

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 59.041, 321.236)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 59.041, 321.236)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(69, 59.303, 321.131)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA8AEC
RGB	218, 138, 236
RGB Percent	85%, 54%, 93%
CMY	0.1434, 0.4572, 0.0728
CMYK	0.08, 0.41, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	289°, 73%, 73%
HSV	289°, 41%, 93%
XYZ	53.3904, 39.3444, 84.4640
YIQ	173.0920, 16.2220, 47.4380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

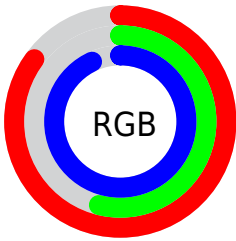
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 138, 236
Decimal	14322412
CIE Lab	69.00, 46.17, -37.22
CIE LCh	69, 59.303, 321.131
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3013, 0.2220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292512492 (0xFFDA8AEC)
YUV	173.0920, 31.0136, 39.3843
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, 42.1668, -35.9308

# Details

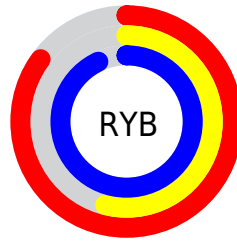
The CIELCh color  $69, 59.303, 321.131$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FF99FF`. A complement of this color would be  $87, 58.382, 136.892$ , and the grayscale version is  $71, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $85, 38.882, 325.774$ , and  $49, 59.667, 320.995$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64, 72.819, 321.491$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75, 45.126, 320.713$ .

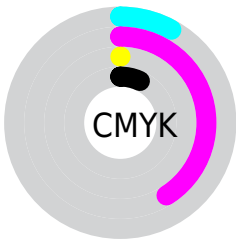
# Distribution



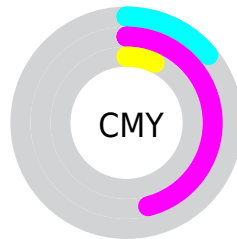
- Red (85%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 59.303, 321.131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 59.303, 321.131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 69, 59.303,  
321.131


 69, 59.303,  
321.131


 100, 59.303,  
321.131


 59, 59.303,  
321.131


 89, 59.303,  
321.131

 49, 59.303,  
321.131

 99, 59.303,  
321.131

 39, 59.303,  
321.131

 29, 59.303,  
321.131

 19, 59.303,  
321.131

 9, 59.303, 321.131

 0, 59.303, 321.131

69, 59.303,  
321.131

69, 59.303,  
321.131

64, 72.819,  
321.491

75, 45.126,  
320.713

59, 85.145,  
321.756

80, 30.694,  
320.263

55, 95.633,  
321.885

86, 16.281,  
319.800

52, 103.640,  
321.835

93, 2.064, 319.248

50, 108.723,  
321.567

98, 10.856,  
138.511

49, 111.005,  
321.182

99, 10.173,  
131.068

99, 9.686, 122.643

99, 9.432, 113.476

100, 9.401,  
109.465

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 59.303, 321.131



87, 58.382, 136.892

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 59.303, 321.131



69, 59.303, 11.131



69, 59.303, 141.131



69, 59.303, 191.131

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 59.301, 321.131



92, 18.133, 319.828



67, 43.525, 286.919



48, 12.040, 319.889



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 59.301, 321.131



69, 75.366, 321.450



70, 50.321, 337.437



46, 8.006, 319.706



37, 90.851, 321.293



7, 38.624, 322.197



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 39.883, 9.764



69, 51.692, 11.578



86, 49.776, 150.587



46, 5.041, 5.323



38, 72.584, 30.572



7, 27.938, 15.140



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 59.303, 321.131 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

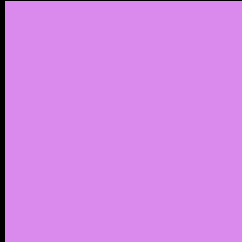
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 59.303, 321.131 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

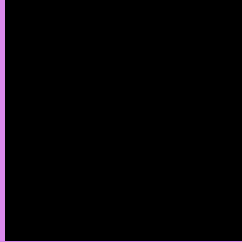
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 69, 59.303, 321.131

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 59.303, 321.131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 59.303, 321.131.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
69, 22.009, 4.360

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 59.303, 321.131



**Protanomaly**  
69, 50.819, 298.746



**Deuteranomaly**  
69, 42.312, 301.552



**Tritanomaly**  
69, 33.511, 337.014

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 59.303, 321.131



**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
70, 22.428, 319.779

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 59.303, 321.131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 138, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 138, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 138, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 138, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 59.303, 321.131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 138, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 138, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 138, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 138, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 138, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 138,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 59.303, 321.131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 138, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
138, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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