

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 18.066, 4.678)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 18.066, 4.678) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(70, 17.734, 5.108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CCA0A9
RGB	204, 160, 169
RGB Percent	80%, 63%, 66%
CMY	0.2007, 0.3732, 0.3379
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.17, 0.20
HSL	348°, 30%, 71%
HSV	348°, 22%, 80%
XYZ	44.5358, 40.7494, 42.9668
YIQ	174.1820, 23.3350, 12.1270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

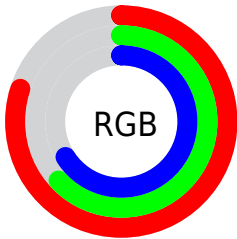
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">204, 160, 169</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13410473</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.00, 17.66, 1.58</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 17.734, 5.108</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.7494, 0.3473, 0.3177</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291600553 (0xFFCCA0A9)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">174.1820, -2.5547, 26.1504</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.8353, 12.8219, 4.7772</a>

# Details

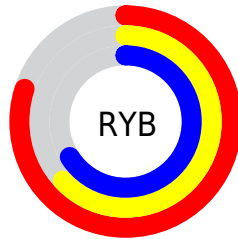
The CIELCh color  $70, 17.734, 5.108$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $79, 16.269, 180.962$ , and the grayscale version is  $71, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90, 15.350, 2.902$ , and  $50, 17.795, 4.681$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65, 26.521, 6.477$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75, 9.282, 3.956$ .

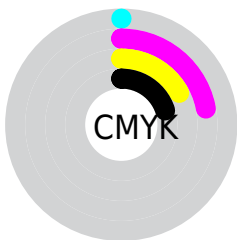
# Distribution



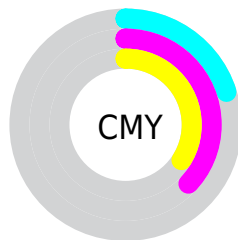
- Red (80%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 17.734, 5.108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 17.734, 5.108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 17.734, 5.108       70, 17.734, 5.108

 100, 17.734, 5.108       60, 17.734, 5.108

 90, 17.734, 5.108       50, 17.734, 5.108

 40, 17.734, 5.108

 30, 17.734, 5.108

 20, 17.734, 5.108

 10, 17.734, 5.108

 0, 17.734, 5.108

 70, 17.734, 5.108       70, 17.734, 5.108

 65, 26.521, 6.477       75, 9.282, 3.956

60, 35.517, 8.137

81, 1.237, 2.633

55, 44.496, 10.197

87, 6.383, 182.302

51, 53.148, 12.794

93, 13.588,  
181.532

48, 61.119, 16.081

97, 17.356,  
189.631

45, 68.120, 20.188

44, 74.066, 25.111

97, 16.929,  
198.382

43, 78.535, 29.512

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 17.734, 5.108



79, 16.269, 180.962

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 17.734, 5.108



70, 17.734, 55.108



70, 17.734, 185.108



70, 17.734, 235.108

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 17.732, 5.113



96, 5.686, 3.357



70, 27.131, 319.250



51, 3.778, 3.431



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 17.732, 5.113



83, 25.903, 5.731



73, 14.271, 48.301



40, 4.524, 3.719



34, 66.842, 28.624



4, 18.227, 9.441





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 17.732, 5.113



83, 25.903, 5.731



76, 12.548, 231.258



40, 4.524, 3.719



34, 66.842, 28.624

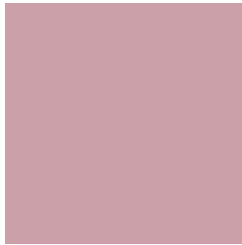


4, 18.227, 9.441



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 17.734, 5.108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

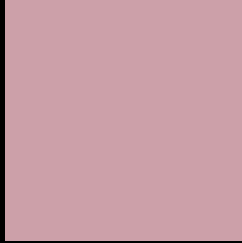
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 17.734, 5.108 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 17.734, 5.108

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 17.734, 5.108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 17.734, 5.108.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 17.734, 5.108

### Protanopia

70, 2.979, 312.554

### Deuteranopia

70, 8.933, 13.166



**Tritanopia**  
70, 18.694, 359.008



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 17.734, 5.108

**Protanomaly**  
70, 7.853, 350.938

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 11.805, 9.847

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 18.531, 0.594

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 17.734, 5.108

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
71, 6.319, 4.924

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 17.734, 5.108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 160, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 160, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 160, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 160, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 17.734, 5.108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 160, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 160, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 160, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 160, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 160, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 160,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 17.734, 5.108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 160, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
160, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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