

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 60.009, 43.883)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 60.009, 43.883) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(69, 59.610, 44.164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF865F
RGB	255, 134, 95
RGB Percent	100%, 53%, 37%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4729, 0.6260
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.63, 0.00
HSL	15°, 100%, 69%
HSV	15°, 63%, 100%
XYZ	52.0770, 39.3444, 15.7650
YIQ	165.7330, 84.6350, 13.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

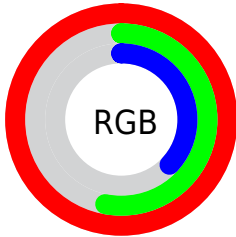
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 147, 95
Decimal	16746079
CIE Lab	69.00, 42.76, 41.53
CIE LCh	69, 59.610, 44.164
Yxy	39.3444, 0.4859, 0.3671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294936159 (0xFFFF865F)
YUV	165.7330, -34.8714, 78.2872
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, 38.4291, 29.0060

# Details

The CIELCh color **69, 59.610, 44.164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **81, 36.736, 232.380**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 36.159, 59.070**, and **49, 59.740, 43.998** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 71.118, 44.692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 48.098, 43.892**.

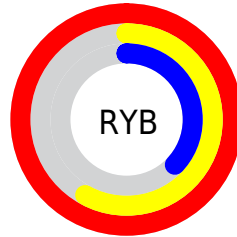
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (53%)

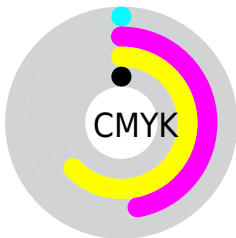
Blue (37%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (37%)

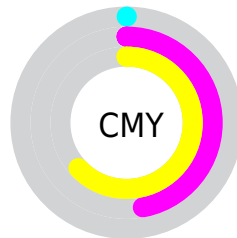


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 59.610, 44.164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 59.610, 44.164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 69, 59.610, 44.164

 69, 59.610, 44.164

 100, 59.610,  
44.164

 59, 59.610, 44.164

 89, 59.610, 44.164

 49, 59.610, 44.164

 99, 59.610, 44.164

 39, 59.610, 44.164

 29, 59.610, 44.164

 19, 59.610, 44.164

 9, 59.610, 44.164

 0, 59.610, 44.164

 69, 59.610, 44.164

 69, 59.610, 44.164

 65, 71.118, 44.692

 73, 48.098, 43.892

61, 82.592, 45.125

78, 37.421, 43.745

59, 92.490, 45.056

83, 27.477, 43.770

57, 97.949, 44.485

88, 18.275, 43.937

93, 9.779, 44.202

99, 1.936, 44.322

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 59.610, 44.164



81, 36.736, 232.380

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 59.610, 44.164



69, 59.610, 94.164



69, 59.610, 224.164



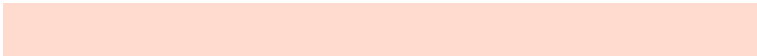
69, 59.610, 274.164

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 59.416, 44.222



90, 15.139, 44.024



65, 79.905, 336.333



46, 10.542, 43.954



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 59.416, 44.222



64, 73.930, 44.811



87, 61.960, 87.911



50, 4.358, 44.290



43, 78.406, 44.969



12, 29.328, 39.906





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 36.736, 232.380



78, 40.750, 235.903



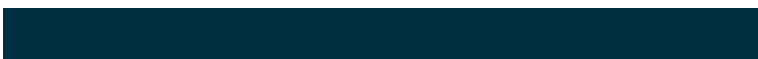
60, 66.130, 288.492



51, 4.118, 225.329



56, 36.657, 245.235



18, 16.433, 238.969



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 59.610, 44.164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

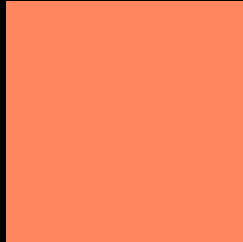
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 59.610, 44.164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 69, 59.610, 44.164

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 59.610, 44.164.

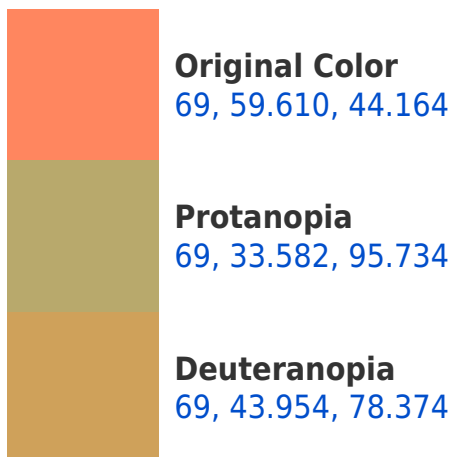


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 59.610, 44.164.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

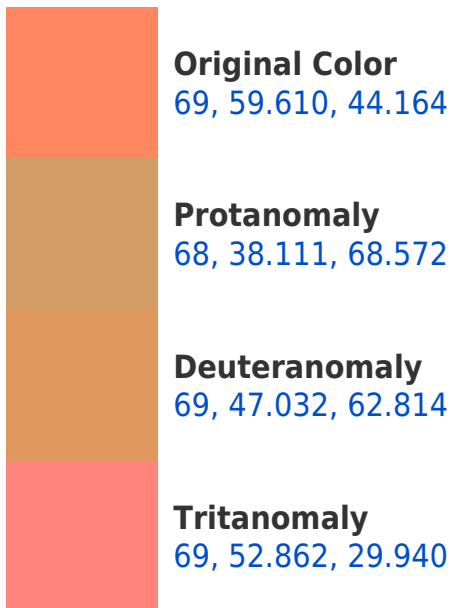




**Tritanopia**  
69, 50.891, 20.267



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 59.610, 44.164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 134, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 134, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 134, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 134, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 59.610, 44.164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 134, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 134, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 134, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 134, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 134, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 134,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 59.610, 44.164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 134, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
134, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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