

Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 60.929, 87.789)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(69, 60.929, 87.789) contains.

CIELCh(69, 60.801, 87.497)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(69, 60.801, 87.497)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAA432
RGB	202, 164, 50
RGB Percent	79%, 64%, 20%
CMY	0.2078, 0.3568, 0.8038
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.75, 0.21
HSL	45°, 60%, 49%
HSV	45°, 75%, 79%
XYZ	38.2146, 39.3444, 8.5993
YIQ	162.3660, 59.2420, -27.3980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

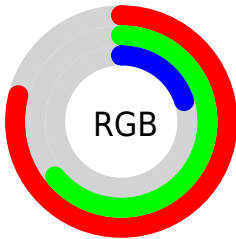
Format	Color
RYB	101, 202, 50
Decimal	13280306
CIELab	69.00, 2.66, 60.74
CIELCh	69, 60.801, 87.497
Yxy	39.3444, 0.4435, 0.4567
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291470386 (0xFFCAA432)
YUV	162.3660, -55.3964, 34.7590
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -1.0196, 35.7792

Details

The CIELCh color **69, 60.801, 87.497** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **41, 68.584, 293.078**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 59.999, 90.498**, and **49, 55.563, 86.906** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 66.173, 85.948**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 53.907, 88.930**.

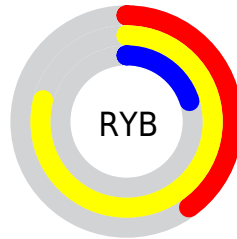
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (64%)

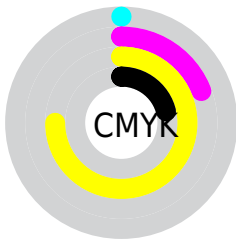
Blue (20%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (20%)

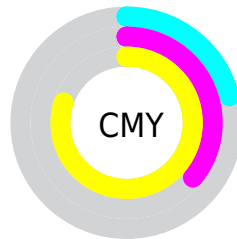


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (75%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 60.801, 87.497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 60.801, 87.497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

69, 60.801, 87.497

69, 60.801, 87.497

100, 60.801,
87.497

59, 60.801, 87.497

89, 60.801, 87.497

49, 60.801, 87.497

99, 60.801, 87.497

39, 60.801, 87.497

29, 60.801, 87.497

19, 60.801, 87.497

9, 60.801, 87.497

0, 60.801, 87.497

69, 60.801, 87.497

69, 60.801, 87.497

68, 66.173, 85.948

70, 53.907, 88.930

66, 69.327, 84.175

72, 46.129, 90.295

66, 70.309, 83.279

74, 37.902, 91.623

75, 29.490, 92.920

77, 21.040, 94.185

79, 12.633, 95.414

80, 4.311, 96.580

82, 3.907, 277.824

84, 12.015,
278.897

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 60.801, 87.497



41, 68.584, 293.078

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 60.801, 87.497



69, 60.801, 137.497



69, 60.801, 267.497



69, 60.801, 317.497

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 60.801, 87.500



95, 23.140, 94.425



46, 62.713, 13.801



50, 16.045, 93.968



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 60.801, 87.500



83, 81.476, 84.921



76, 74.177, 116.164



42, 4.721, 96.107



55, 60.765, 83.600



11, 16.619, 87.432

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 68.584, 293.078



44, 100.992, 298.214



35, 90.566, 306.756



40, 4.757, 278.418



25, 79.277, 300.359



3, 19.528, 285.307

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 60.801, 87.497 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 69, 60.801, 87.497 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 69, 60.801, 87.497

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 60.801, 87.497.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 60.801, 87.497.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69, 60.801, 87.497

Protanopia

69, 60.268, 95.388

Deuteranopia

69, 60.881, 81.675



Tritanopia
69, 23.177, 5.396

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 60.801, 87.497

Protanomaly
69, 60.150, 92.295

Deuteranomaly
69, 60.840, 83.460

Tritanomaly
69, 28.739, 60.399

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 60.801, 87.497

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 23.745, 93.414

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 60.801, 87.497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 164, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 164, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 164, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 164, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 60.801, 87.497 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 164, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 164, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 164, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 164, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 164, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 164,  
50) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 60.801, 87.497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 164, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
164, 50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor