

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 59.097, 90.409)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 59.097, 90.409) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(69, 59.097, 90.409)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5A636
RGB	197, 166, 54
RGB Percent	77%, 65%, 21%
CMY	0.2280, 0.3495, 0.7887
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.73, 0.23
HSL	47°, 57%, 49%
HSV	47°, 73%, 77%
XYZ	37.2666, 39.3444, 9.1042
YIQ	162.5010, 54.4280, -28.2600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

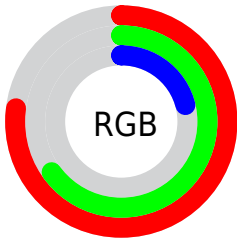
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	94, 197, 54
Decimal	12953142
CIE Lab	69.00, -0.42, 59.10
CIE LCh	69, 59.097, 90.409
Yxy	39.3444, 0.4348, 0.4590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291143222 (0xFFC5A636)
YUV	162.5010, -53.4910, 30.2556
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -3.7174, 35.3019

# Details

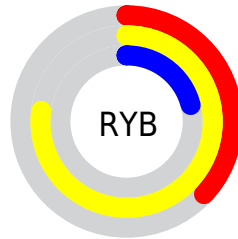
The CIELCh color **69, 59.097, 90.409** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **40, 67.648, 293.980**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 58.815, 91.223**, and **49, 55.242, 90.537** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 64.739, 89.032**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 52.075, 91.728**.

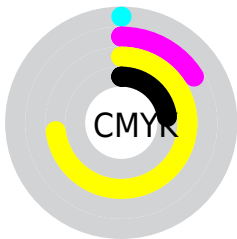
# Distribution



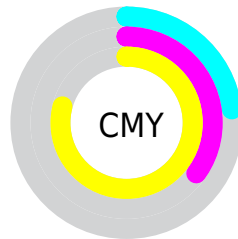
- Red (77%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 59.097, 90.409 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 59.097, 90.409 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69, 59.097, 90.409

69, 59.097, 90.409

100, 59.097,  
90.409

59, 59.097, 90.409

89, 59.097, 90.409

49, 59.097, 90.409

99, 59.097, 90.409

39, 59.097, 90.409

29, 59.097, 90.409

19, 59.097, 90.409

9, 59.097, 90.409

0, 59.097, 90.409

69, 59.097, 90.409

69, 59.097, 90.409

68, 64.739, 89.032

70, 52.075, 91.728

67, 68.338, 87.526

72, 44.245, 93.013

66, 69.803, 86.327

73, 35.993, 94.277

74, 27.553, 95.521

76, 19.061, 96.738

77, 10.594, 97.920

79, 2.190, 99.012

81, 6.129, 280.225

82, 14.354,  
281.274

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 59.097, 90.409



40, 67.648, 293.980

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 59.097, 90.409



69, 59.097, 140.409



69, 59.097, 270.409



69, 59.097, 320.409

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 59.097, 90.412



96, 22.857, 96.773



46, 59.853, 14.111



51, 15.372, 96.441



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 59.097, 90.412



85, 81.506, 88.194



74, 71.151, 116.925



41, 4.787, 98.292



55, 60.810, 86.588



11, 15.730, 90.932





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 67.648, 293.980



43, 101.900, 298.775



36, 85.690, 306.857



39, 4.836, 280.533



23, 81.575, 301.613

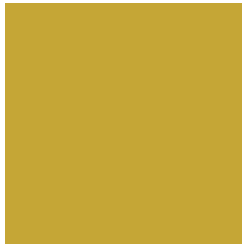


3, 18.302, 285.434



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 59.097, 90.409 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 59.097, 90.409 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 69, 59.097, 90.409

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 59.097, 90.409.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 59.097, 90.409.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69, 59.097, 90.409

### Protanopia

69, 58.749, 95.336

### Deuteranopia

69, 59.369, 81.290



**Tritanopia**  
69, 20.475, 2.834



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 59.097, 90.409

**Protanomaly**  
69, 58.711, 93.538

**Deuteranomaly**  
69, 59.158, 84.473

**Tritanomaly**  
69, 25.969, 63.844

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 59.097, 90.409

**Achromatopsia**  
67, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
67, 22.481, 94.975

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 59.097, 90.409 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 166, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 166, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 166, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 166, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 59.097, 90.409 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 166, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 166, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 166, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 166, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 166, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 166,  
54) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 59.097, 90.409 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 166, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
166, 54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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