

Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 17.459, 161.359)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(70, 17.459, 161.359)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(70, 17.338, 161.161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EB3A0
RGB	142, 179, 160
RGB Percent	56%, 70%, 63%
CMY	0.4415, 0.2964, 0.3709
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.11, 0.30
HSL	149°, 20%, 63%
HSV	149°, 21%, 70%
XYZ	33.8119, 40.7494, 39.5307
YIQ	165.7710, -15.9530, -13.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

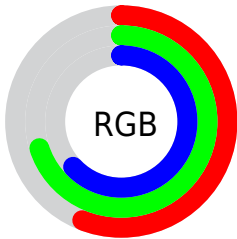
Format	Color
RYB	142, 167, 179
Decimal	9352096
CIELab	70.00, -16.41, 5.60
CIELCh	70, 17.338, 161.161
Yxy	40.7494, 0.2964, 0.3572
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287542176 (0xFF8EB3A0)
YUV	165.7710, -2.8451, -20.8472
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, -17.1648, 7.9687

Details

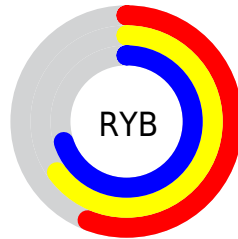
The CIELCh color **70, 17.338, 161.161** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **63, 17.759, 344.682**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 17.374, 161.559**, and **50, 17.065, 161.983** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 25.604, 160.131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 8.944, 162.092**.

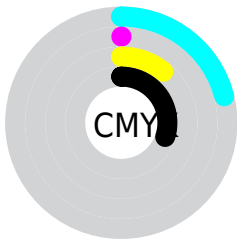
Distribution



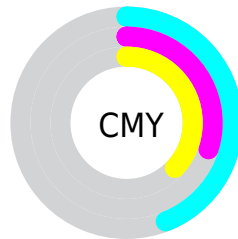
- Red (56%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (30%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 17.338, 161.161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 17.338, 161.161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 70, 17.338,
161.161


 70, 17.338,
161.161


 100, 17.338,
161.161


 60, 17.338,
161.161


 90, 17.338,
161.161

 50, 17.338,
161.161

 40, 17.338,
161.161

 30, 17.338,
161.161

 20, 17.338,
161.161

 10, 17.338,
161.161

 0, 17.338, 161.161

70, 17.338,
161.161

70, 17.338,
161.161

69, 25.604,
160.131

71, 8.944, 162.092

68, 33.610,
158.978

73, 0.523, 163.581

67, 41.219,
157.674

75, 7.837, 343.574

66, 48.293,
156.196

77, 16.072,
344.283

65, 54.706,
154.522

79, 24.136,
344.921

65, 60.373,
152.641

81, 31.999,
345.511

64, 65.265,
150.557

81, 36.092,
340.991

64, 69.282,

82, 39.184,
335.436

148.523

 82, 42.619,
330.807

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 17.338, 161.161



63, 17.759, 344.682

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 17.338, 161.161



70, 17.338, 211.161



70, 17.338, 341.161



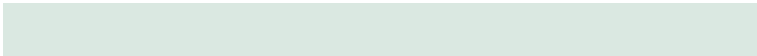
70, 17.338, 31.161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 17.339, 161.159



91, 6.215, 162.506



71, 21.266, 127.546



49, 4.157, 162.446



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 17.339, 161.159



87, 25.845, 160.681



70, 13.107, 196.887



37, 4.744, 162.211



55, 61.205, 148.834



7, 12.404, 157.743

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 17.759, 344.682



77, 26.611, 345.156



63, 14.928, 19.564



35, 4.800, 343.637



33, 58.108, 0.051



2, 10.689, 349.102

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 17.338, 161.161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

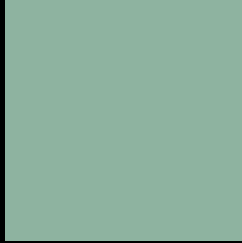
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 17.338, 161.161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

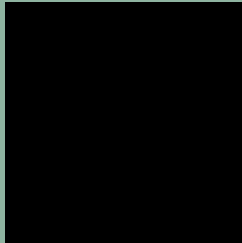
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 17.338, 161.161

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 17.338, 161.161.

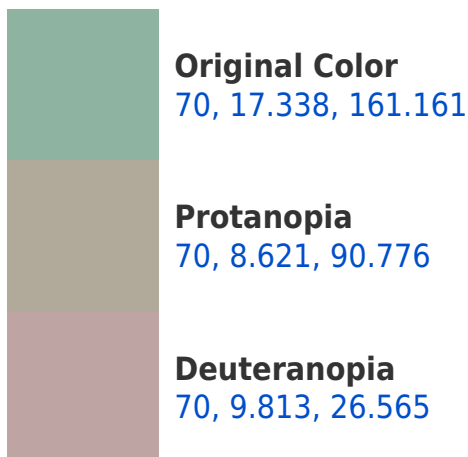


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 17.338, 161.161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

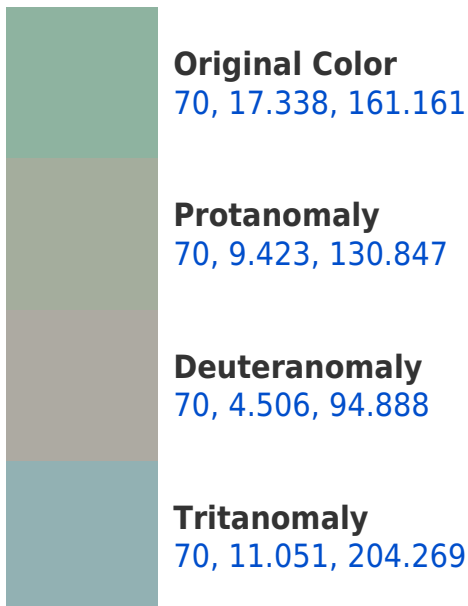
Dichromacy



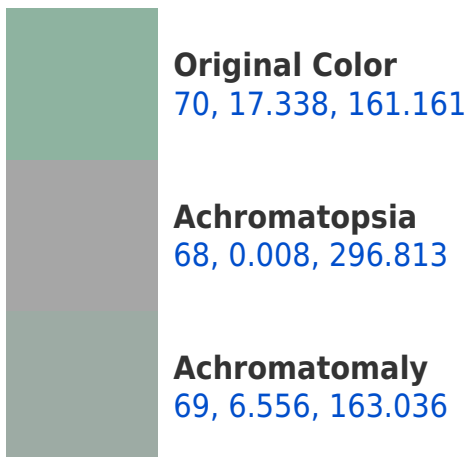


Tritanopia
70, 11.931, 239.019

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 17.338, 161.161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 179, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 179, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 179, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 179, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 17.338, 161.161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 179, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 179, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 179, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 179, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 179, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 179,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 17.338, 161.161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 179, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
179, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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