.947 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

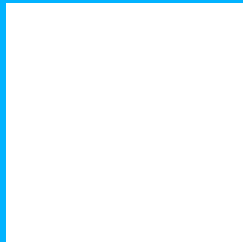
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 49.226, 256.947

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 49.226, 256.947.

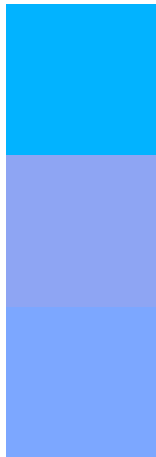


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 49.226, 256.947.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

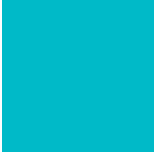
Dichromacy



Original Color
69, 49.252, 256.898

Protanopia
69, 43.088, 285.370

Deuteranopia
69, 49.065, 281.172



Tritanopia
69, 38.175, 208.421

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 49.252, 256.898



Protanomaly
68, 45.580, 268.539



Deuteranomaly
68, 49.523, 269.050



Tritanomaly
69, 38.934, 229.052

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 49.252, 256.898



Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
59, 24.441, 238.890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 49.226, 256.947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 179, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 179, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 179, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 179, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 49.226, 256.947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 179, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 179, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 179, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 179, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 179, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 179,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 49.226, 256.947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 179, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 179,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor