

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(69, 92.439, 132.140)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(69, 92.439, 132.140)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(69, 92.439, 132.140)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	44C100
RGB	68, 193, 0
RGB Percent	27%, 76%, 0%
CMY	0.7336, 0.2433, 1.0000
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 1.00, 0.24
HSL	99°, 100%, 38%
HSV	99°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	21.4379, 39.3444, 6.4607
YIQ	133.6230, -12.5470, -86.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

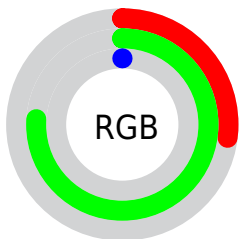
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 193, 125
Decimal	4505856
CIELab	69.00, -62.02, 68.54
CIElCh	69, 92.439, 132.140
Yxy	39.3444, 0.3188, 0.5851
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282695936 (0xFF44C100)
YUV	133.6230, -65.8761, -57.5514
Hunter-Lab	62.7251, -48.7621, 37.8007

# Details

The CIELCh color **69, 92.439, 132.140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **34, 98.090, 315.741**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 92.789, 132.158**, and **50, 75.871, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 92.428, 132.145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 88.722, 131.382**.

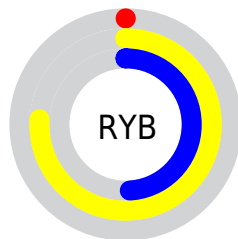
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (76%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (49%)

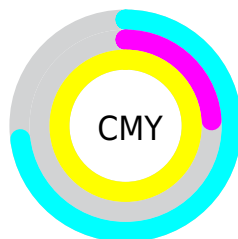


Cyan (65%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (24%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 69, 92.439, 132.140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 69, 92.439, 132.140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 69, 92.439,  
132.140


 69, 92.439,  
132.140


 100, 92.439,  
132.140


 59, 92.439,  
132.140

 89, 92.439,  
132.140

 49, 92.439,  
132.140

 99, 92.439,  
132.140

 39, 92.439,  
132.140

 29, 92.439,  
132.140

 19, 92.439,  
132.140

 9, 92.439, 132.140

 0, 92.439, 132.140

■ 69, 92.439,  
132.140

■ 69, 92.439,  
132.140

■ 69, 92.428,  
132.145

■ 69, 88.722,  
131.382

■ 70, 83.102,  
130.970

■ 70, 75.508,  
130.961

■ 71, 66.401,  
131.232

■ 72, 56.252,  
131.662

■ 73, 45.438,  
132.165

■ 74, 34.234,  
132.683

■ 75, 22.838,

133.184

■ 77, 11.391,  
133.655

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 92.439, 132.140



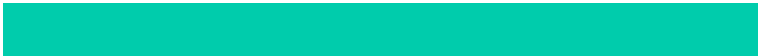
34, 98.090, 315.741

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 92.439, 132.140



69, 92.439, 182.140



69, 92.439, 312.140



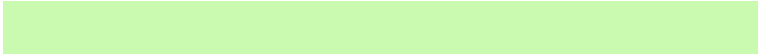
69, 92.439, 2.140

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 92.428, 132.145



93, 42.229, 132.659



57, 66.915, 72.399



49, 28.762, 132.439



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 92.428, 132.145



87, 112.556, 132.364



68, 94.096, 137.320



40, 6.479, 133.684



58, 80.513, 131.952



10, 22.116, 136.832



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 98.090, 315.741



45, 119.275, 315.579



44, 84.385, 334.386



38, 6.540, 314.433



28, 85.557, 315.881



2, 20.885, 310.986



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 92.439, 132.140 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 69, 92.439, 132.140 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 69, 92.439, 132.140

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 92.439, 132.140.

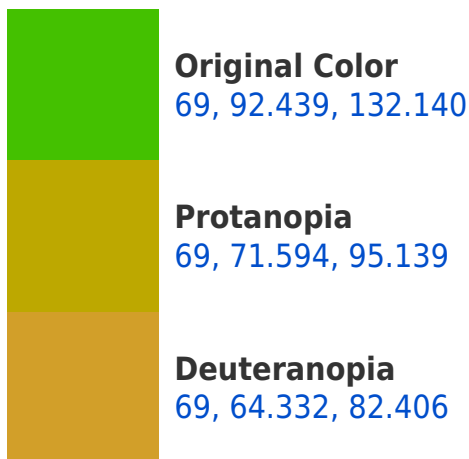


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 69, 92.439, 132.140.

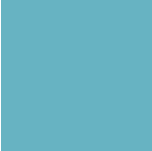
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
69, 24.602, 217.452

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 92.439, 132.140



**Protanomaly**  
68, 75.284, 113.610



**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 68.126, 108.134



**Tritanomaly**  
68, 47.488, 151.473

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
69, 92.439, 132.140



**Achromatopsia**  
56, 0.007, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
59, 42.698, 131.781

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 69, 92.439, 132.140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 193, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 193, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 193, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 193, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 69, 92.439, 132.140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 193, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 193, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 193, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 193, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 193, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 193, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 69, 92.439, 132.140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 193, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 193,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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