

Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 1.803, 134.672)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(70, 1.803, 134.672) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(70, 1.805, 134.684)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAACA9
RGB	170, 172, 169
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 66%
CMY	0.3346, 0.3267, 0.3385
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.33
HSL	100°, 2%, 67%
HSV	100°, 2%, 67%
XYZ	38.3346, 40.7494, 43.2271
YIQ	171.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

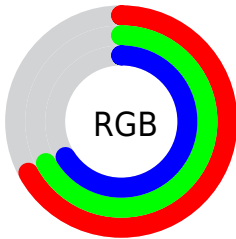
Format	Color
RYB	169, 172, 171
Decimal	11185321
CIELab	70.00, -1.27, 1.28
CIELCh	70, 1.805, 134.684
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3134, 0.3332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289375401 (0xFFAAACA9)
YUV	171.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, -4.5182, 4.5355

Details

The CIELCh color $70, 1.805, 134.684$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $69, 1.826, 314.668$, and the grayscale version is $70, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90, 1.711, 134.725$, and $50, 1.931, 134.633$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $69, 12.241, 134.197$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 8.524, 314.974$.

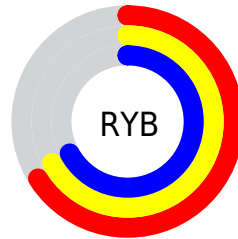
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (67%)

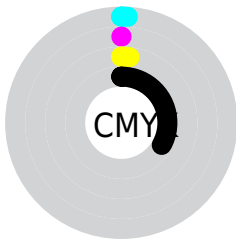
Blue (66%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (67%)

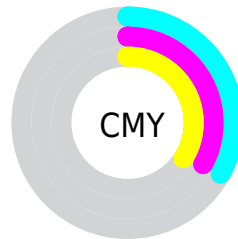


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 1.805, 134.684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 1.805, 134.684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70, 1.805, 134.684

■ 70, 1.805, 134.684

■ 100, 1.805,
134.684

■ 60, 1.805, 134.684

■ 90, 1.805, 134.684

■ 50, 1.805, 134.684

■ 40, 1.805, 134.684

■ 30, 1.805, 134.684

■ 20, 1.805, 134.684

■ 10, 1.805, 134.684

■ 0, 1.805, 134.684

■ 70, 1.805, 134.684

■ 70, 1.805, 134.684

■ 69, 12.241,

■ 71, 8.524, 314.974

134.197

73, 18.702,
315.320

68, 22.709,
133.720

74, 28.696,
315.616

66, 33.115,
133.211

76, 38.483,
315.873

65, 43.325,
132.685

78, 48.052,
316.095

65, 53.149,
132.175

79, 49.652,
320.292

64, 62.326,
131.740

80, 51.271,
324.427

63, 70.503,
131.470

81, 52.073,
326.221

63, 77.252,
131.483

62, 82.169,
131.897

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 1.805, 134.684



69, 1.826, 314.668

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 1.805, 134.684



70, 1.805, 184.684



70, 1.805, 314.684



70, 1.805, 4.684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 1.807, 134.696



89, 1.280, 134.786



70, 1.146, 90.727



47, 0.727, 134.797



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 1.807, 134.696



89, 2.572, 134.672



70, 1.779, 149.438



37, 1.180, 134.686



55, 77.033, 132.288



6, 12.757, 136.627

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 1.826, 314.668



88, 2.596, 314.692



69, 1.794, 329.346



36, 1.192, 314.678



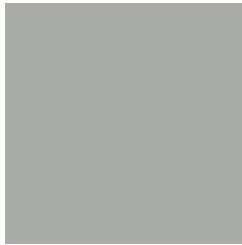
27, 81.206, 316.504



1, 12.254, 311.599

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 1.805, 134.684 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 70, 1.805, 134.684 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

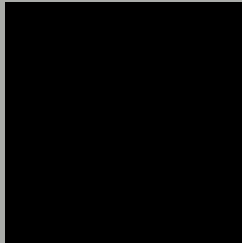
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

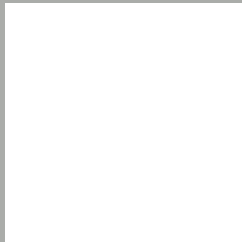
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 1.805, 134.684

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 1.805, 134.684.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 1.805, 134.684.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70, 1.805, 134.684

Protanopia

70, 2.181, 49.343

Deuteranopia

70, 9.237, 3.052



Tritanopia
70, 7.174, 296.745

Trichromacy



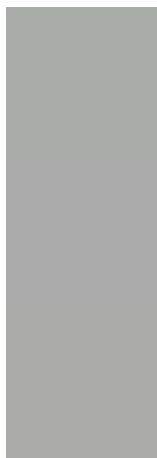
Original Color
70, 1.805, 134.684

Protanomaly
70, 1.791, 84.918

Deuteranomaly
70, 5.592, 2.796

Tritanomaly
70, 3.837, 290.575

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 1.805, 134.684

Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
70, 0.538, 110.017

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 1.805, 134.684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 172, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 172, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 172, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 172, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 1.805, 134.684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 172, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 172, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 172, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 172, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 172, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 172,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 1.805, 134.684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 172, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
172, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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