

Converting Colors

CIELCh(6, 49.695, 308.562)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(6, 49.695, 308.562) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(6, 49.851, 308.548)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	160148
RGB	22, 1, 72
RGB Percent	9%, 0%, 28%
CMY	0.9134, 0.9957, 0.7173
CMYK	0.69, 0.98, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	258°, 97%, 14%
HSV	258°, 98%, 28%
XYZ	1.5172, 0.6642, 6.1940
YIQ	15.3730, -10.2750, 26.5330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

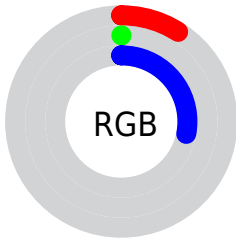
Format	Color
R_{YB}	22, 1, 72
Decimal	1442120
CIE Lab	6.00, 31.07, -38.99
CIE LCh	6, 49.851, 308.548
Yxy	0.6642, 0.1811, 0.0793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279632200 (0xFF160148)
YUV	15.3730, 27.9171, 5.8119
Hunter-Lab	8.1501, 18.9660, -39.3546




Details

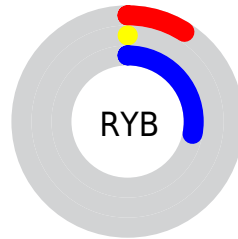
The CIELCh color $[6, 49.851, 308.548]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `#330066`. A complement of this color would be $[28, 40.146, 118.282]$, and the grayscale version is $[4, 0.001, 296.812]$.



A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[26, 50.272, 308.612]$, and $[1, 14.128, 289.097]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[6, 50.517, 308.617]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[8, 45.267, 307.960]$.

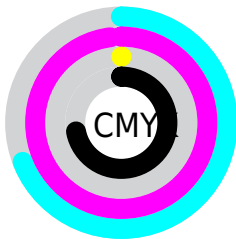
Distribution







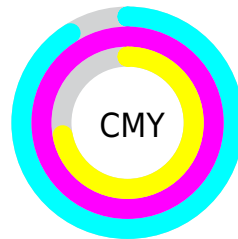
-  Red (9%)
-  Green (0%)
-  Blue (28%)






-  Red (9%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Blue (28%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (98%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (72%)



-  Cyan (91%)
-  Magenta (100%)
-  Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 6, 49.851, 308.548 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 6, 49.851, 308.548 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 6, 49.851, 308.548

 6, 49.851, 308.548

 96, 49.851,
308.548

 0, 49.851, 308.548


 26, 49.851,
308.548

 36, 49.851,
308.548

 46, 49.851,
308.548

 56, 49.851,
308.548

 66, 49.851,
308.548

 76, 49.851,
308.548

■ 86, 49.851,
308.548

■ 6, 49.851, 308.548

■ 6, 49.851, 308.548

■ 6, 50.517, 308.617

■ 8, 45.267, 307.960

■ 10, 40.531,
307.307

■ 12, 35.353,
306.525

■ 15, 29.970,
305.687

■ 18, 24.562,
304.854

■ 20, 19.228,
304.065

■ 23, 14.018,
303.337

■ 26, 8.956, 302.678

■ 28, 4.049, 302.086

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6, 49.851, 308.548



28, 40.146, 118.282

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6, 49.851, 308.548



6, 49.851, 358.548



6, 49.851, 128.548



6, 49.851, 178.548

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6, 49.852, 308.549



30, 18.529, 303.528



20, 18.315, 246.905



13, 12.789, 303.682



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6, 49.852, 308.549



9, 62.294, 308.890



12, 46.749, 320.857



13, 2.636, 302.091



10, 64.681, 308.825



31, 119.179, 308.155

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 37.579, 342.329



19, 45.274, 343.228



26, 45.822, 133.502



13, 2.537, 334.594



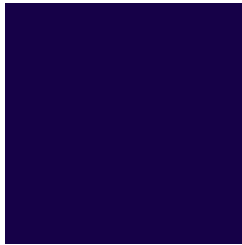
21, 46.913, 343.359



51, 84.539, 344.866

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 6, 49.851, 308.548 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

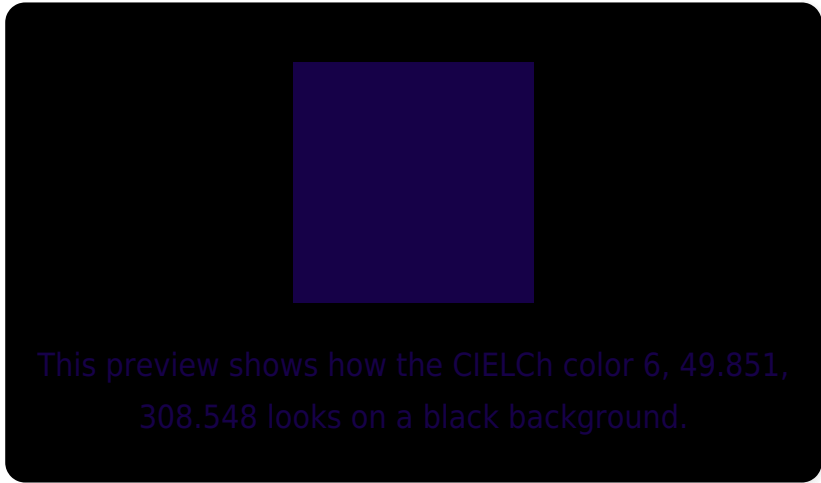
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

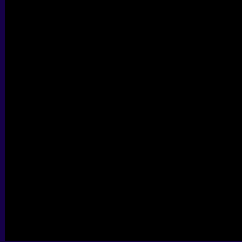
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 6, 49.851, 308.548

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 6, 49.851, 308.548.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 6, 49.851, 308.548.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6, 49.851, 308.548

Protanopia

8, 20.157, 277.876

Deuteranopia

8, 14.015, 259.028



Tritanopia
8, 9.912, 202.725

Trichromacy



Original Color

6, 49.851, 308.548

Protanomaly

6, 31.272, 296.856

Deuteranomaly

6, 26.850, 294.019

Tritanomaly

6, 19.500, 286.849

Monochromacy



Original Color

6, 49.851, 308.548

Achromatopsia

4, 0.001, 296.812

Achromatomaly

4, 17.879, 301.310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 6, 49.851, 308.548 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 1, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 1, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 1, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 1, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 6, 49.851, 308.548 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 1, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 1, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 1, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 1, 72); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 1, 72); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 1, 72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 6, 49.851, 308.548 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 1, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 1,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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