

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 6.553, 196.643)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 6.553, 196.643) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(69, 6.598, 198.920)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AACAC
RGB	154, 172, 172
RGB Percent	60%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.3961, 0.3255, 0.3256
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	180°, 10%, 64%
HSV	180°, 10%, 67%
XYZ	35.5169, 39.3444, 44.7430
YIQ	166.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

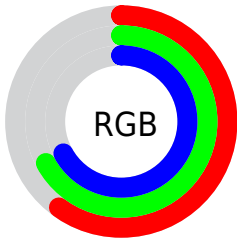
Format	Color
RYB	154, 163, 172
Decimal	10136748
CIELab	69.00, -6.24, -2.14
CIElCh	69, 6.598, 198.920
Yxy	39.3444, 0.2970, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288326828 (0xFF9AACAC)
YUV	166.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -8.6968, 1.6149

Details

The CIELCh color $69, 6.598, 198.920$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 7.043, 19.988$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89, 6.645, 199.038$, and $49, 6.596, 198.737$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $68, 12.539, 198.375$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70, 0.300, 201.010$.

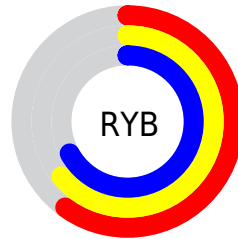
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (67%)

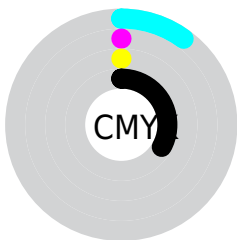
Blue (67%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (67%)

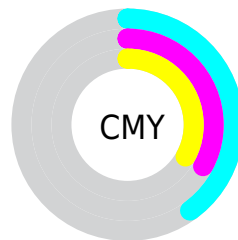


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 6.598, 198.920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 6.598, 198.920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69, 6.598, 198.920

■ 69, 6.598, 198.920

■ 100, 6.598,
198.920

■ 59, 6.598, 198.920

■ 89, 6.598, 198.920

■ 49, 6.598, 198.920

■ 99, 6.598, 198.920

■ 39, 6.598, 198.920

■ 29, 6.598, 198.920

■ 19, 6.598, 198.920

■ 9, 6.598, 198.920

■ 0, 6.598, 198.920

■ 69, 6.598, 198.920

■ 69, 6.598, 198.920

■ 68, 12.539,

■ 70, 0.300, 201.010

198.375

72, 6.265, 19.855

67, 18.021,
197.911

73, 13.018, 20.484

66, 22.944,
197.506

75, 19.890, 21.102

65, 27.214,
197.161

77, 26.827, 21.723

65, 30.751,
196.880

78, 32.904, 22.264

64, 33.506,
196.663

78, 32.904, 22.262

78, 32.904, 22.260

64, 35.469,
196.509

64, 36.676,
196.415

64, 37.309,
196.364

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 6.598, 198.920



65, 7.043, 19.988

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 6.598, 198.920



69, 6.598, 248.920



69, 6.598, 18.920



69, 6.598, 68.920

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 6.599, 198.907



89, 2.389, 199.478



69, 12.029, 143.420



47, 1.806, 199.384



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 6.599, 198.907



87, 10.101, 198.751



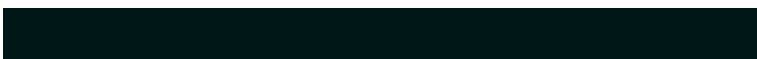
67, 5.836, 254.981



36, 3.603, 198.977



56, 33.811, 196.365



6, 7.801, 199.404

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 7.043, 19.988



81, 10.978, 20.208



67, 5.998, 72.303



34, 3.818, 19.898



31, 69.977, 39.441



2, 7.802, 19.395

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 6.598, 198.920 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

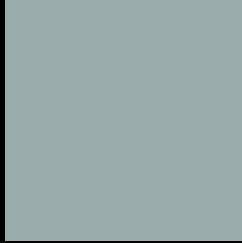
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 6.598, 198.920 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

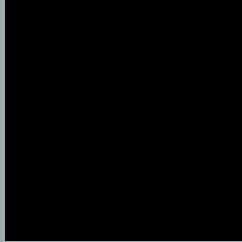
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

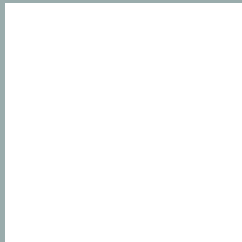
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 6.598, 198.920

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 6.598, 198.920.

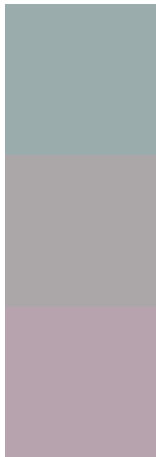


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 6.598, 198.920.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

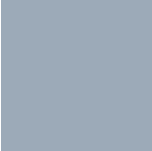
Dichromacy



Original Color
69, 6.598, 198.920

Protanopia
69, 1.883, 343.646

Deuteranopia
69, 9.413, 340.394



Tritanopia
69, 9.060, 257.514

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 6.598, 198.920

Protanomaly
69, 1.587, 219.848

Deuteranomaly
69, 4.485, 320.631

Tritanomaly
69, 7.493, 240.478

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 6.598, 198.920

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
69, 2.613, 199.366

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 6.598, 198.920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 172, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 172, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 172, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 172, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 6.598, 198.920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 172, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 172, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 172, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 172, 172); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 172, 172); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 172, 172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 6.598, 198.920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 172, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
172, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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